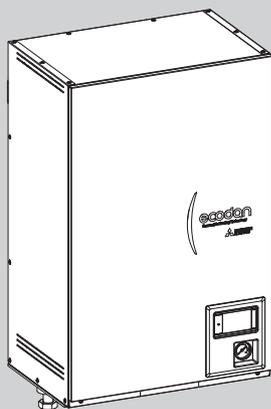


SERVICE MANUAL

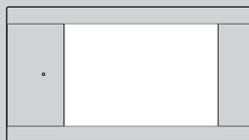
[Model Name]
ERSF-NM6E

[Service Ref.]
ERSF-NM6E-U1

Note:
•This manual describes
service data of
Hydrobox only.



HYDROBOX



MAIN REMOTE
CONTROLLER

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PARTS CATALOG (OCB892)

OUTDOOR UNIT'S SERVICE MANUAL

Service Ref.		Service Manual No.
Split model	WUZ-SA24NMZ-U1 WUZ-SA36NMZ-U1 WUZ-SA48NMZ-U1	OCH889 OCB889

Please read the following safety precautions carefully.

⚠ WARNING:
Precautions that must be observed to prevent injuries or death.

⚠ CAUTION:
Precautions that must be observed to prevent damage to unit.

This installation manual along with the operation manual should be left with the product after installation for future reference. Mitsubishi Electric is not responsible for the failure of locally-supplied parts.

- Be sure to perform periodical maintenance.
- Be sure to follow your local regulations.
- Be sure to follow the instructions provided in this manual.

MEANINGS OF SYMBOLS DISPLAYED ON THE UNIT

		WARNING (Risk of fire)	This mark is for R32 refrigerant only. Refrigerant type is written on nameplate of outdoor unit. In case that refrigerant type is R32, this unit uses a flammable refrigerant. If refrigerant leaks and comes in contact with fire or heating part, it will create harmful gas and there is risk of fire.
	Read the OPERATION MANUAL carefully before operation.		
	Service personnel are required to carefully read the OPERATION MANUAL and INSTALLATION MANUAL before operation.		
	Further information is available in the OPERATION MANUAL, INSTALLATION MANUAL, and the likes.		

⚠ ⚠ WARNING

Mechanical

- The hydrobox and outdoor units must not be installed, disassembled, relocated, altered or repaired by the user. Ask an authorised installer or technician. If the unit is installed improperly or modified after installation, water leakage, electric shock or fire may result.
- The outdoor unit should be securely fixed to a hard level surface capable of bearing its weight.
- The hydrobox should be positioned on a hard vertical surface capable of supporting its filled weight to prevent excessive sound or vibration.
- Do not position furniture or electrical appliances below or above the outdoor unit or hydrobox.
- The discharge pipework from the emergency/safety devices of the hydrobox should be installed according to local law.
- Only use accessories and replacement parts authorised by Mitsubishi Electric. Ask a qualified technician to fit the parts.

Electrical

- All electrical work should be performed by a qualified technician according to local regulations and the instructions given in this manual.
- The units must be powered by a dedicated power supply and the correct voltage and circuit breakers must be used.
- Wiring should be in accordance with national wiring regulations. Connections must be made securely and without tension on the terminals.
- Earth unit correctly.

General

- Keep children and pets away from both the hydrobox and outdoor units.
- Do not use the hot water produced by the heat pump directly for drinking or cooking. This could cause illness to the user.
This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- Do not stand on the units.
- Do not touch switches with wet hands.
- Annual maintenance checks on both the hydrobox and the outdoor unit should be conducted by a qualified person.
- Do not place containers with liquids on top of the hydrobox. If they leak or spill onto the hydrobox, damage to the unit and/or fire could occur.
- Do not place any heavy items on top of the hydrobox.
- When installing, relocating, or servicing the hydrobox, use only the heat pump's specified refrigerant to charge the refrigerant lines. Do not mix it with any other refrigerant and do not allow air to remain in the lines. If air is mixed with the refrigerant, then it can be the cause of abnormal high pressure in the refrigerant line, and may result in an explosion and other hazards.
The use of any refrigerant other than that specified for the system will cause mechanical failure or system malfunction or unit breakdown. In the worst case, this could lead to a serious impediment to securing product safety.
- In heating mode, to avoid the heat emitters being damaged by excessively hot water, set the target flow temperature to a minimum of 36°F (2°C) below the maximum allowable temperature of all the heat emitters. For Zone 2, set the target flow temperature to a minimum of 41°F (5°C) below the maximum allowable flow temperature of all the heat emitters.
- Do not install the unit where combustible gas may leak, be produced, flow, or accumulate. If combustible gas accumulates around the unit, fire or explosion may result.
- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- Do not pierce or burn.

 **WARNING**

Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.
Pipe-work including piping material, pipe routing, and installation shall include protection from physical damage in operation and service, and be in compliance with national and local codes and standards, such as ASHRAE 15, ASHRAE 15.2, IAPMO Uniform Mechanical Code, ICC International Mechanical Code, or CSA 852.
Do not remove the red label near the pipe connection part.
The installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum.
All field joints shall be accessible for inspection prior to being covered or enclosed.
Compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
Do not use low temperature solder alloy in case of brazing the refrigerant pipes.
Refrigerant leakage may cause suffocation. Provide ventilation in accordance with local code.
Be sure to wrap insulation around the piping. Direct contact with the bare piping may result in burns or frostbite.
When disposal of equipment using flammable refrigerants, see national regulations. Notification of refrigerant discharge shall be provided in accordance with the International Fire Code.

 **CAUTION**

Use clean water that meets local quality standards on the primary circuit.
The outdoor unit should be installed in an area with sufficient airflow according to the diagrams in the outdoor unit installation manual.
The hydrobox should be located inside to minimise heat loss.
Water pipe-runs on the primary circuit between outdoor and indoor unit should be kept to a minimum to reduce heat loss.
Ensure condensate from outdoor unit is piped away from the base to avoid puddles of water.
Remove as much air as possible from water circuit.
Never put batteries in your mouth for any reason to avoid accidental ingestion.
Battery ingestion may cause choking and/or poisoning.
If power to the hydrobox is to be turned off (or system switched off) for a long time, the water of DHW tank should be drained.
Do not drain the water in the primary circuit and do not turn off the power.
Preventative measures should be taken against water hammer, such as installing a Water Hammer Arrestor on the primary water circuit, as directed by the manufacturer.
In order to prevent condensation on emitters, adjust flow temperature appropriately and also set the lower limit of the flow temperature on site.
Before performing field piping, be sure to fit and tighten these two screws. Otherwise, the hook could be disengaged, and the unit could fall down.
This appliance incorporates an earth connection for functional purposes only.

As for the handling of refrigerant, refer to the outdoor unit installation manual.

[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) If moisture or foreign matter might have entered the refrigerant piping during service, ensure to remove them.
- (5) Please refer to the outdoor unit manual.

3

SPECIFICATIONS

Model name				ERSF-NM6E	
Unit dimensions [Height × Width × Depth]			in. (mm)	31 1/2 × 20 55/64 × 14 11/64 (800 × 530 × 360)	
Water volume of heating circuit in the unit *1			gal (L)	1.4 (5.3)	
Unvented expansion vessel (Primary heating)	Nominal volume		gal (L)	3.2 (12)	
	Charge pressure		psi (MPa)	14.5 (0.1) [1 bar]	
Safety device	Primary circuit	Control thermistor	°F (°C)	34 - 176 (1 - 80)	
		Pressure relief valve *9	psi (MPa)	43.5 (0.3) [3 bar]	
		Flow sensor	GPM (L/min)	Min. flow 1.3 (5.0), See table 10.6.1 about water flow rate range.	
	Booster heater	BH manual reset thermostat	°F (°C)	194 (90)	
BH thermal cut-out		°F (°C)	250 (121)		
Connections	Water	Primary circuit		NPT1 nut	
	Refrigerant	Liquid	in. (mm)	ø1/4 (ø6.35)	
		Gas	in. (mm)	ø5/8 (ø15.88)	
Operating range	Heating	Room temperature	°F (°C)	50 - 87 (10 - 30)	
		Flow temperature *4, *5	°F (°C)	68 - 158 (20 - 70)	
	Cooling	Room temperature	°F (°C)	-	
		Flow temperature	°F (°C)	41 - 77 (5 - 25)	
Guaranteed operating range *2	Ambient	Temperature	°F (°C)	32 - 95 (0 - 35)	
		Humidity	%RH	≤ 78%RH at 81°F (27°C) *6	
	Outdoor temperature	Heating	°F (°C)	See outdoor unit spec table.	
		Cooling	°F (°C)	*3	
Electrical data	Control board	Power supply (Phase, voltage, frequency)		~, 208/230 V, 60 Hz	
		Input	kW	0.30	
		Current	A	1.76 (208 V) / 1.95 (230 V)	
		Breaker	A	15 *8	
	Booster heater	Power supply (Phase, voltage, frequency)		~, 208/230 V, 60 Hz	
		Capacity	kW	4.9 (208 V) / 6.0 (230 V)	
		Current	A	23.5 (208 V) / 26.0 (230 V)	
		Breaker	A	35	
Sound power level (PWL) *7			dB(A)	48	
Sound pressure level (SPL) (3.3 ft [1 m])			dB(A)	34	

<Table 3.1>

*1 Excluding the expansion vessel and piping to expansion vessel.

*2 The environment must be frost-free.

*3 See outdoor unit spec table. Minimum temperature is 50°F (10°C).
Cooling mode is not available in low outdoor temperature.

If you use our system in cooling mode at the low ambient temperature of 50°F (10°C) or below, there are some risks of plate heat exchanger damages by frozen water.

*4 Maximum temperature of ERSF model depending on the connected outdoor unit. WUZ: 158°F (70°C).

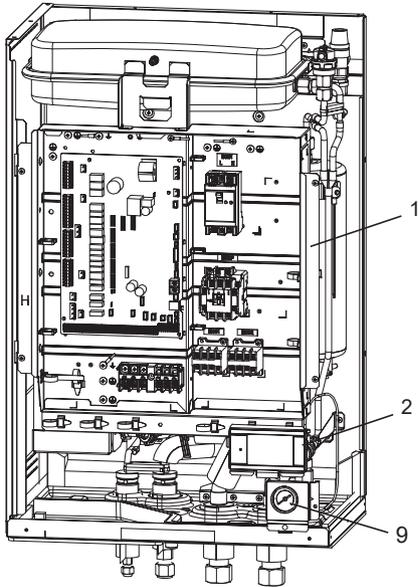
*5 For more details, refer to the installation manual of outdoor unit.

*6 When the unit is operated in the condition with the humidity exceeding 78%, dew condensation may be produced from the indoor unit.

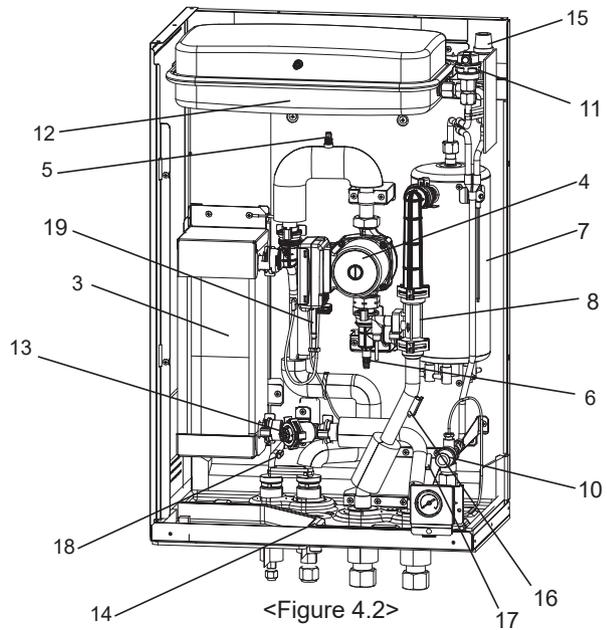
*7 The sound power level is measured in accordance with ISO 3744.

*8 The breaker for the control board is required only during the indoor unit only operation (without the outdoor unit operation.) Refer to "5.5 Indoor Unit Only Operation" on the paper-based manual for the detailed installation instruction.

*9 The maximum water or brine operating pressure of the primary circuit is equal to the set pressure of the pressure relief valve.



<Figure 4.1>



<Figure 4.2>

No.	Part name
1	Control and electrical box
2	Main remote controller
3	Plate heat exchanger (Refrigerant - Water)
4	Water circulation pump 1
5	Air vent (manual)
6	Drain cock (Primary circuit)
7	Booster heater
8	Flow sensor
9	Manometer
10	Pressure relief valve 43.5 psi (3 bar)
11	Automatic air vent
12	Expansion vessel
13	Magnetic filter
14	Drain pan
15	Pressure relief valve 72.5 psi (5 bar)
16	THW1 (Flow water temp.)
17	THW2 (Return water temp.)
18	TH2 (Ref. liquid temp.)
19	Pressure sensor

<Table 4.1>

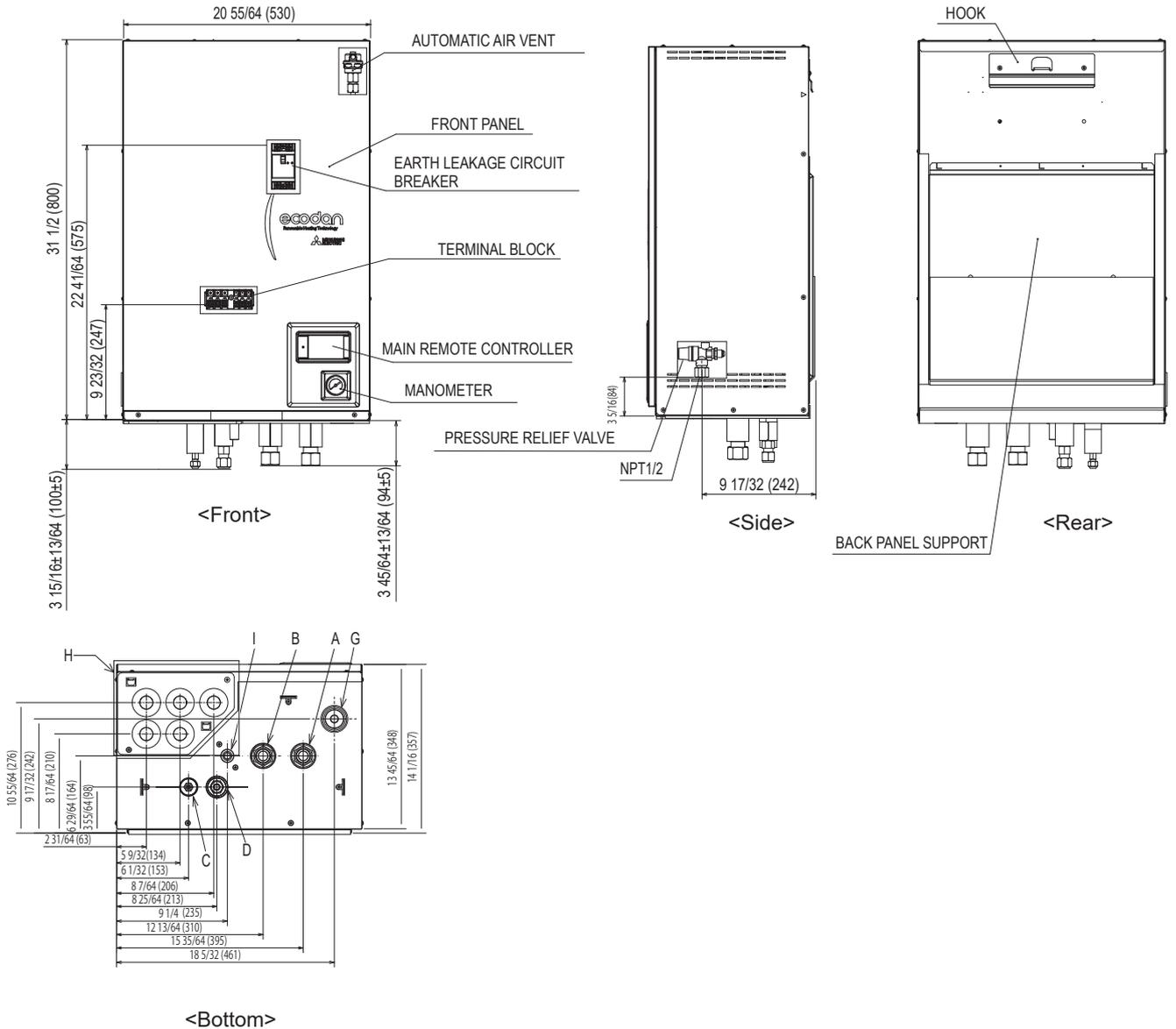
For installation, make sure to install a suitably sized primary-side expansion vessel. (See Figure 8.2 for further guidance)

5

OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

5-1. Technical Drawings

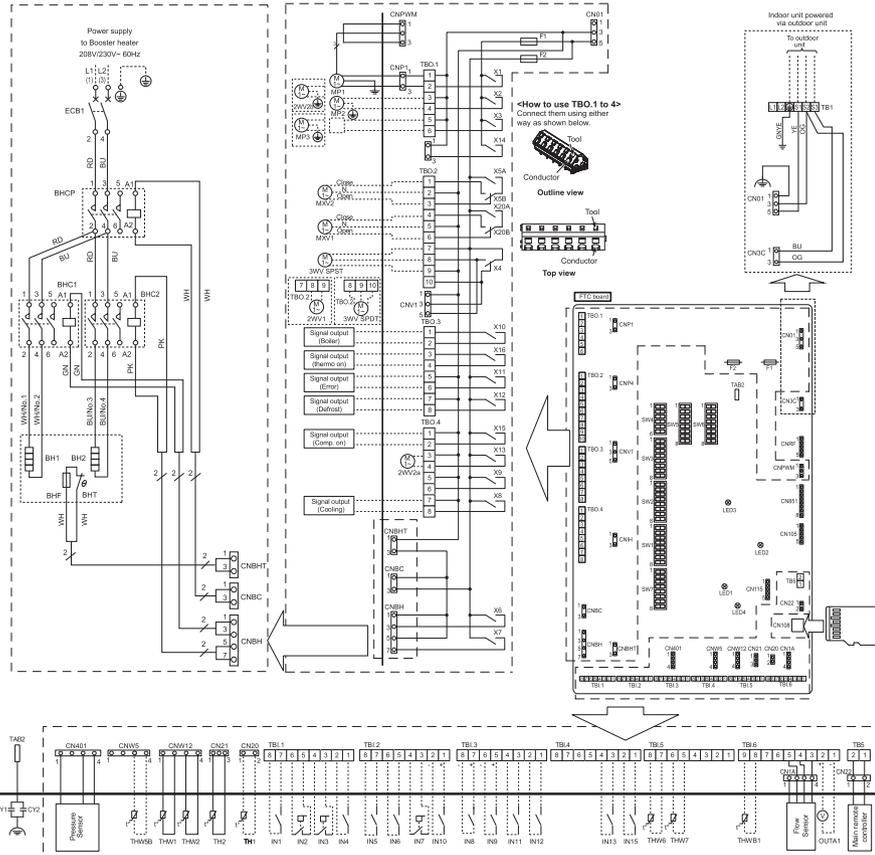
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Letter	Pipe description	Connection size/type	
A	Space heating/Indirect DHW tank (primary) RETURN connection	NPT1	
B	Space heating/Indirect DHW tank (primary) FLOW connection	NPT1	
C	Refrigerant (Liquid)	1/4 in. (6.35 mm)/Flare	Warning • Refrigerant pipes connection shall be accessible for maintenance purposes. • In case of reconnecting the refrigerant pipes after detaching, make the flared part of pipe re-fabricated.
D	Refrigerant (Gas)	5/8 in. (15.88 mm)/Flare	
G	Discharge pipe (by installer) from pressure relief valve	NPT1/2 (valve port within hydrobox casing)	
H	Electrical cable inlets ① ② ⑤ ③ ④	For inlets ①, ②, and ③ run high-voltage wires including power cable, indoor-outdoor cable and external output wires. For inlet ④, run low-voltage wires including external input wires and thermistor wires.	
I	Drain socket	Outside diameter: 25/32 in. (20 mm)	

<Table 5.1>

6-1. ERSF-NM6E



LEGEND

Symbol	Name
TB1	Terminal block <Power supply, Outdoor unit>
ECB1	Earth leakage circuit breaker for booster heater
MP1	Water circulation pump 1(Space heating and DHW)
MP2	Water circulation pump 2 (Space heating for Zone1)(Local supply)
MP3	Water circulation pump 3 (Space heating for Zone2)(Local supply)
SW1(ZWV1)	3-way valve (2-way valve 1)(Local supply)
ZWV2a	2-way valve (For Zone 1)(Local supply)
ZWV2b	2-way valve (For Zone 2)(Local supply)
MXV1	Mixing valve 1(For Zone1)(Local supply)
MXV2	Mixing valve 2(For Zone2)(Local supply)
BHT	Thermostat for booster heater
BHF	Thermal fuse for booster heater
BH1	Booster heater 1
BH2	Booster heater 2
BHC1	Contactor for booster heater 1
BHC2	Contactor for booster heater 2
BHCP	Contactor for booster heater protection
TH1	Thermistor (Room temp.)(Option)
TH2	Thermistor (Ref. liquid temp.)
THW1	Thermistor (Flow water temp.)
THW2	Thermistor (Return water temp.)
THWSB	Thermistor (DHW tank water temp.)
THW6	Thermistor (Zone1 flow temp.)
THW7	Thermistor (Zone1 return temp.)
THWB1	Thermistor (Boiler flow temp.)
IN1	Room thermostat 1 (Local supply)
IN2	Flow switch 1 (Local supply)
IN3	Flow switch 2 (Local supply)
IN4	Demand control (Local supply)
IN5	Outdoor thermostat (Local supply)
IN6	Room thermostat 2 (Local supply)
IN7	Flow switch 3 (Local supply)
IN8	Electric energy meter 1 (Local supply)
IN9	Electric energy meter 2 (Local supply)
IN10	Heat meter (Local supply)
IN11	—
IN12	—
IN13	Forced cooling mode (Local supply)
IN15	Cooling limit temp. (Local supply)
INA1	Flow sensor
FLOW TEMP. CONTROLLER (FTC)	
TBO.1-4	Terminal block <Outputs>
TB1.1-6	Terminal block <Signal Inputs, Thermistor>
F1	Fuse (T10A,250V)
F2	Fuse (T6.3A,250V)
SW1-7	DIP switch *See Table 3
X1-20	Relay
LED1	Power supply (FTC)
LED2	Power supply (Main remote controller)
LED3	Communication (FTC-Outdoor unit)
LED4	Reading or writing data to microSD card
CNPWM	Pump speed control signal for MP1
CN108	microSD card connector

1. Symbols used in wiring diagram are, : connector, : terminal block.
2. Indoor unit and outdoor unit connecting wires have polarities, make sure to match terminal numbers (S1, S2, S3) for correct wirings.
3. Since the outdoor unit side electric wiring may change, be sure to check the outdoor unit electric wiring diagram for service.

Table 1 Signal Inputs

Name	Terminal block	Connector	Item	OFF (Open)	ON (Short)	Name	Terminal block	Connector	Item	OFF (Open)	ON (Short)
IN1	TB1.1 7-8	—	Room thermostat 1 input *1	Refer to SW2-1 in <Table 3 DIP Switch Functions>	—	IN8	TB1.3 7-8	—	Electric energy meter 1	—	—
IN2	TB1.1 5-6	—	Flow switch 1 input	Refer to SW2-2 in <Table 3 DIP Switch Functions>	—	IN9	TB1.3 5-6	—	Electric energy meter 2	Refer to installation manual.	—
IN3	TB1.1 3-4	—	Flow switch 2 input (Zone1)	Refer to SW3-2 in <Table 3 DIP Switch Functions>	—	IN10	TB1.2 1-2	—	Heat meter	—	—
IN4	TB1.1 1-2	—	Demand control input	Normal	Heat source OFF/Boiler operation *3	IN11	TB1.3 3-4	—	—	—	—
IN5	TB1.2 7-8	—	Outdoor thermostat input *2	Standard operation	Heater operation/Boiler operation *3	IN12	TB1.3 1-2	—	—	—	—
IN6	TB1.2 5-6	—	Room thermostat 2 input *1	Refer to SW3-1 in <Table 3 DIP Switch Functions>	—	IN13	TB1.4 3-4	—	Forced cooling mode	Refer to SW7-2 in <Table 3 DIP Switch Functions>	—
IN7	TB1.2 3-4	—	Flow switch 3 input (Zone2)	Refer to SW3-2 in <Table 3 DIP Switch Functions>	—	IN15	TB1.4 1-2	—	Cooling limit temp.	Refer to SW7-3 in <Table 3 DIP Switch Functions>	—
INA1	TB1.6 3-5	CN1A	Flow sensor	—	—						

- *1. Set the ON/OFF cycle time of the room thermostat for 10 minutes or more; otherwise the compressor may be damaged.
- *2. If using outdoor thermostat for controlling operation of heaters, the lifetime of the heaters and related parts may be reduced.
- *3. To turn on the boiler operation, use the main remote controller to select "Boiler" in "External input setting" screen in the service menu.

Table 2 Outputs

Name	Terminal block	Connector	Item	OFF	ON	Name	Terminal block	Connector	Item	OFF	ON
OUT1	TBO.1 1-2	CNP1	—	OFF	ON	OUT7	—	D1B1-5-7	Booster heater 2 output	OFF	ON
OUT2	TBO.1 3-4	—	Water circulation pump 2 output (Space heating/cooling for Zone1)	OFF	ON	OUT8	TBO.4 7-8	—	Cooling signal output	OFF	ON
OUT3	TBO.1 5-6	—	Water circulation pump 3 output (Space heating/cooling for Zone2) *1	OFF	ON	OUT9	TBO.4 5-6	—	—	—	—
OUT4	TBO.2 8-10	CNV1	3-way valve SPDT output	Heating	DHW	OUT10	TBO.3 1-2	—	Boiler output	Normal	Error
OUT5	TBO.2 1-2	—	2-way valve 2b output *2	—	—	OUT11	TBO.3 5-6	—	Error output	Normal	Error
OUT6	TBO.2 2-3	CN51	3-way valve output	—	—	OUT12	TBO.3 7-8	—	Defrost output	Normal	Defrost
OUT7	—	—	3-way valve SPST (2-way valve 1) output	—	—	OUT13	TBO.4 3-4	—	2-way valve 2a output *2	OFF	ON
OUT8	—	—	Zone 2 mixing valve output *1	Stop	Close	OUT14	TBO.4 1-2	CNP4	Comp. ON signal	OFF	ON
OUT9	—	—	Booster heater 1 output	OFF	ON	OUT15	TBO.4 1-2	—	Comp. ON signal	OFF	ON
OUT10	—	—	—	—	—	OUT16	TBO.3 3-4	—	Heating/Cooling thermostat ON signal	OFF	ON
OUT11	—	—	—	—	—	OUT17	TBO.2 4-5	—	Zone 1 mixing valve output *1	Stop	Close
OUT12	—	—	—	—	—	OUT18	TBO.2 5-6	—	—	Stop	Open
OUT13	—	—	—	—	—	OUTA1	TB1.6 1-2	—	Analog output	0V-10V	—

- *1. Set the terminals that are indicated as "-" in the "Terminal block" field.
- *2. For 2-zone temperature control.

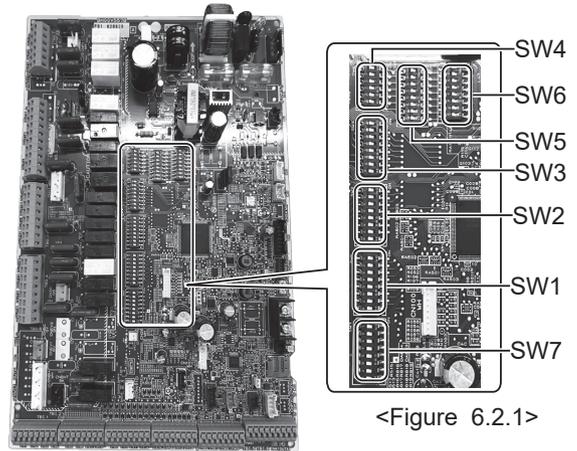
6-2. DIP switch Functions

The DIP switch number is printed on the circuit board next to the relevant switches. The word ON is printed on the circuit board and on the DIP switch block itself. To move the switch you need to use a pin or the corner of a thin metal ruler or similar.

DIP switch settings are listed below in Table 6.2.1.

Only an authorised installer can change DIP switch setting under one's own responsibility according to the installation condition.

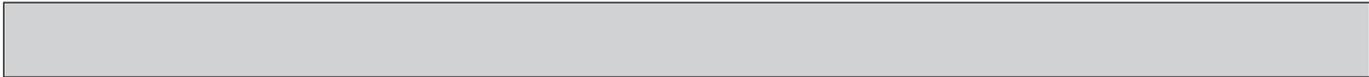
Make sure to turn off both indoor unit and outdoor unit power supplies before changing the switch settings.



<Figure 6.2.1>

DIP switch		Function	OFF	ON	Default settings: Indoor model name
SW1	SW1-1	Boiler	WITHOUT Boiler	WITH Boiler	OFF
	SW1-2	—	—	—	ON
	SW1-3	DHW tank	WITHOUT DHW tank	WITH DHW tank	OFF
	SW1-4	—	—	—	OFF
	SW1-5	Booster heater	WITHOUT Booster heater	WITH Booster heater	ON
	SW1-6	Booster heater function	For heating only	For heating and DHW	ON
	SW1-7	Outdoor unit type	Split type	Packaged type	OFF
	SW1-8	—	—	—	OFF
SW2	SW2-1	Room thermostat1 input (IN1) logic change	Zone 1 operation stop at thermostat short	Zone 1 operation stop at thermostat open	OFF
	SW2-2	Flow switch1 input (IN2) logic change	Failure detection at short	Failure detection at open	OFF
	SW2-3	Booster heater capacity restriction	Inactive	Active	OFF
	SW2-4	Cooling mode function	Inactive	Active	ON
	SW2-5	Automatic switch to backup heat source operation (When outdoor unit stops by error)	Inactive	Active *1	OFF
	SW2-6	Mixing tank	WITHOUT Mixing tank	WITH Mixing tank	OFF
	SW2-7	2-zone temperature control	Inactive	Active *2	OFF
	SW2-8	Flow sensor	WITHOUT Flow sensor	WITH Flow sensor	ON
SW3	SW3-1	Room thermostat 2 (IN6) input logic change	Zone 2 operation stop at thermostat short	Zone 2 operation stop at thermostat open	OFF
	SW3-2	Flow switch 2 and 3 input logic change	Failure detection at short	Failure detection at open	OFF
	SW3-3	—	—	—	OFF
	SW3-4	Electric energy meter	WITHOUT Electric energy meter	WITH Electric energy meter	OFF
	SW3-5	—	—	—	ON
	SW3-6	2-zone valve ON/OFF control	Inactive	Active	OFF
	SW3-7	—	—	—	OFF
	SW3-8	Heat meter	WITHOUT Heat meter	WITH Heat meter	OFF
SW4	SW4-1	—	—	—	OFF
	SW4-2	—	—	—	OFF
	SW4-3	—	—	—	OFF
	SW4-4	Indoor unit only operation (during installation work) *3	Inactive	Active	OFF
	SW4-5	Emergency mode (Heater only operation)	Normal	Emergency mode (Heater only operation)	OFF *4
	SW4-6	Emergency mode (Boiler operation)	Normal	Emergency mode (Boiler operation)	OFF *4
SW5	SW5-1	—	—	—	OFF
	SW5-2	Advanced auto adaptation	Inactive	Active	ON
	SW5-3	—	—	—	OFF
	SW5-4	—	—	—	OFF
	SW5-5	—	—	—	ON
	SW5-6	—	—	—	ON
	SW5-7	—	—	—	OFF
	SW5-8	—	—	—	OFF

<Continued on next page.>



DIP switch		Function	OFF	ON	Default settings: Indoor model name
SW6	SW6-1	—	—	—	OFF
	SW6-2	—	—	—	OFF
	SW6-3	Pressure sensor	Inactive	Active	ON
	SW6-4	Analog output	Inactive	Active	OFF
	SW6-5	—	—	—	OFF
	SW6-6	—	—	—	OFF
	SW6-7	—	—	—	OFF
	SW6-8	—	—	—	ON
SW7	SW7-1	Mixing valve setting	Only Zone 2	Zone 1 and Zone 2	OFF
	SW7-2	Forced cooling mode input (IN13) logic change	Active at short	Active at open	OFF
	SW7-3	Cooling limit temp. input (IN15) logic change	Active at short	Active at open	OFF
	SW7-4	—	—	—	OFF
	SW7-5	—	—	—	OFF
	SW7-6	—	—	—	OFF
	SW7-7	—	—	—	OFF
	SW7-8	—	—	—	OFF

<Table 6.2.1>

- Notes:
- *1. OUT11 will be available. For safety reasons, this function is not available for certain errors. (In that case, system operation must be stopped and only the water circulation pump keeps running.)
 - *2. Active only when SW3-6 is set to OFF.
 - *3. Space heating and DHW can be operated only in indoor unit, like an electric heater.
(Refer to "5.5 Indoor Unit Only Operation" on the paper-based manual for the detailed installation instruction.)
 - *4. If emergency mode is no longer required, return the switch to OFF position.

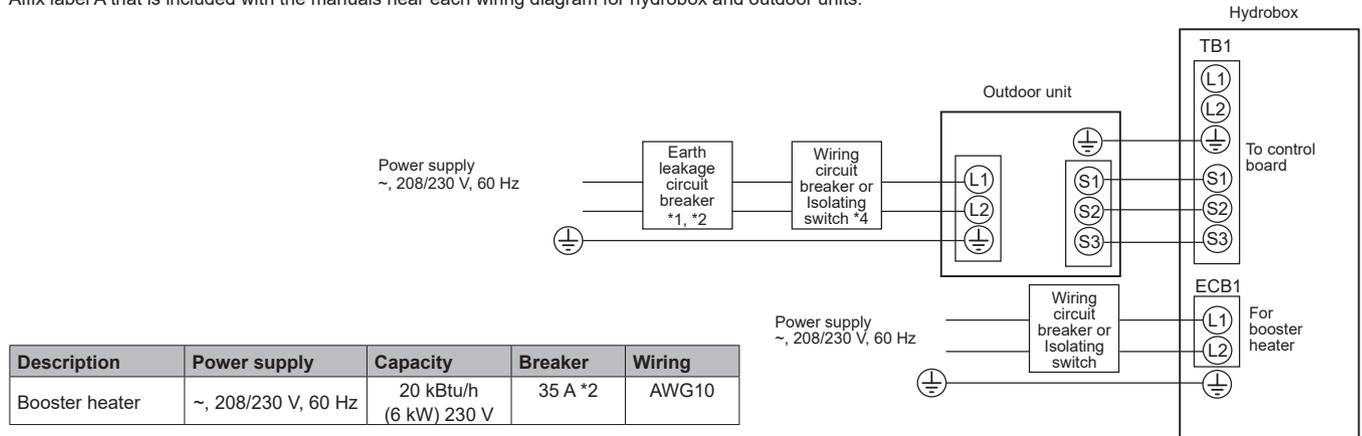
7

FIELD WIRING

Hydrobox powered via outdoor unit

<1 phase>

Affix label A that is included with the manuals near each wiring diagram for hydrobox and outdoor units.



<Figure 7.1>
Electrical connections 1 phase

Wiring No. × size	Hydrobox - Outdoor unit	3 × AWG16 (pollar) *3
	Hydrobox - Outdoor unit earth	1 × AWG16 *3
Circuit rating	Hydrobox - Outdoor unit S1 - S2 *5	208/230 VAC
	Hydrobox - Outdoor unit S2 - S3 *5	24 VDC

- *1. If the installed earth leakage circuit breaker does not have an over-current protection function, install a breaker with that function along the same power supply wire.
- *2. A breaker with at least 1/8 in. (3.0 mm) contact separation in each pole shall be provided. Use earth leakage circuit breaker (NV).
The breaker shall be provided to ensure disconnection of all active phase conductors of the supply.
- *3. If AWG16 used, Max. 148 ft (45 m).
If AWG13 used, Max. 164 ft (50 m)
If AWG13 used and S3 separated, Max. 262 ft (80 m)
- *4. Method for disconnecting an electric hot water supply system from its energy supply (e.g. isolating switch) shall be provided in accordance with National Electrical Code.
- *5. The values given in the table above are not always measured against the ground value.

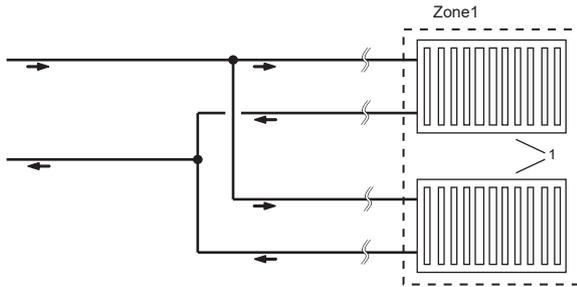
- Notes:**
1. Field-installed wiring size, length, and installation comply with the applicable local and National Electrical Code.
Field-installed power supply cables (including a grounding conductor as specified by the National Electrical Code) shall extend at least 6 in. (152 mm) beyond the end of the flexible conduit.
 2. Install an earth line longer than power cables.
 3. Please keep enough output capacity of power supply for each heater. Insufficient power supply capacity might cause chattering.
 4. Use copper supply wire.

Local system

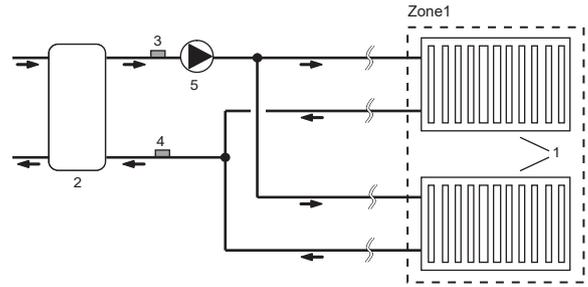
The following diagrams show various patterns of the parts of the local system indicated in the previous page.

Note: When the mixing tank is installed and the return temperature to the indoor unit is 131°F (55°C) or higher, the outdoor unit operation is stopped to prevent the product mechanical damage.

1-zone temperature control



1-zone temperature control & buffer tank (mixing tank)

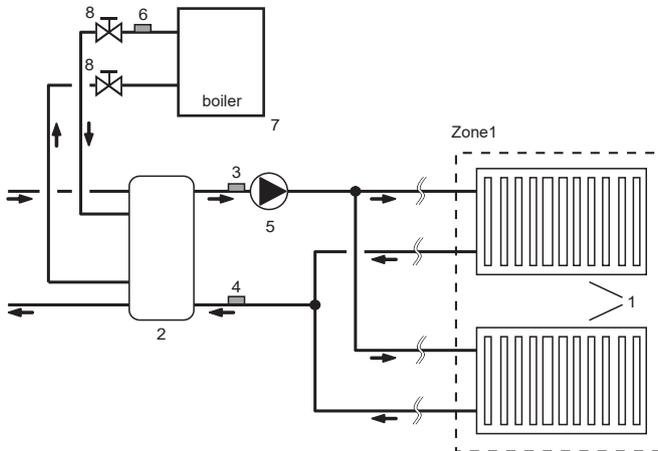


Note:

When installing a pump other than the 230 VAC pump as the water circulation pump (No.5), the terminal block (TBO. 1 3-4) for signal output (OUT2) on the P.C.B. cannot be used. Instead, follow the procedure below.

- Connect the room thermostat input to the terminal block (TBI. 1 7-8) (IN1) on the P.C.B.
- When performing the mixing tank control, set DIP SW 2-6 to ON.

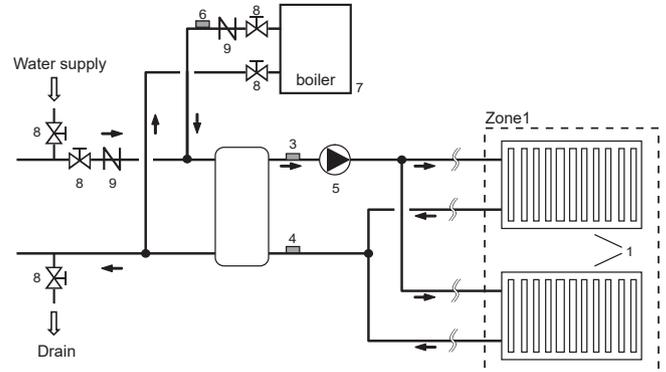
1-zone temperature control with boiler (Option1)



Note:

When installing a pump other than the 230 VAC pump as the water circulation pump (No.5), the terminal block (TBO. 1 3-4) for signal output (OUT2) on the P.C.B. cannot be used. Install and set up the system according to "5.4 Back-up Operation of Boiler"

1-zone temperature control with boiler (Option2)

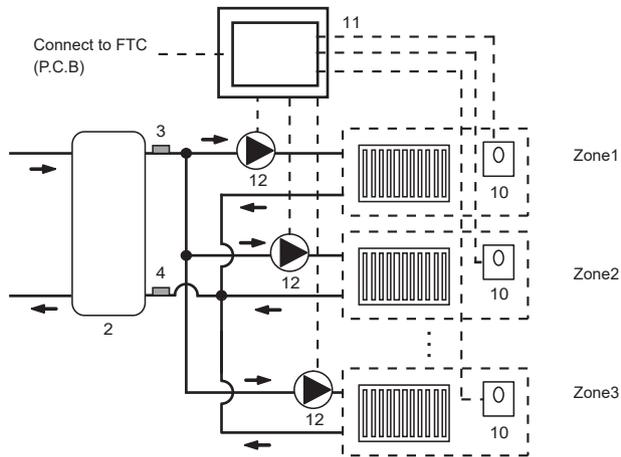


If the number of connection port on the buffer tank (mixing tank) is insufficient, merge the ATW indoor unit outlet and the boiler outlet and let the water flow into the mixing tank. The water flowing back from the mixing tank shall be branched to the ATW indoor unit inlet and the boiler inlet. In this case, make sure to follow the precautions stated below.

Note:

- If the boiler outlet water flows into the indoor unit, it may cause the equipment breakdown. Therefore, install 2 pcs. of reversing valve as shown in the diagram.
- It is difficult to fill the water with the non return valve installed; therefore, install the isolating valve as shown in the diagram.

Multiple Zone Control using External Controller



Note: When applying this system, the external controller is required. Each zone will be controlled by the external controller, not by the indoor unit P.C.B. Follow the precautions stated below.

- Connect each pump to the external controller, not to the indoor unit P.C.B.
- Install the room thermostat to each zone and connect each room thermostat to the external controller.
- The room thermostat input signal to the indoor unit P.C.B. from the external controller shall be connected to the terminal block (TBI.1 7-8)(IN1) on the P.C.B.
- Connecting to the boiler is possible with this system; however, note that the outdoor unit operation will stop when the return temperature to the indoor unit reaches 131°F (55°C) or higher.

1. Zone 1 heat emitters (e.g. radiator, fan coil unit) (local supply)
2. Mixing tank (local supply)
3. Thermistor (Zone 1 flow water temp.) (THW6)
4. Thermistor (Zone 1 return water temp.) (THW7)
5. Zone 1 water circulation pump (local supply)
6. Thermistor (Boiler flow water temp.) (THWB1)

- 7 Boiler (local supply)
- 8 Isolating valve (local supply)
- 9 Non return valve (Check valve for backflow prevention) (local supply)
- 10 Room thermostat (local supply)
- 11 External controller (local supply)
- 12 Water circulation pump (local supply) connected with external controller

■ Sizing Expansion Vessels

Expansion vessel volume must fit the local system water volume. To size an expansion vessel both for the heating and cooling circuits, the following formula and graph can be used.

When the necessary expansion vessel volume exceeds the volume of an built-in expansion vessel, install an additional expansion vessel so that the sum of the volumes of the expansion vessels exceeds the necessary expansion vessel volume.

$$V_{t_s} = \frac{(0.00041T - 0.0466) V_s}{\left(\frac{P_a}{P_f}\right) - \left(\frac{P_a}{P_o}\right)}$$

V_t = Minimum volume of expansion vessel (gal)

V_s = Volume of system, not including expansion vessel (gal)

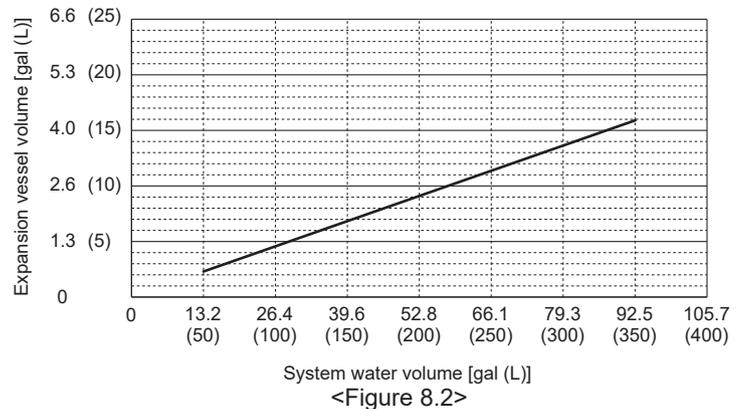
T = Average operating temperature of water circuit system (°F)

P_a = Atmospheric pressure (psi)

P_f = Fill pressure (psi)

P_o = Maximum operating pressure (psi)

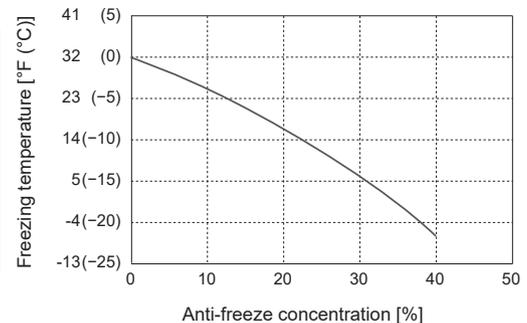
Expansion vessel sizing



■ Filling the System (Primary Circuit)

1. Check and charge expansion vessel.
2. Check all connections including factory fitted ones are tight.
3. Insulate pipework between hydrobox and outdoor unit.
4. Thoroughly clean and flush all debris from the system.
(See section 4.2 for instruction.)
5. Fill hydrobox with potable water. Fill primary heating circuit with water and suitable anti-freeze and inhibitor as necessary. **Always use a filling loop with double check valve when filling the primary circuit to avoid back flow contamination and back siphonage of water supply.**
6. Check for leakages. If leakage is found, retighten the screws onto the connections.
7. Pressurise system to 14.5 psi (1 bar) (Min. water or brine operating pressure).
8. Release all trapped air using air vents during and following heating period.
9. Top up with water as necessary. (If pressure is below 14.5 psi (1 bar)).
10. After removing the air, automatic air vent **MUST** be closed.

- Anti-freeze should always be used for packaged model systems (see section 4.2 for instruction). It is the responsibility of the installer to decide if anti-freeze solution should be used in split model systems depending on each site's conditions. Corrosion inhibitor should be used in both split model and packaged model systems. Figure 4.3.6 shows freezing temperature against anti-freeze concentration. This figure is an example for FERNOX ALPHI-11. For other anti-freeze, please refer to relevant manual.
- When connecting metal pipes of different materials, insulate the joints to prevent a corrosive reaction taking place which will damage the pipework.



Draining the Hydrobox

WARNING: DRAINED WATER MAY BE VERY HOT

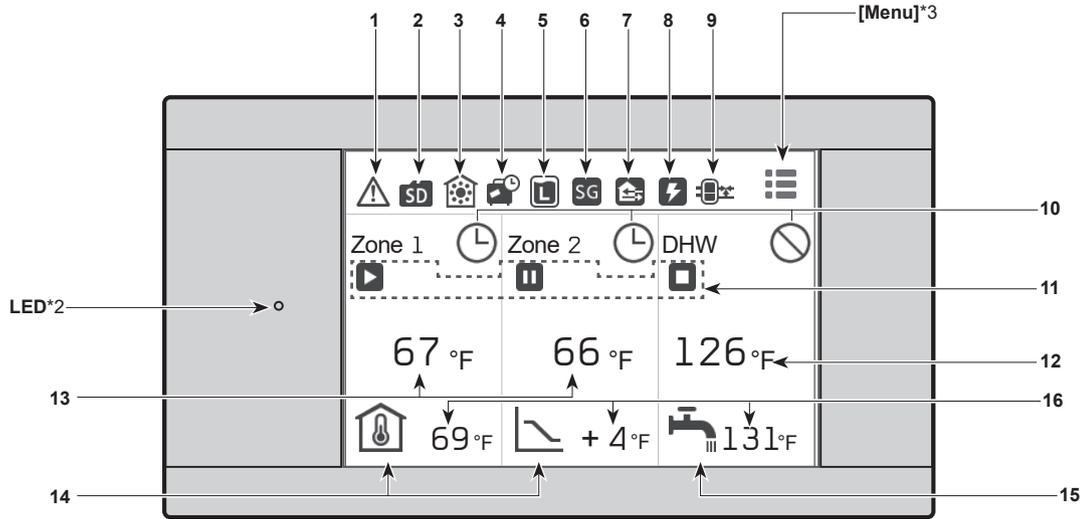
1. Before attempting to drain the hydrobox, isolate from the electrical supply to prevent booster heater burning out.
2. Isolate hydrobox from primary water circuit and drain water from hydrobox. Use a suitable heat resistant hose to assist in these operations.
3. Drain any remaining water from booster heater using fitted drain cock and hose, and the drain valve on the primary circuit to safely drain the unit.
4. After the hydrobox is drained, water remains in the following component parts. Drain water completely by checking the inside of the parts.
 - Strainer (Remove the strainer cover.)
 - Pressure relief valve (Operate the valve.)

9-1. Main remote controller

■ Main remote controller

To change the settings of your heating/cooling system, please use the main remote controller located on the wall or the front panel of the cylinder unit or hydrobox. The following is a guide to viewing the main settings. Should you require more information, please contact your installer or local Mitsubishi Electric dealer. Some functions are not available depending on the system configuration. These functions are grayed out or not shown.

Note: The terms displayed on the remote controller are enclosed in square brackets.



[Home screen] (Full screen*1)

Home screen icons

No.	Icons	Description
1		Alert (for multiple outdoor units control) Touching the menu icon displays error codes.
		Alert Error codes are displayed.
2		SD card is inserted. Normal operation
		SD card is inserted. Abnormal operation
3		Heating mode
		Cooling mode
4		Vacation schedule is activated.
5		Legionella prevention mode is running.
6		Smart grid ready is running.
7		Compressor is running.
		Compressor is running and defrosting.
		Compressor is running and in quiet mode. The sound level is shown at left side of the icon.
		Emergency heating
8		Electric heater is running.

No.	Icons	Description
9		Boiler is running.
		Buffer tank control is running.
10		Schedule
		Prohibited
11		Cloud control
		Operation
		Standby
		This unit is in standby whilst other indoor unit(s) is in operation by priority. Stop
12		Current DHW tank temperature
13		Current flow temperature If the unit is connected to the room temperature thermistor (option) and choose Room temp. mode, the screen shows current room temperature.

No.	Icons	Description
14		Weather compensation curve When the operation stops: Black During heating operation: Orange During cooling operation: Blue
		Auto Adaptation (Target room temperature) When the operation stops: Black During heating operation: Orange
		Flow temperature (Target flow temperature) When the operation stops: Black During heating operation: Orange During cooling operation: Blue
15		DHW icon is displayed when DHW is enabled. When the operation stops: Black During operation: Orange
		Target temperature The settable temperature differs depending on the control logic.

- The screen will turn off when the main remote controller is not operated for a while. Touching any part of the screen turns it on again.
- From [Touch screen] in [Setting], the brightness can be adjusted.
- By selecting [Always on] for [Backlight time] from [Touch screen] in [Setting], the backlight stays lit for 30 seconds and after it dims down.

*1 From [Setting], the screen can be switched to the full screen or the base screen.
The base screen does not display the operation icons and the target temperature.

*2 From [Display] in [Setting], the LED lamp can be turned on/off.

*3 Pressing and holding the menu icon for 3 seconds switches the lock menu to on/off.
Some functions cannot be edited when the lock menu is on.
(The icon changes to when the lock menu is on.)

*4 Auto Adaptation cannot be selected during the cooling mode.

Quick start

When the main remote controller is switched on for the first time, the screen automatically goes to the [Language], [Date/Time], [System configuration], and quick start setting screen in order. On the quick start setting screen, the following items can be set.

Note:

[Electric booster heater use]

This setting restricts the booster heater capacity. It is NOT possible to change the setting after starting up.

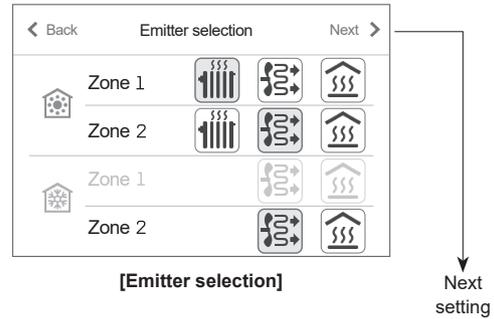
If you do not have any special requirements (such as building regulations) in your country, skip this setting (select [Next]).

Quick start

- [Zone sensor selection]
- [Emitter selection]
- [Control logic]
- [Outdoor design temperature]
- [Zone sensor selection]*1
- [DHW]
- [Flow rate & pump speed]
- [Electric booster heater use]*2

*1 Selection of room sensors for monitoring the room temperature

*2 It cannot be reset, so be careful when you set it.



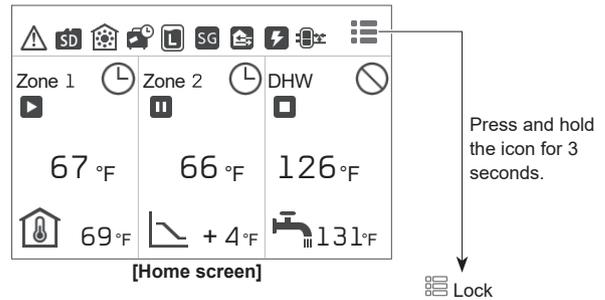
Lock menu

Pressing and holding the menu icon for 3 seconds switches the lock menu to on. (The icon changes to when the lock menu is on.)

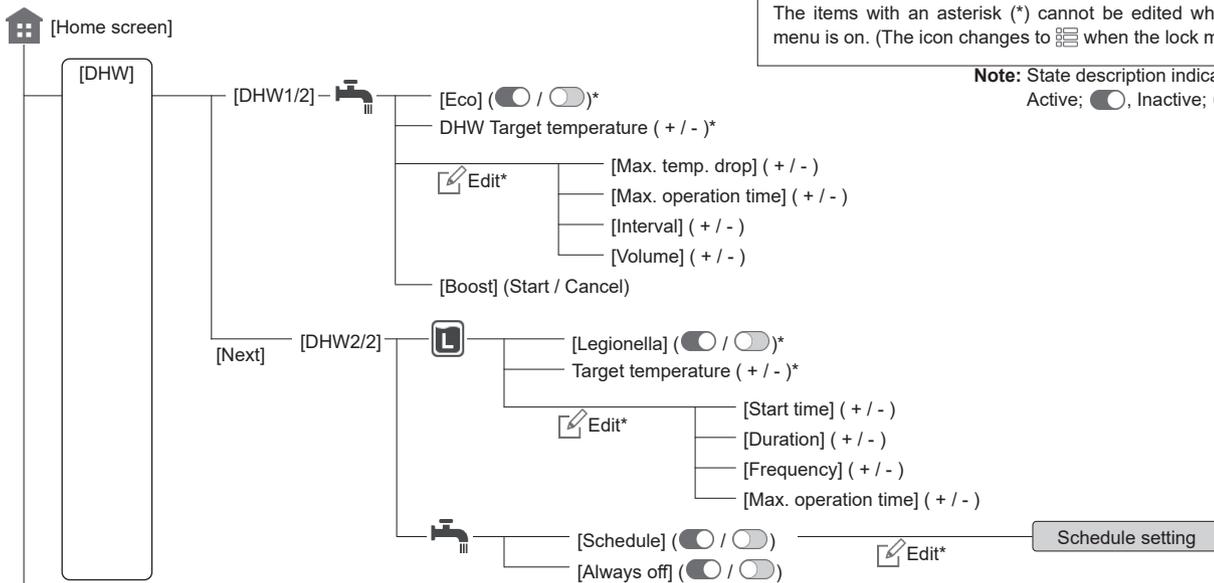
Some functions cannot be edited in this state.

Note: You need a password to edit [Service] even when the lock menu is off.

Refer to the main controller menu tree for details of the items which cannot be edited when the lock menu is on.



<Main remote controller menu tree>



When the system is started up for the first time, the quick start setting screen appears. The items with an asterisk (*) cannot be edited when the lock menu is on. (The icon changes to when the lock menu is on.)

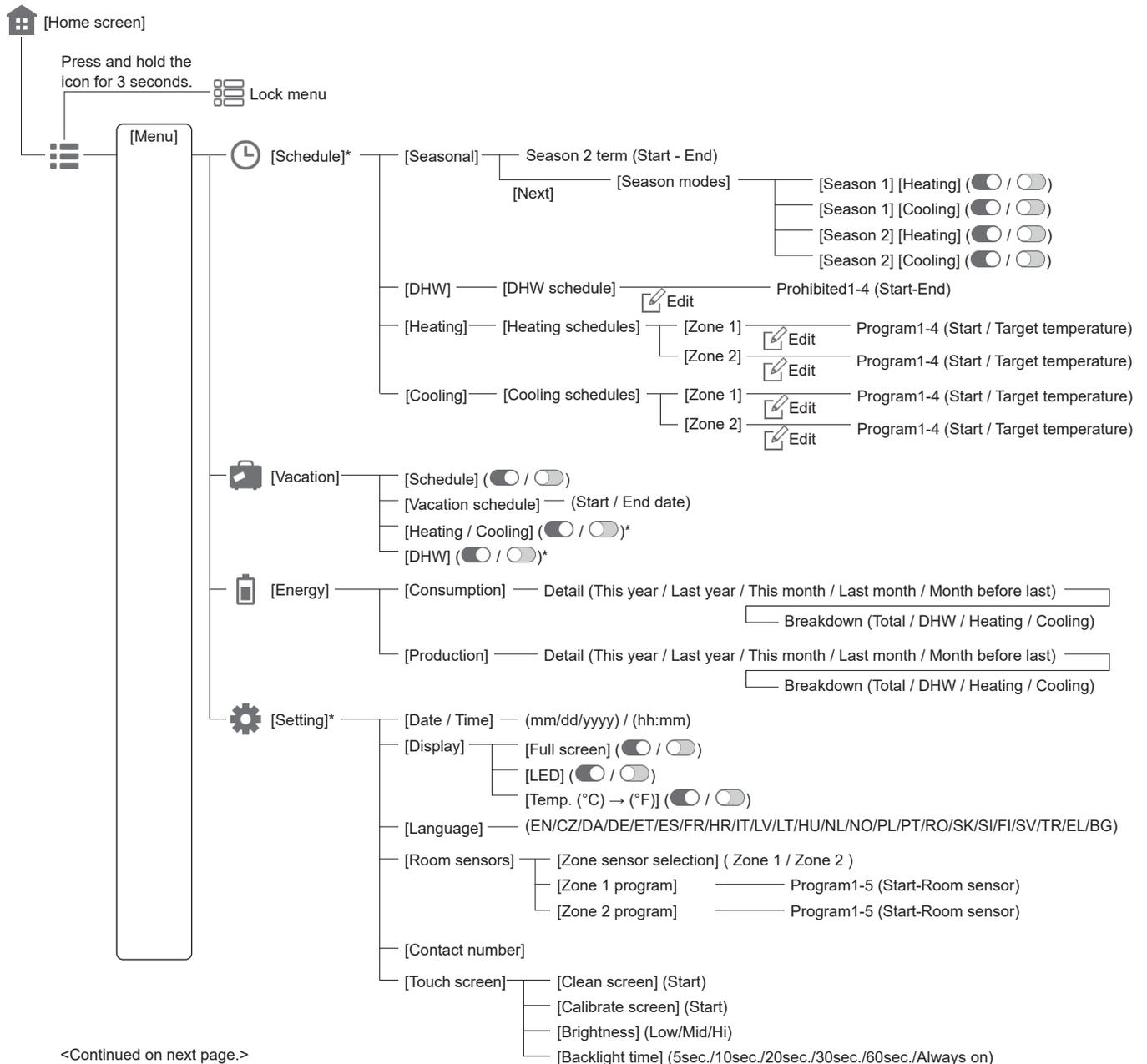
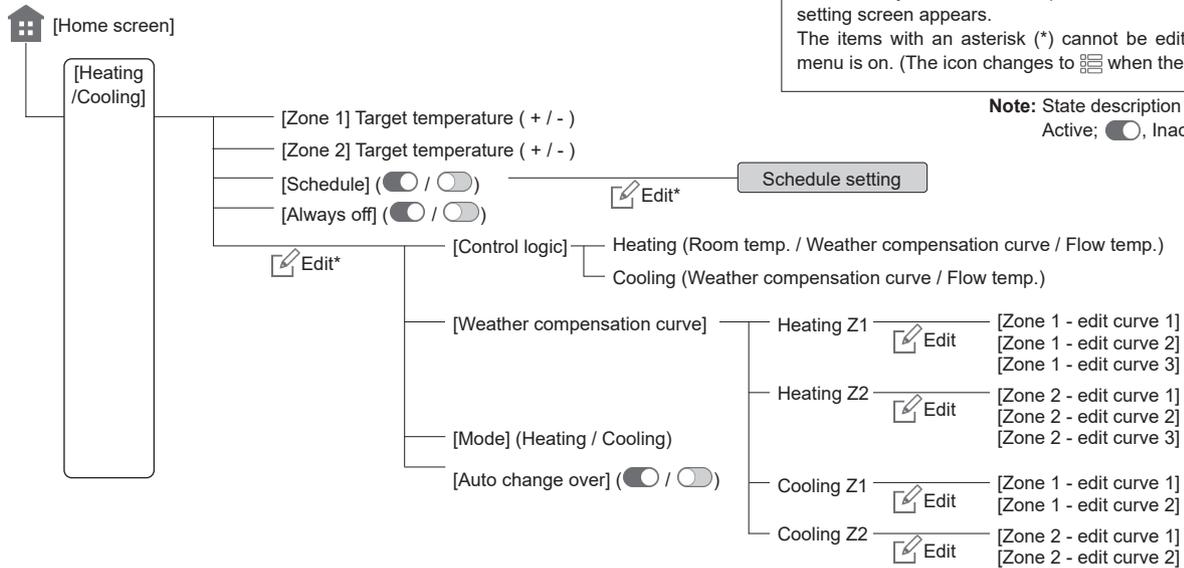
Note: State description indicated by toggle
Active; Inactive;

Continued from the previous page.

<Main remote controller menu tree>

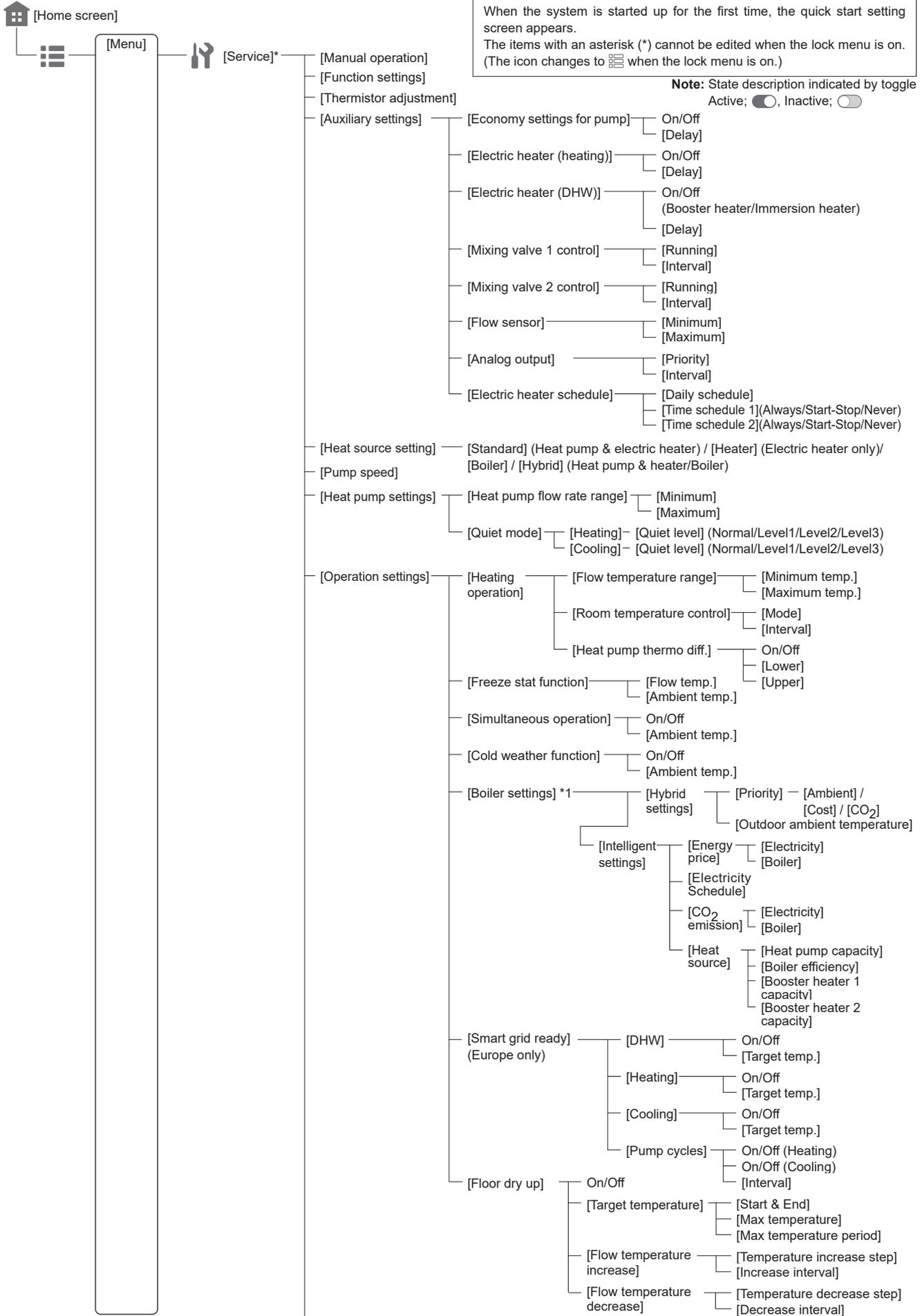
When the system is started up for the first time, the quick start setting screen appears.
The items with an asterisk (*) cannot be edited when the lock menu is on. (The icon changes to  when the lock menu is on.)

Note: State description indicated by toggle
Active: , Inactive: 



<Continued on next page.>

<Main remote controller menu tree>

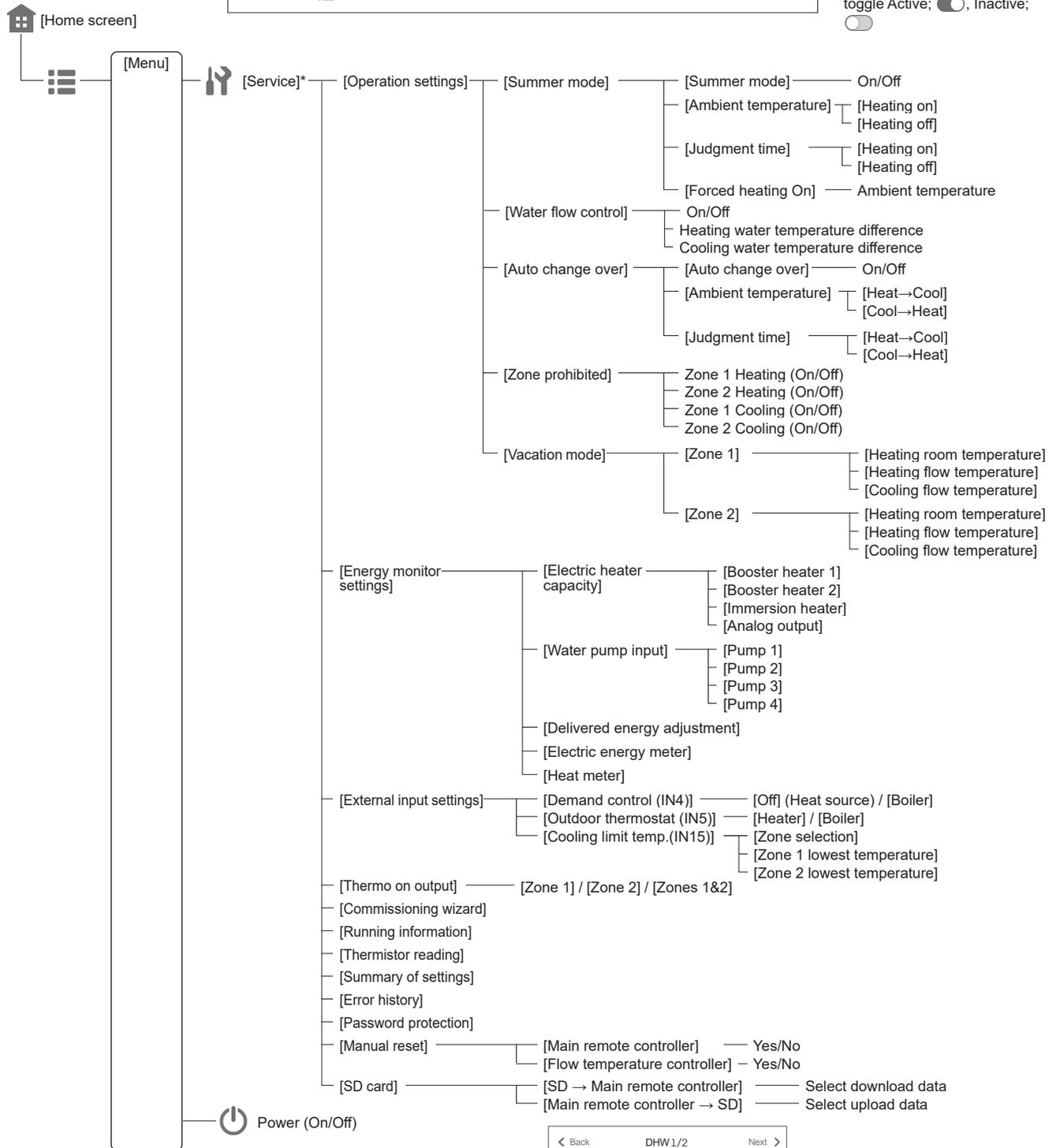


Continued from the previous page.

<Main remote controller menu tree>

When the system is started up for the first time, the quick start setting screen appears. The items with an asterisk (*) cannot be edited when the lock menu is on. (The icon changes to  when the lock menu is on.)

• Note:
State description indicated by toggle Active; , Inactive; 

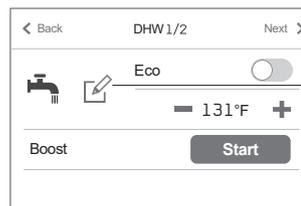


9-2. DHW (Domestic Hot Water) / Legionella Prevention

The DHW and legionella prevention menus control the operation of DHW tank heat ups.

DHW mode settings

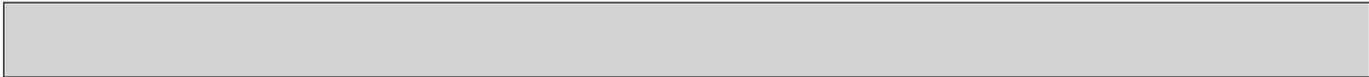
- [DHW]: The Eco mode can be activated/deactivated by the toggle. The target temperature can be adjusted by +/-.
- From the edit icon , [Max. temp. drop], [Max. operation time], [Interval], and [Volume] can be set.



[DHW]



[DHW]



Menu subtitle	Function	Range	Unit	Default value
DHW target temp.	Set temperature of stored hot water	104 - 158 (40 - 70)	°F (°C)	122 (50)
[Max. temp. drop]	Difference in temperature between the DHW maximum temperature and the temperature at which DHW mode restarts	9 - 72 (5 - 40)*1	°F (°C)	18 (10)
[Max. operation time]	Maximum time allowed for stored water heating DHW mode	30 - 120	min.	60
[Interval]	The time period after DHW mode when space heating has priority over DHW mode temporarily preventing further stored water heating (Only when DHW max. operation time has passed.)	30 - 120	min.	30

*1 When the DHW maximum temperature is set over 131°F (55°C), the temperature at which DHW mode restarts must be less than 122°F (50°C) to protect the device.

[Eco]

DHW mode can run in either normal or Eco mode. Normal mode will heat the water in the DHW tank fast using the full power of the heat pump. Eco mode takes a little longer to heat the water in the DHW tank, but the energy used is reduced. This is because heat pump operation is restricted using signals from the FTC based on measured DHW tank temperature.

Note: The actual energy saved in Eco mode will vary according to outdoor ambient temperature.

[Volume]

Select the amount of DHW tank. If you need much hot water, select [Large].

Return to the DHW/legionella prevention menu.

Legionella prevention mode settings (LP mode)

- [Legionella]: It can be activated/deactivated by the toggle.
The target temperature can be changed by +/-.
From the edit icon , [Start time], [Duration], [Frequency], and [Max. operation time] can be set.
- [Schedule]: It can be activated/deactivated by the toggle.
- [Always off]: It can be activated/deactivated by the toggle.

During LP mode, the temperature of the stored water is increased above 140°F (60°C) to inhibit legionella bacteria growth. It is strongly recommended that this is done at regular intervals. Please check local regulations for the recommended frequency of heat ups.

Note 1: When failures occur on the hydrobox, the LP mode may not function normally.

Note 2: Even when DHW operation is prohibited, LP mode will operate.

Menu subtitle	Function	Range	Unit	Default value
Hot water temp.	Desired temperature of stored hot water	140 - 158 (60 - 70)	°F (°C)	149 (65)
[Start time]	Time when LP mode will begin	AM12:00 - PM11:00	-	AM03:00
[Duration]	The time period after LP mode desired water temperature has been reached	1 - 120	min.	30
[Frequency]	Time between LP mode DHW tank heat up	1 - 30	day	15
[Max. operation time]	Maximum time allowed for LP mode DHW tank heat	1 - 5	h	3

Please note that LP mode uses the assistance of electric heaters to supplement the energy input of the heat pump. Heating water for long periods of time is not efficient and will increase running costs. The installer should give careful consideration to the necessity of legionella prevention treatment whilst not wasting energy by heating the stored water for excessive time periods. The end user should understand the importance of this feature.

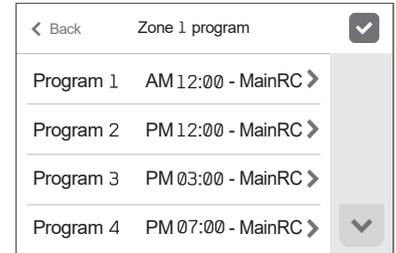
ALWAYS COMPLY WITH LOCAL AND NATIONAL GUIDANCE FOR YOUR REGION REGARDING LEGIONELLA PREVENTION, such as ASHRAE GUIDELINE 12.

9-3. Setting

From the menu icon , access [Setting].

The following items can be edited in [Setting].

- [Date / time]
- [Display] (From [Setting], the screen can be switched to the full screen or the base screen.)
- [Language]
- [Room sensors]
- [Contact number]
- [Touch screen] ([Calibrate screen]*1, [Clean screen]*2, [Brightness], and [Backlight time])



[Zone 1 program]

Follow the procedure described in General Operation for the set up operation.

*1 Touching the 9 dots displayed on the screen starts calibration.

To properly calibrate the touch panel, use a pointy but not sharp object to touch the dots.

Note: A sharp object may damage or scratch the touch screen.

*2 You can wipe the screen while touch operations are invalid for 30 seconds.

Wipe with a soft dry cloth, a cloth soaked in water with mild detergent, or a cloth dampened with ethanol.

Do not use acidic, alkaline, or organic solvents.

[Room sensors]

For [Room sensors], it is important to choose the correct room sensor depending on the heating and cooling mode the system will operate in.

Menu subtitle	Description		
[Zone 1 program] [Zone 2 program]	Control option *	Corresponding initial settings room sensor	
		[Zone 1]	[Zone 2]
	A Zone 1 ; Auto Adaptation (Target room temperature) Zone 2 ; Weather compensation curve or flow temperature control	TH1 (Room temperature thermistor (option))	*1
	B Zone 1 ; Auto Adaptation (Target room temperature) Zone 2 ; Weather compensation curve or flow temperature control	[MainRC] (Main remote controller)	*1
	C Zone 1 ; Weather compensation curve or flow temperature control Zone 2 ; Weather compensation curve or flow temperature control	*1	*1
	* Refer to the website manual for details.		
	*1. Not specified (if a locally-supplied room thermostat is used)		

9-4. Service Menu

The service menu provides functions to be used by installer or service engineer. It is NOT intended for the home owner to alter settings within this menu. It is for this reason password protection is required to prevent unauthorised access to the service settings.

The factory default password is "0000".

Follow the procedure described in [Password protection] for the set up operation.

The service menu is navigated using the up and down icon to scroll through the functions. The menu is split across 4 screens and is comprised of the following functions;

1. Manual operation
2. Function settings
3. Thermistor adjustment
4. Auxiliary settings
5. Heat source setting
6. Pump speed
7. Heat pump settings
8. Operation settings
9. Energy monitor settings
10. External input settings
11. Thermo on output
12. Commissioning wizard
13. Running information
14. Thermistor reading
15. Summary of settings
16. Error history
17. Password protection
18. Manual reset
19. SD card

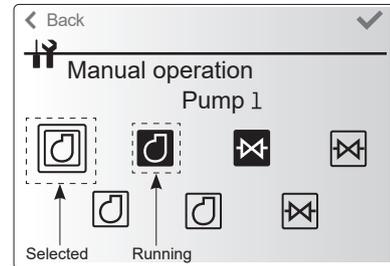
Many functions cannot be set whilst the indoor unit is running. The installer should turn off the unit before trying to set these functions. If the installer attempts to change the settings whilst the unit is running, the main remote controller will display a reminder message prompting the installer to stop operation before continuing. By selecting "Yes", the unit will cease operation.

<Manual operation>

During the filling of the system the water circulation pump, 3-way valve and mixing valve 1 or 2 can be manually overridden using manual operation mode. When manual operation is selected a small timer icon appears in the screen. The function selected will only remain in manual operation for a maximum of 2 hours. This is to prevent accidental permanent override of the FTC.

► Example

Touching the confirm icon ✓ will switch manual operation mode ON for the main 3-way valve. When filling of the DHW tank is complete the installer should access this menu again and touch the confirm icon ✓ to deactivate manual operation of the part. Alternatively after 2 hours manual operation mode will no longer be active and FTC will resume control of the part.



Manual operation menu screen

Manual operation and heat source setting cannot be selected if the system is running. A screen will be displayed asking the installer to stop the system before these modes can be activated.

The system automatically stops 2 hours after the last operation.

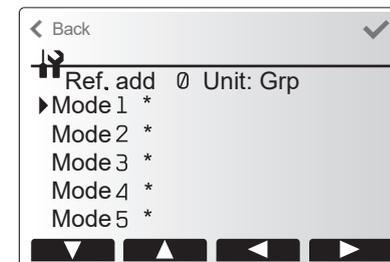
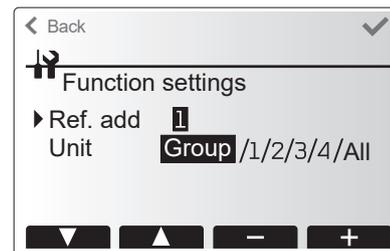
<Function settings>

1. Select function settings from the Service menu.
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. Ensure the Ref address and unit number are displayed to the right.
4. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
5. Touch the icon ▼▲ to select Mode.
6. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
7. Touch the +/- icon to select number.
8. Touch the confirm icon ✓.

Setting	Unit	Mode	Number
Auto recovery after power failure	Grp	Mode1	1 - Inactive 2 - Active *1 3 - NO FUNCTION
Defrosting operation during DHW mode or Legionella prevention mode	1	10	1 - Heating circuit (default setting) 2 - DHW circuit *2 3 - NO FUNCTION

*1 Approx. 4-minute delay after power is restored.

*2 Defrosting operation can be performed in heating circuit depending on the condition (operation time and temperature of the tank).



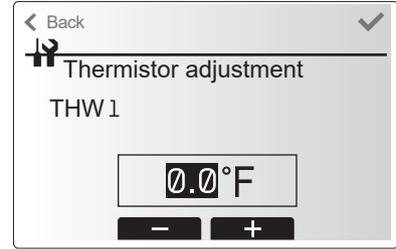
A number will be displayed on

* depending on the connected outdoor unit.

<Thermistor adjustment>

This function allows adjustments to be made to the thermistor readings from -18 to +18°F in 1.0°F intervals.

- THW1: Thermistor (Flow water temp.)
- THW2: Thermistor (Return water temp.)
- THW5B: Thermistor (DHW tank water temp.)(Option)
- THW6: Thermistor (Zone1 flow temp.)(Option)
- THW7: Thermistor (Zone1 return temp.)(Option)
- THWB1: Thermistor (Boiler flow temp.)(Option)



<Auxiliary settings>

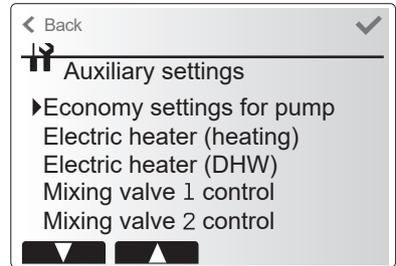
This function is used to set the parameters for any auxiliary parts used in the system.

Menu subtitle	Function/Description
Economy settings for pump	Water pump stops automatically in certain period of time from when operation is finished.
Delay	Time before pump switched off *1
Electric heater (Heating)	To select "WITH booster heater (ON)" or "WITHOUT booster heater (OFF)" in Heating mode.
Delay	The minimum time required for the booster heater to turn ON from after Heating mode has started.
Electric heater (DHW)	To select "WITH (ON)" or "WITHOUT (OFF)" booster heater or immersion heater individually in DHW mode.
Delay	The minimum time required for the booster heater or immersion heater to turn ON from after DHW mode has started. (This setting is applied for both booster and immersion heater.)
Mixing valve control 1/2*2	Running: Period from valve fully open (at a hot water mixing ratio of 100%) to valve fully closed (at a cold water mixing ratio of 100%)
Interval	Interval (min.) to control the Mixing valve.
Flow sensor *3	Minimum: The minimum flow rate to be detected at Flow sensor.
Maximum	The maximum flow rate to be detected at Flow sensor.
Analog output	Priority: Normal; Prioritize the heater, High; Prioritize the analogue output.
Interval	Interval (min.) to control the analogue output.
Electric heater schedule	Determines the booster heater schedule in heating operation.

- *1 Decreasing "time before pump switched off" may increase the duration of stand-by in Heating/Cooling mode.
- *2 Set the Running time according to the specifications of the actuator of each mixing valve. It is recommended to set the interval to 2 minutes that is a default value. With the interval set longer, it could take longer to warm up a room.
- *3 Do not change the setting since it is set according to the specification of Flow sensor attached to the hydrobox.

Economy settings for pump

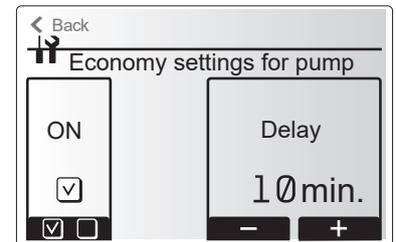
1. From the Auxiliary settings menu, select Economy Settings for water circulation pump.
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. The economy settings for water circulation pump screen is displayed.
4. Touch the check box to switch the economy settings ON/OFF.
5. Touch the +/- icon to adjust the time the water circulation pump will run. (3 to 60 minutes)



Auxiliary settings menu screen

Electric heater (Heating)

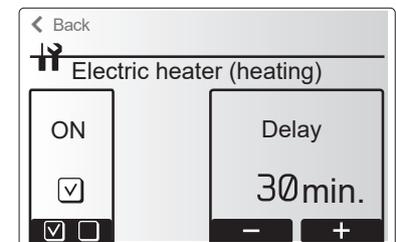
1. From the Auxiliary settings menu, select Electric heater (Heating).
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. The Electric heater (Heating) screen is displayed.
4. Touch the check box to switch the function ON/OFF.
5. Touch the +/- icon buttons to adjust the time period of heat pump only operation before the booster heater will assist in space heating. (5 to 180 minutes)



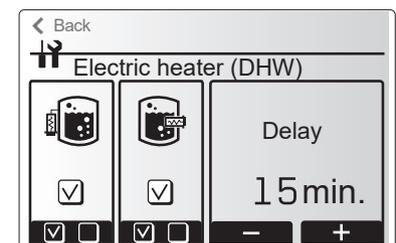
Economy settings for pump screen

Electric heater (DHW)

1. From the Auxiliary settings menu, select Electric heater (DHW).
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. The Electric heater (DHW) screen is displayed.
4. Touch the check box to switch the function ON/OFF.
5. Touch the +/- icon 4 buttons to adjust the time period of heat pump only operation before the booster heater and the immersion heater (if present) will assist in DHW heating. (15 to 30 minutes)



Electric heater (Heating) screen



Electric heater (DHW) screen

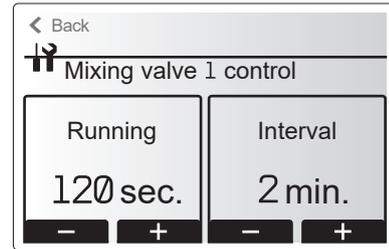
Mixing valve control 1/2

1. From the Auxiliary settings menu, select Mixing valve control 1/2.
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. The Mixing valve control screen is displayed.
4. Use the +/- icon to set Running time between 10 to 240 seconds. The Running time equals to a period from full open of the valve (at a hot water mixing ratio of 100%) to full close (at a cold water mixing ratio of 100%).

Note: Set the Running time according to the specifications of the actuator of each mixing valve.

1. From the Auxiliary settings menu, select Mixing valve control 1/2.
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. The Mixing valve control screen is displayed.
4. Touch the +/- icon to set the interval between 2-zone temperature controls of the mixing valve between 1 to 30 minutes.

Note: It is recommended to set the interval to 2 minutes that is a default value. With the interval set longer, it could take longer to warm up a room.

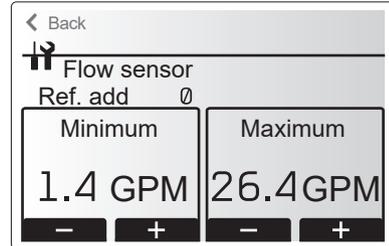


Mixing valve 1 control setting screen

Flow sensor

1. From the Auxiliary settings menu, select Flow sensor.
 2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
 3. Touch the +/- icon buttons to select a refrigerant address of which you wish to configure or check the settings, and touch the confirm icon ✓. *1
 4. The Flow sensor screen is displayed.
 5. Touch the +/- icon to set the minimum flow rate of flow sensor between 0 to maximum GPM.
 6. Touch the +/- icon to set the maximum flow rate of flow sensor between minimum to 26.4GPM.
- *1 For multiple outdoor units control system only.

Note: Do not change the setting since it is set according to the specification of Flow sensor attached to the hydrobox.



Flow sensor setting screen

<Heat source setting>

The default heat source setting is heat pump and all electric heaters present in the system to be operational. This is referred to as Standard operation on the menu.

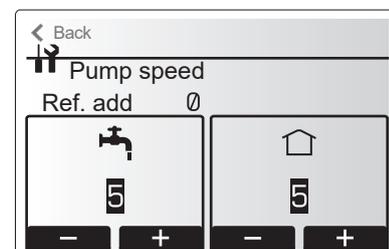
- [Standard] (Heat pump & electric heater)
- [Heater] (Electric heater only)/[Boiler]
- [Hybrid] (Heat pump & heater/Boiler)



Heat source setting screen

<Pump speed>

1. From the Service menu, select Pump speed.
 2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
 3. Touch the +/- icon to select a refrigerant address of which you wish to configure or check the settings, and touch the confirm icon ✓. *2
 4. The Pump speed screen is displayed.
 5. Touch the +/- icon to set the pump speed (1 to 5) of DHW operation.
 6. Touch the +/- icon to set the pump speed (1 to 5) of space heating(cooling) operation.
- *2 For multiple outdoor units control system only.



Pump speed setting screen

<Operation settings>

[Heating operation]

This function allows operational setting of flow temperature range from the Ecodan and also the time interval at which the FTC collects and processes data for the Auto Adaptation mode.

Menu subtitle		Function	Range	Unit	Default
[Flow temperature range]	[Minimum temp.]	To minimize the loss by frequent ON and OFF in mild outdoor ambient temperature seasons.	68 to 113 (20 to 45)	°F (°C)	87 (30)
	[Maximum temp.]	To set maximum possible flow temperature according to the type of heat emitters.	95 to 158 (35 to 70)	°F (°C)	122 (50)
[Room temperature control]	[Mode]	Setting for room temperature control At Quick mode, target outlet water temperature is set higher than the one set at normal mode. *1	Auto/Quick/ Normal/ Slow	—	Auto
	[Interval]	Selectable according to the heat emitter type and the materials of floor (i.e. radiators, floor heating-thick, -thin concrete, wood, etc.)	10 to 60	min	10
[Heat pump thermo diff.]	On/Off	To minimize the loss by frequent ON and OFF in mild outdoor ambient temperature seasons.	On/Off	—	On
	[Lower]	Prohibits heat pump operation until the flow temperature drops below the target flow temperature plus lower limit value.	-16 to -2 (-9 to -1)	°F (°C)	-9 (-5)
	[Upper]	Allows heat pump operation until the flow temperature rises above the target flow temperature plus upper limit value.	+5 to +9 (+3 to +5)	°F (°C)	+9 (+5)

< Heating operation (Room temp. control table) >

Notes:

- The minimum flow temperature that prohibits heat pump operation is 68°F (20°C).
- The maximum flow temperature that allows heat pump operation equals to the maximum temperature set in the [Flow temperature range] menu.
- *1 Quick mode may be not efficient and will increase running cost compared to normal mode.

[Freeze stat function]

Menu subtitle		Function/ Description
[Freeze stat function] *2		An operational function to prevent the water circuit from freezing when outdoor ambient temperature drops.
	[Flow temp.]	The target outlet water temperature at water circuit when operating in freeze stat function. *3
	[Ambient temp.]	Minimum outdoor ambient temperature which freeze stat function will begin to operate, (37 to 68°F [3 to 20°C]) or choose**. If asterisk (**) is chosen, freeze stat function is deactivated. (i.e. primary water freeze risk)

*2. When the system is turned off, freeze stat function is not enabled.

*3. Flow temperature is fixed to 68°F (20°C) and unchangeable.

[Simultaneous Operation]

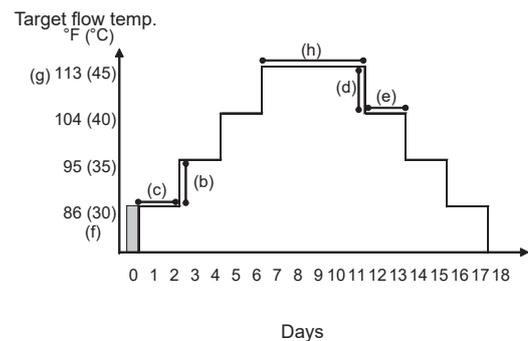
For periods of very low outside temperature, this mode can be used. Simultaneous operation allows both DHW and space heating to run together by using the heat pump and/or booster heater to provide space heating whilst only the immersion heater provides heating for DHW. This operation is only available if both a DHW tank and immersion heater are present on the system.

- Range of outdoor ambient temperature at which simultaneous operation starts is -22 to 50°F (-30 to 10°C) (default 5°F [-15°C]).
- System shall automatically return to routine operation. This will happen when the outdoor ambient temperature rises above the selected temperature for this specific mode of operation.

[Cold weather function]

For extremely low outdoor ambient temperature conditions when the heat pump's capacity is restricted, the heating or DHW is provided only by the electric booster heater (and immersion if present). This function is intended for use during extreme cold periods only. Extensive use of direct electrical heaters only will result in higher power consumption and may reduce working life of heaters and related parts.

Manual operation and heat source setting cannot be selected if the system is running. A screen will be displayed asking the installer to stop the system before these modes can be activated.
The system automatically stops 2 hours after last operation.



[Floor dry up function]

The floor dry up function automatically changes the target hot water temperature in stages to gradually dry concrete when this particular type of underfloor heating system is installed.

Upon completion of the operation, the system stops all the operations except the Freeze stat. operation.

For floor dry up function, the target flow temperature of Zone 1 is the same as that of Zone 2.

- Disconnect wiring to external inputs of room thermostat, demand control, and outdoor thermostat, or the target flow temperature may not be maintained.

Functions	Symbol	Description	Option/Range	Unit	Default
[Floor dry up function]	a	Set the function to on and power on the system using the main remote controller, and the dry up heating operation will start.	on/off	—	off
[Flow temperature increase]	[Temperature increase step]	It sets the increase step of the target flow temperature.	+2 to +54 (+1 to +30)	°F (°C)	+9 (+5)
	[Increase interval]	It sets the period for which the same target flow temperature is maintained.	1 to 7	day	2
[Flow temperature decrease]	[Temperature decrease step]	It sets the decrease step of the target flow temperature.	-2 to -54 (-1 to -30)	°F (°C)	-10 (-5)
	[Decrease interval]	It sets the period for which the same target flow temperature is maintained.	1 to 7	day	2
[Target temperature]	[Start & End]	It sets the target flow temperature at the start and the finish of the operation.	68 to 167 (20 to 75)*	°F (°C)	87 (30)
	[Max temperature]	It sets the maximum target flow temperature.	68 to 167 (20 to 75)*	°F (°C)	113 (45)
	[Max temperature period]	It sets the period for which the maximum target flow temperature is maintained.	1 to 20	day	5

* The maximum temperature differs depending on the connected outdoor unit.

■ Energy monitor

End user can monitor accumulated*1 consumption and production energy in each operation mode*2 on the main remote controller.

*1 Monthly and Year to date

- *2 - DHW operation
 - Space heating
 - Space cooling

Refer to "6. Remote controller" on the paper-based manual for how to check the energy, and "5.1 DIP switch functions" on the paper-based manual for the details on DIP-SW setting. Either one of the following two methods is used for monitoring.

Note: Method 1 should be used as a guide. If a certain accuracy is required, the 2nd method should be used.

	Booster heater 1	Booster heater 2	Pump 1 *3	Pump 2	Pump 3
ERSF-NM6E	2 kW	4 kW	*** W	"When additional pumps supplied locally are connected as Pump 2/3, change setting according to specs of the pumps."	

Method 1. Calculation internally

Electricity consumption is calculated internally based on the energy consumption of outdoor unit, electric heater, water pump(s) and other auxiliaries. (*3)

Delivered heat is calculated internally by multiplying delta T (flow and return temperature) and flow rate measured by the factory fitted sensors.

Set the electric heater capacity and water pump(s) input according to indoor unit model and specs of additional pump(s) supplied locally. (Refer to the menu tree in "6. Remote controller" on the paper-based manual)

*3 "****" displayed in the energy monitor setting mode means the factory fitted pump is connected as Pump 1 so that the input is automatically calculated.

When anti-freeze solution (propylene glycol) is used for primary water circuit, set the delivered energy adjustment if necessary.
 Should you need more details, refer to "6. Remote controller" on the paper-based manual.

Method 2. Actual measurement by external meter (locally supplied)

FTC has external input terminals for 2 'Electric energy meters' and a 'Heat meter'.

If two 'Electric energy meters' are connected, the 2 recorded values will be combined at the FTC and shown on the main remote controller.

(e.g. Meter 1 for H/P power supply wire, Meter 2 for heater power supply wire)

Refer to the "Signal inputs" section in "5.2 Connecting inputs/outputs" on the paper-based manual for more information on connectable electric energy meter and heat meter.

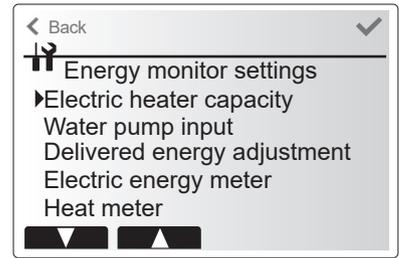
2. Settings using the main remote controller

In this menu, all parameters required to record the consumed electrical energy and the delivered heat energy which is displayed on the main remote controller can be set. The parameters are an electric heater capacity, supply power of water pump and heat meter pulse.

Follow the procedure described in General Operation for the set up operation.

For Pump 1, *** can be also set besides this setting.

In the case *** is selected, the system acknowledges "factory fitted pump" is selected.



Energy monitor settings menu screen

<External input settings>

Demand control(IN4)

The selection of "OFF", whilst a signal is being sent to IN4, forcefully stops all the heat source operations and the selection of "Boiler" stops operations of heat pump and electric heater and performs boiler operation.

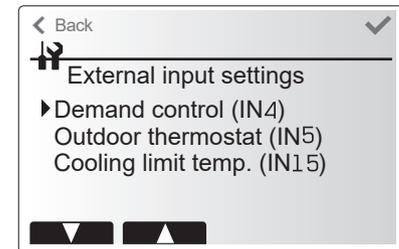
Outdoor thermostat (IN5)

The selection of "Heater", whilst a signal is being sent to IN5, performs electric-heater-only operation and the selection of "Boiler" performs boiler operation.

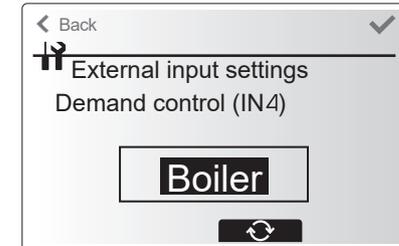
Cooling limit temp. (IN15)

Dew point thermostat can be connected to IN15. (To avoid condensation) When the input signal (IN15) is ON, the cooling target flow temperature is limited by remote controller.

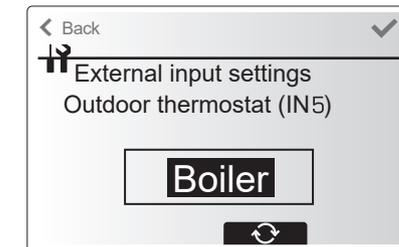
Note : For outdoor unit protection, this target temp. is kept 60 minutes after changing IN15 input.



External input settings menu screen



Demand control screen



Outdoor thermostat setting screen

<Running information>

This function shows current temperature and other data of main component parts of both the indoor and outdoor units.

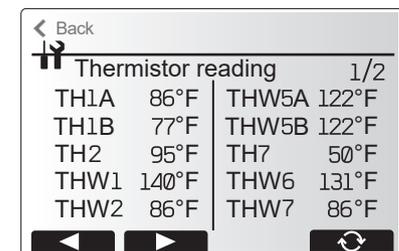
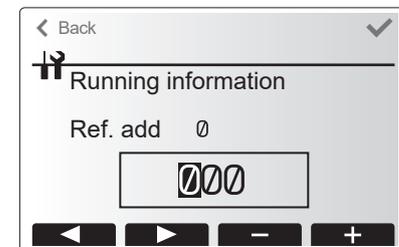
1. From the Service menu, select Running information.
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. Touch the +/- icon to set the Ref. address. *1
4. Enter index code for the component to be viewed.
(See the Table 9-4-1 for component index codes.)
5. Touch the confirm icon ✓.

*1 For multiple outdoor units control system only.

<Thermistor reading>

This function shows the current readings of thermistors located on the water and refrigerant circuit

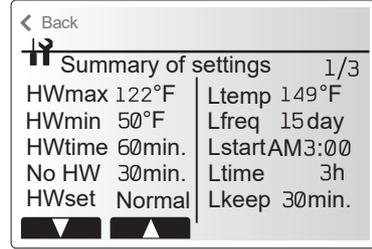
Thermistor	Description	Thermistor	Description
TH1A	Zone1 room temperature	TH7	Ambient (outdoor) temperature
TH1B	Zone2 room temperature	THW6	Zone1 flow temperature
TH2	Refrigerant liquid temperature	THW7	Zone1 return water temperature
THW1	Flow water temperature	THWB1	Boiler flow temperature
THW2	Return water temperature		
THW5B	DHW tank water temperature		



<Summary of settings>

This function shows the current installer/user entered settings.

Abbreviation	Explanation	Abbreviation	Explanation
HWtemp	DHW max temperature	Z2 mode	Operation mode
HWdrop	DHW temperature drop		- HER (Heating room temperature)
HWtime	DHW max operation time		- HE (Heating flow temperature)
NO HW	DHW mode restriction		- HCC (Heating compensation curve)
HWset	DHW operation mode (Normal/Eco)		- COR (—)
			- CO (Cooling flow temperature) /Cooling weather compensation curve)
Ltemp	Legionella hot water temperature	Hroom 1	Heating target room temperature
Lfreq	Legionella operation Frequency	Hroom 2	Heating target room temperature
Lstart	Legionella mode start time	Hflow 1	Heating target flow temperature
Ltime	Legionella max operation time	Hflow 2	Heating target flow temperature
Lkeep	Duration of max (Legionella) hot water temperature	Croom 1	Cooling target room temperature
		Croom 2	Cooling target room temperature
Z1 mode	Operation mode	Cflow 1	Cooling target flow temperature
	- HER (Heating room temperature)	Cflow 2	Cooling target flow temperature
	- HE (Heating flow temperature)	FSflow	Freeze stat function flow temperature
	- HCC (Heating compensation curve)	FSout	Freeze stat function ambient temperature
	- COR (—)		
	- CO (Cooling flow temperature) /Cooling weather compensation curve)		



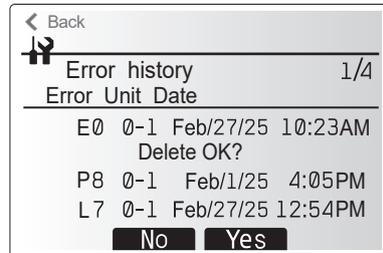
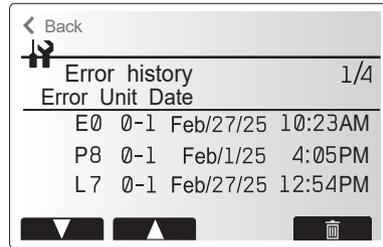
<Error history>

Error history allows the service engineer to view previous error codes, the unit address and the date on which they occurred. Up to 16 error codes can be stored in the history and the most recent Error event is displayed at the top of the list.

1. From the service menu, select Error history
 2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
- Please see "10-4. Self-diagnosis and action" for error codes diagnosis and actions.

To delete an Error history item;

1. From Error history screen, touch rubbish icon .
2. Then touch Yes icon.



<Password protection>

Password protection is available to prevent unauthorised access to the service menu by untrained persons.

1. From the service menu, select Password protection.
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. When password input screen is displayed, touch left and right icon ( / ) to move left and right between the 4 digits, set a password with the +/- icon.
4. When you have input your password, touch the confirm icon ✓.
5. The password verify screen is displayed.
6. To verify your new password, touch Yes icon.
7. Your password is now set and the completion screen is displayed.



Password input screen

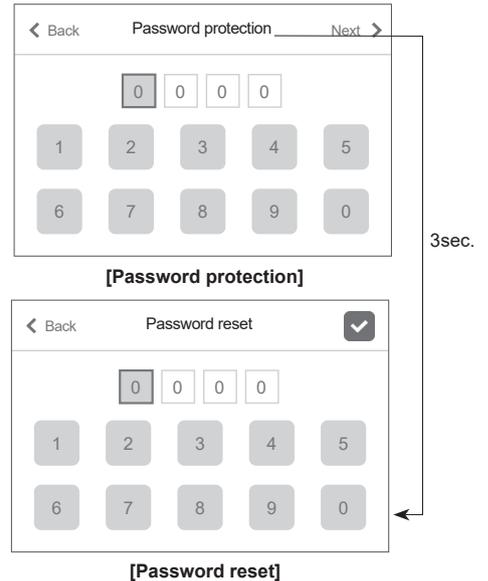


Password verify screen

Password reset

If you forget the password you entered, or have to service a unit somebody else installed, you can reset and change the password.

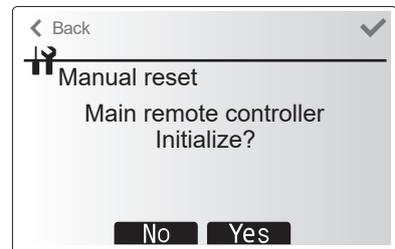
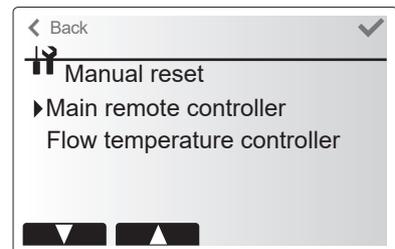
1. From [Service] in [Menu], access the [Password protection] screen.
2. Press and hold the title section for 3 seconds to access the [Password reset] screen.
3. Enter a new password.
4. Touching [Back] or the confirm icon ✓ saves the password.



<Manual reset>

Should you wish to restore the initial settings at any time, you should use the manual reset function. Please note this will reset ALL functions to the factory default settings.

1. From the service menu, select manual reset.
2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
3. The Manual reset screen is displayed.
4. Choose either Manual Reset for Flow temperature controller or Main remote controller.
5. Touch confirm icon ✓ to confirm manual reset of chosen device.



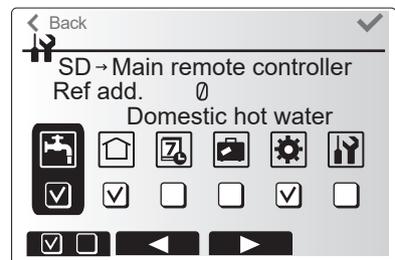
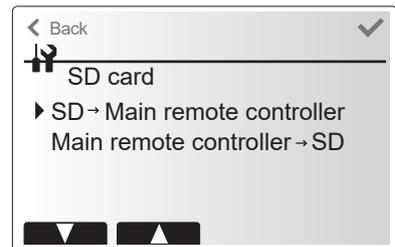
<SD card>

The use of an SD memory card simplifies the main remote controller settings in the field.

*Ecodan service tool (for use with PC tool) is necessary for the setting.

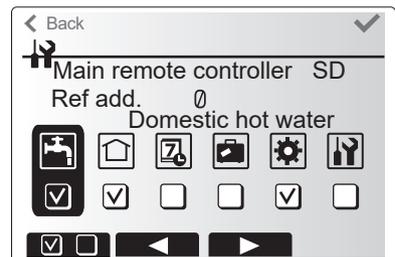
SD → Main RC

1. From the SD card setting, select "SD → Main remote controller".
 2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
 3. Touch the +/- icon to set the Ref. address. *1
 4. Touch left/right icon (◀/▶) and check icon (☑/☐) to select a menu to write to the main remote controller.
 5. Touch the confirm icon ✓ to start downloading.
 6. Wait for a few minutes until "Complete!" appears. *2
- *1 For multiple outdoor units control system only.
*2 Be sure to check that the setting values are suitable for the connected outdoor and indoor units.



Main RC → SD

1. From the SD card setting, select "Main remote controller → SD".
 2. Touch the confirm icon ✓.
 3. Touch the +/- icon to set the Ref. address. *1
 4. Touch left/right icon (◀/▶) and check icon (☑/☐) to select a menu to write to the SD memory card.
 5. Touch the confirm icon ✓ to start uploading.
 6. Wait for a few minutes until "Complete!" appears.
- *1 For multiple outdoor units control system only.



<Table 9-4-1> Request code in running information

Request code	Request content	Range	Unit
103	Error history 1 (latest)	Displays error history. ("—" is displays if no history is present.)	Code
104	Error history 2 (second to last)	Displays error history. ("—" is displays if no history is present.)	—
105	Error history 3 (third to last)	Displays error history. ("—" is displays if no history is present.)	—
154	Water circulation pump 1 - Accumulated operating time (after reset)	0 to 9999	10 hours
156	Water circulation pump 2 - Accumulated operating time (after reset)	0 to 9999	10 hours
157	Water circulation pump 3 - Accumulated operating time (after reset)	0 to 9999	10 hours
158	Water circulation pump 4 - Accumulated operating time (after reset)	0 to 9999	10 hours
162	Indoor unit - DIP SW1 setting information	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
163	Indoor unit - DIP SW2 setting information	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
164	Indoor unit - DIP SW3 setting information	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
165	Indoor unit - DIP SW4 setting information	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
166	Indoor unit - DIP SW5 setting information	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
175	Indoor unit - Output signal information	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
176	Indoor unit - Input signal information	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
177	Mixing valve 2 opening step	0 to 10	Step
180	Mixing valve 1 opening step	0 to 10	Step
190	Indoor unit - Software version 1st 4 digits	Refer to Note below.	—
191	Indoor unit - Software version last 4 digits	Refer to Note below.	—
200	Initialisation of Function Setting	—	—
340	Water circulation pump 1 - Accumulated operating time reset	—	—
342	Water circulation pump 2 - Accumulated operating time reset	—	—
343	Water circulation pump 3 - Accumulated operating time reset	—	—
344	Water circulation pump 4 - Accumulated operating time reset	—	—
504	Indoor unit - Zone1 room temp. (TH1A)	-145 to 270	°F
505	Indoor unit - Ref. liquid temp. (TH2)	-145 to 270	°F
506	Indoor unit - Return water temp. (THW2)	-145 to 270	°F
507	Indoor unit - Zone2 room temp. (TH1B)	-145 to 270	°F
508	Indoor unit - DHW tank water temp. (THW5B)	-145 to 270	°F
509	Indoor unit - Zone1 flow water temp. (THW6)	-145 to 270	°F
510	Indoor unit - Outside air temp. (TH7)	-145 to 270	°F
511	Indoor unit - Flow water temp. (THW1)	-145 to 270	°F
512	Indoor unit - Zone1 return water temp. (THW7)	-145 to 270	°F
515	Indoor unit - Boiler flow water temp. (THWB1)	-145 to 270	°F
540	Flow rate of the primary circuit	0 to 26.4	GPM
550	Indoor unit - Error postponement history 1 (latest)	Displays postponement code. ("—" is displays if no postponement code is present.)	—
551	Indoor unit - Operation control at time of error	0 Standard, 1 Heater, 2 Boiler	—
552	Indoor unit - Operation mode at time of error	0: OFF, 1: DHW, 2 :Heating, 3: Cooling, 4: Legionella prevention, 5: Freeze protection, 6: Operation stop, 7: Defrost	—
553	Indoor unit - Output signal information at time of error	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
554	Indoor unit - Input signal information at time of error	Refer to detail contents described hereinafter.	—
555	Indoor unit - Zone1 room temp. (TH1A) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
556	Indoor unit - Zone2 room temp. (TH1B) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
557	Indoor unit - Ref. liquid temp. (TH2) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
558	Indoor unit - Flow water temp. (THW1) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
559	Indoor unit - Return water temp. (THW2) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
560	Indoor unit - DHW tank water temp. (THW5B) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
561	Indoor unit - Zone1 flow water temp. (THW6) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
562	Indoor unit - Zone1 return water temp. (THW7) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
565	Indoor unit - Boiler flow water temp. (THWB1) at time of error	-145 to 270	°F
567	Indoor unit - Failure (P1/P2/L5/L8/Ld) thermistor	0: Failure thermistor is none, 1: TH1A, 2: TH2, 3: THW1, 4: THW2, 5: THWB1, 6: THW5B, 8: TH1B, A: THW6, B: THW7, C: THW8, D: THW9	—
568	Mixing valve 2 opening step at time of error	0 to +10	Step
569	Operated Flow switch at time of failure (L9)	0: No operated flow switch, 1: Flow switch 1, 2: Flow switch 2, 3: Flow switch 3	—
571	Flow rate at time of error	0 to 26.4	GPM
575	Mixing valve 1 opening step at time of error	0 to +10	Step

Note:
Refer to outdoor unit service manual for request code 0 to 102, 106 to 149.
Request codes 103 to 105 indicate error histories of both indoor and outdoor units.
As only 4 digits can be displayed at one time the software version number is displayed in two halves.
Enter code 190 to see the first 4 digits and code 191 to see the last 4 digits.
For example software version No. 5.01 A000, when code 190 is entered 0501 is displayed, when code 191 is entered A000 is displayed.
Request code 200 resets all Function Setting to the factory default settings.

Indoor unit switch setting display (Request code: 162 to 166)

0: OFF 1: ON

SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5								Display
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 00
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 01
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 02
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 03
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 04
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 05
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 06
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 07
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 08
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 09
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 0A
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 0B
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0C
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0D
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0E
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0F
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 10
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 11
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 12
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 13
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 14
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 15
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 16
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 17
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 18
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 19
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 1A
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 1B
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1C
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1D
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1E
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1F
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 20
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 21
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 22
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 23
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 24
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 25
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 26
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 27
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 28
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 29
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 2A
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 2B
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2C
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2D
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2E
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2F
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 30
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 31
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 32
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 33
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 34
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 35
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 36
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 37
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 38
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 39
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 3A
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 3B
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3C
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3D
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3E
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3F

0: OFF 1: ON

SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5								Display
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 40
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 41
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 42
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 43
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 44
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 45
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 46
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 47
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 48
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 49
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 4A
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 4B
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4C
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4D
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4E
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4F
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 50
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 51
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 52
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 53
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 54
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 55
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 56
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 57
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 58
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 59
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 5A
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 5B
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5C
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5D
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5E
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5F
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 60
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 61
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 62
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 63
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 64
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 65
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 66
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 67
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 68
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 69
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 6A
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 6B
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6C
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6D
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6E
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6F
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 70
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 71
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 72
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 73
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 74
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 75
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 76
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 77
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 78
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 79
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 7A
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 7B
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7C
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7D
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7E
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7F

Indoor unit switch setting display (Request code: 162 to 166)

0: OFF 1: ON

SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5								Display
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	00 80
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	00 81
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	00 82
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	00 83
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	00 84
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	00 85
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	00 86
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	00 87
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	00 88
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	00 89
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	00 8A
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	00 8B
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	00 8C
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	00 8D
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	00 8E
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	00 8F
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	00 90
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	00 91
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	00 92
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	00 93
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	00 94
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	00 95
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	00 96
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	00 97
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	00 98
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	00 99
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	00 9A
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	00 9B
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	00 9C
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	00 9D
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	00 9E
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	00 9F
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	00 A0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	00 A1
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	00 A2
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	00 A3
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	00 A4
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	00 A5
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	00 A6
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	00 A7
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	00 A8
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	00 A9
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	00 AA
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	00 AB
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	00 AC
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	00 AD
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	00 AE
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	00 AF
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	00 B0
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	00 B1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	00 B2
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	00 B3
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	00 B4
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	00 B5
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	00 B6
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	00 B7
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	00 B8
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	00 B9
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	00 BA
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	00 BB
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	00 BC
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	00 BD
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	00 BE
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	00 BF

0: OFF 1: ON

SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5								Display
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	00 C0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	00 C1
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	00 C2
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	00 C3
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	00 C4
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	00 C5
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00 C6
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	00 C7
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	00 C8
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	00 C9
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	00 CA
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	00 CB
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	00 CC
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	00 CD
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	00 CE
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	00 CF
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	00 D0
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	00 D1
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	00 D2
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	00 D3
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	00 D4
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	00 D5
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	00 D6
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	00 D7
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	00 D8
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	00 D9
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	00 DA
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	00 DB
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	00 DC
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	00 DD
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	00 DE
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	00 DF
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	00 E0
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	00 E1
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	00 E2
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	00 E3
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	00 E4
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	00 E5
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	00 E6
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	00 E7
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	00 E8
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	00 E9
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	00 EA
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	00 EB
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	00 EC
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	00 ED
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	00 EE
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	00 EF
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	00 F0
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	00 F1
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	00 F2
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	00 F3
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	00 F4
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	00 F5
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	00 F6
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	00 F7
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	00 F8
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	00 F9
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	00 FA
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	00 FB
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	00 FC
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	00 FD
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	00 FE
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	00 FF

Output signal display (Request code: 175/553)

Please refer to Table 2 on relevant wiring diagram whilst using the following.

0: OFF 1: ON

OUT								Display
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	xx 00
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	xx 01
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	xx 02
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	xx 03
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	xx 04
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	xx 05
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	xx 06
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	xx 07
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	xx 08
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	xx 09
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	xx 0A
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	xx 0B
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	xx 0C
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	xx 0D
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	xx 0E
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	xx 0F
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	xx 10
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	xx 11
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	xx 12
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	xx 13
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	xx 14
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	xx 15
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	xx 16
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	xx 17
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	xx 18
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	xx 19
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	xx 1A
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	xx 1B
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	xx 1C
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	xx 1D
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	xx 1E
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	xx 1F
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	xx 20
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	xx 21
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	xx 22
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	xx 23
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	xx 24
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	xx 25
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	xx 26
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	xx 27
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	xx 28
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	xx 29
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	xx 2A
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	xx 2B
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	xx 2C
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	xx 2D
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	xx 2E
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	xx 2F
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	xx 30
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	xx 31
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	xx 32
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	xx 33
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	xx 34
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	xx 35
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	xx 36
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	xx 37
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	xx 38
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	xx 39
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	xx 3A
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	xx 3B
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	xx 3C
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	xx 3D
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	xx 3E
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	xx 3F

0: OFF 1: ON

OUT								Display
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	xx 40
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	xx 41
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	xx 42
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	xx 43
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	xx 44
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	xx 45
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	xx 46
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	xx 47
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	xx 48
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	xx 49
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	xx 4A
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	xx 4B
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	xx 4C
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	xx 4D
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	xx 4E
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	xx 4F
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	xx 50
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	xx 51
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	xx 52
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	xx 53
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	xx 54
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	xx 55
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	xx 56
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	xx 57
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	xx 58
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	xx 59
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	xx 5A
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	xx 5B
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	xx 5C
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	xx 5D
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	xx 5E
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	xx 5F
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	xx 60
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	xx 61
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	xx 62
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	xx 63
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	xx 64
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	xx 65
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	xx 66
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	xx 67
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	xx 68
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	xx 69
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	xx 6A
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	xx 6B
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	xx 6C
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	xx 6D
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	xx 6E
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	xx 6F
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	xx 70
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	xx 71
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	xx 72
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	xx 73
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	xx 74
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	xx 75
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	xx 76
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	xx 77
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	xx 78
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	xx 79
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	xx 7A
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	xx 7B
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	xx 7C
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	xx 7D
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	xx 7E
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	xx 7F

Output signal display (Request code: 175/553)

Please refer to Table 2 on relevant wiring diagram whilst using the following.

0: OFF 1: ON

OUT								Display
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	xx 80
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	xx 81
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	xx 82
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	xx 83
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	xx 84
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	xx 85
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	xx 86
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	xx 87
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	xx 88
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	xx 89
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	xx 8A
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	xx 8B
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	xx 8C
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	xx 8D
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	xx 8E
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	xx 8F
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	xx 90
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	xx 91
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	xx 92
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	xx 93
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	xx 94
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	xx 95
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	xx 96
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	xx 97
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	xx 98
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	xx 99
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	xx 9A
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	xx 9B
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	xx 9C
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	xx 9D
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	xx 9E
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	xx 9F
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	xx A0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	xx A1
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	xx A2
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	xx A3
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	xx A4
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	xx A5
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	xx A6
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	xx A7
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	xx A8
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	xx A9
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	xx AA
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	xx AB
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	xx AC
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	xx AD
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	xx AE
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	xx AF
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	xx B0
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	xx B1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	xx B2
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	xx B3
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	xx B4
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	xx B5
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	xx B6
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	xx B7
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	xx B8
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	xx B9
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	xx BA
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	xx BB
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	xx BC
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	xx BD
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	xx BE
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	xx BF

0: OFF 1: ON

OUT								Display
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	xx C0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	xx C1
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	xx C2
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	xx C3
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	xx C4
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	xx C5
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	xx C6
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	xx C7
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	xx C8
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	xx C9
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	xx CA
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	xx CB
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	xx CC
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	xx CD
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	xx CE
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	xx CF
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	xx D0
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	xx D1
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	xx D2
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	xx D3
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	xx D4
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	xx D5
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	xx D6
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	xx D7
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	xx D8
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	xx D9
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	xx DA
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	xx DB
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	xx DC
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	xx DD
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	xx DE
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	xx DF
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	xx E0
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	xx E1
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	xx E2
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	xx E3
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	xx E4
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	xx E5
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	xx E6
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	xx E7
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	xx E8
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	xx E9
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	xx EA
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	xx EB
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	xx EC
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	xx ED
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	xx EE
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	xx EF
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	xx F0
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	xx F1
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	xx F2
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	xx F3
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	xx F4
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	xx F5
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	xx F6
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	xx F7
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	xx F8
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	xx F9
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	xx FA
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	xx FB
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	xx FC
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	xx FD
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	xx FE
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	xx FF

Output signal display (Request code: 175/553)

Please refer to Table 2 on relevant wiring diagram whilst using the following.

0: OFF 1: ON

OUT								Display
8 *	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 xx
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	01 xx
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	02 xx
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	03 xx
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	04 xx
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	05 xx
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	06 xx
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	07 xx
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	08 xx
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	09 xx
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0A xx
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0B xx
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0C xx
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0D xx
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0E xx
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0F xx
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	10 xx
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	11 xx
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	12 xx
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	13 xx
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	14 xx
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	15 xx
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	16 xx
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	17 xx
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	18 xx
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	19 xx
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1A xx
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1B xx
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1C xx
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1D xx
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1E xx
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1F xx
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	20 xx
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	21 xx
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	22 xx
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	23 xx
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	24 xx
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	25 xx
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	26 xx
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	27 xx
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	28 xx
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	29 xx
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	2A xx
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	2B xx
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	2C xx
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	2D xx
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	2E xx
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	2F xx
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	30 xx
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	31 xx
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	32 xx
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	33 xx
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	34 xx
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	35 xx
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	36 xx
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	37 xx
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	38 xx
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	39 xx
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	3A xx
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	3B xx
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3C xx
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3D xx
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	3E xx
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	3F xx

* Displayed only when the request code is 553.

OUT								Display
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	40 xx
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	41 xx
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	42 xx
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	43 xx
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	44 xx
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	45 xx
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	46 xx
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	47 xx
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	48 xx
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	49 xx
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	4A xx
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	4B xx
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	4C xx
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	4D xx
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	4E xx
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	4F xx
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	50 xx
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	51 xx
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	52 xx
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	53 xx
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	54 xx
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	55 xx
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	56 xx
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	57 xx
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	58 xx
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	59 xx
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	5A xx
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	5B xx
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	5C xx
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	5D xx
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	5E xx
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	5F xx
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	60 xx
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	61 xx
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	62 xx
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	63 xx
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	64 xx
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	65 xx
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	66 xx
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	67 xx
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	68 xx
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	69 xx
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	6A xx
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	6B xx
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	6C xx
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	6D xx
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	6E xx
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	6F xx
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	70 xx
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	71 xx
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	72 xx
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	73 xx
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	74 xx
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	75 xx
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	76 xx
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	77 xx
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	78 xx
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	79 xx
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	7A xx
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	7B xx
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	7C xx
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	7D xx
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	7E xx
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	7F xx

Mixing valve 2 state

OUT		Mixing valve 2 state
5A	5B	
0	0	Stop
0	1	Stop
1	0	Open
1	1	Close

Input signal display (Request code: 176/554)

Please refer to Table 1 on relevant wiring diagram whilst using the following.

0: OFF (open) 1: ON (short)

IN								Display
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 00
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 01
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 02
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	00 03
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 04
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 05
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 06
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	00 07
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 08
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 09
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 0A
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	00 0B
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0C
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0D
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0E
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	00 0F
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 10
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 11
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 12
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	00 13
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 14
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 15
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 16
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	00 17
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 18
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 19
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 1A
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	00 1B
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1C
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1D
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1E
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	00 1F
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 20
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 21
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 22
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	00 23
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 24
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 25
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 26
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	00 27
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 28
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 29
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 2A
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	00 2B
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2C
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2D
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2E
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	00 2F
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 30
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 31
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 32
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	00 33
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 34
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 35
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 36
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	00 37
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 38
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 39
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 3A
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	00 3B
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3C
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3D
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3E
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	00 3F

0: OFF (open) 1: ON (short)

IN								Display
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 40
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 41
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 42
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	00 43
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 44
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 45
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 46
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	00 47
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 48
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 49
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 4A
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	00 4B
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4C
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4D
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4E
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	00 4F
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 50
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 51
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 52
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	00 53
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 54
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 55
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 56
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	00 57
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 58
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 59
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 5A
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	00 5B
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5C
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5D
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5E
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	00 5F
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 60
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 61
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 62
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	00 63
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 64
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 65
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 66
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	00 67
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 68
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 69
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 6A
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	00 6B
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6C
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6D
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6E
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	00 6F
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 70
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 71
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 72
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	00 73
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 74
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 75
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 76
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	00 77
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 78
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 79
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 7A
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	00 7B
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7C
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7D
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7E
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	00 7F

■ Indoor unit only operation

In indoor unit only operation, operation without connecting outdoor unit is possible.
During Indoor unit only operation, the main control has control functions.

<Heater>

Heating for DHW and space heating is provided by the heater.

• Activating indoor unit only operation mode

To activate indoor unit only operation, see the following:

1. Carry out the wiring for the power supply as shown in Figure 9.4.1.

Note: The power supply for the P.C.B. shall be connected to S1/S2 instead of L1/L2 on the terminal block (TB1).

2. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
3. Change DIP switch SW4-4 and SW4-5 to ON.
4. Switch ON the breaker(s).
5. Indoor unit only operation is now activated.

• Deactivating indoor unit only operation mode

To deactivate indoor unit only operation, see the following:

1. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
2. Change DIP switch SW4-4 and SW4-5 to OFF.
3. Switch ON the breaker(s).
4. Indoor unit only operation is now deactivated.

<Boiler>

Heating for space heating is provided by the boiler.

• Activating indoor unit only operation mode

To activate indoor unit only operation, see the following:

1. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
2. Change DIP switch SW4-4 and SW4-6 to ON.
3. Switch ON the breaker(s).
4. Indoor unit only operation is now activated.

• Deactivating indoor unit only operation mode

To deactivate indoor unit only operation, see the following:

1. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
2. Change DIP switch SW4-4 and SW4-6 to OFF.
3. Switch ON the breaker(s).
4. Indoor unit only operation is now deactivated.

■ Emergency operation

In emergency operation, operation without connecting outdoor unit and main remote controller is possible.

During Emergency operation, the main control has NO control functions.

Space heating flow temp. is restarted 40°C and DHW tank temp. is restricted 50°C. *1

<Heater>

Heating for DHW and space heating is provided by the heater.

• Activating emergency operation mode

To activate emergency operation, see the following:

1. Carry out the wiring for the power supply as shown in Figure 9.4.1.

Note: The power supply for the P.C.B. shall be connected to S1/S2 instead of L1/L2 on the terminal block (TB1).

2. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
3. Change DIP switch SW4-5 to ON.
4. Switch ON the breaker(s).
5. Emergency operation is now activated.

• Deactivating emergency operation mode

To deactivate emergency operation, see the following:

1. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
2. Change DIP switch SW4-5 to OFF.
3. Switch ON the breaker(s).
4. Emergency operation is now deactivated.

<Boiler>

Heating for space heating is provided by the boiler.

• Activating emergency operation mode

To activate emergency operation, see the following:

1. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
2. Change DIP switch SW4-6 to ON.
3. Switch ON the breaker(s).
4. Emergency operation is now activated.

• Deactivating emergency operation mode

To deactivate emergency operation, see the following:

1. Switch OFF the breaker for the outdoor unit (or both breakers if hydrobox is powered independently).
2. Change DIP switch SW4-6 to OFF.
3. Switch ON the breaker(s).
4. Emergency operation is now deactivated.

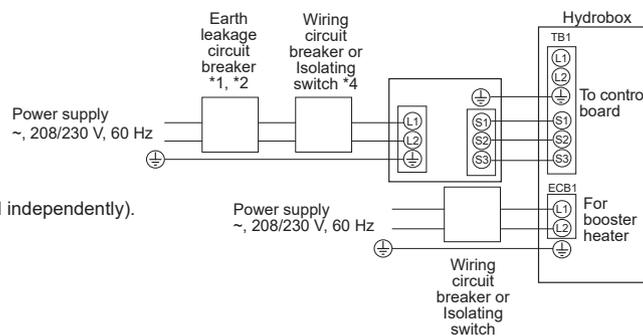
⚠ WARNING

Do not attempt to change the DIP switches whilst the breaker(s) are ON as this could result in electric shock.

	Indoor unit only operation
Indoor unit	Necessary
Heat pump	Not necessary
Main remote controller	Necessary
DIP switch setting	Electric heater SW4-4 ON, SW4-5 ON
	Boiler SW4-4 ON, SW4-6 ON
Setting range for flow temp.	68 to 140°F [20 to 60°C] Selectable
Setting range for tank temp.	104 to 140°F [40 to 60°C] Selectable

	Emergency operation
Indoor unit	Necessary
Heat pump	Not necessary
Main remote controller	Not necessary
DIP switch setting	Electric heater SW4-5 ON
	Boiler SW4-6 ON
Setting range for flow temp.	Fixed at 104°F [40°C]
Setting range for tank temp.	Fixed at 122°F [50°C] *1

*1 Default setting is 122°F [50°C]. Once system has started running, emergency operation runs at the latest set temp.



<Figure 9.4.1>

10-1. Troubleshooting

<Summary of self-diagnosis based on error codes and Service Procedures>

Present and past error codes are logged, and they can be displayed on the main remote controller or control board of the outdoor unit. Please refer to the table below and subsequent explanations to diagnose and remedy typical problems that may occur in the field.

Unit Condition	Error code	Action
Reoccurring problem	Displayed	Use table "10-4. Self-diagnosis and action" to identify fault and correct.
	Not Displayed	Use table "10-5. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena" to identify fault and correct.
Non reoccurring problem	Logged	1. Check temporary causes of defects such as the operation of safety devices on the refrigerant/water circuit including compressor, poor wiring, electrical noise, etc. Re-check the symptom and the installation environment, refrigerant amount (Split systems only), weather conditions at time of fault, etc. 2. Reset error code logs, Service the unit and restart system.
	Not Logged	1. Recheck the abnormal symptom. 2. Identify cause of problem and take corrective action according to Table "10-5. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena". 3. If no obvious problem can be found, continue to operate the unit.

Note:
Electrical components should only be replaced as a final option. Please follow instructions in "10-4. Self-diagnosis and action" and "10-5. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena" fully before resorting to replacing parts.

10-2. Test Run

Before a test run

- After installation of outdoor unit, pipework and electrical wiring, recheck that there is no water leakage, loosened connections or miswiring.
- Measure impedance between the ground and the power supply terminal block (L,N) on the outdoor and indoor units with suitable (500 V) ohmmeter. Resistance should be $\geq 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$.
- Read the Installation and Operation Manuals fully especially the safety requirements before carrying out any test runs.

10-3. Malfunction diagnosis method by main remote controller

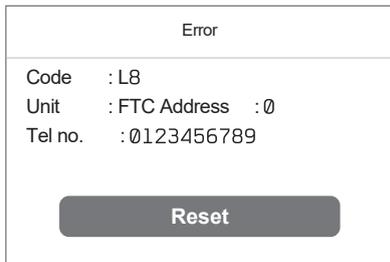
If a malfunction occurs during start up or operation, the error code screen may be displayed on the main remote controller.

The error code screen shows the following; code, unit, ref. address, and telephone number of installer (only if previously entered by the installer).

Please note in the case of some malfunctions and error code is not generated, please refer to table "10-5. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena" for more details.

To reset

1. To reset the main remote controller, press "Reset" button .
2. Then press "Yes" button to confirm.



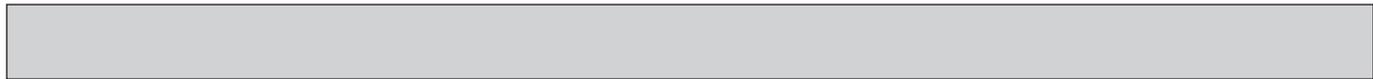
10-4. Self-diagnosis and action

Check if DIP SW is set correctly. (Refer to "6-2. DIP switch functions".)

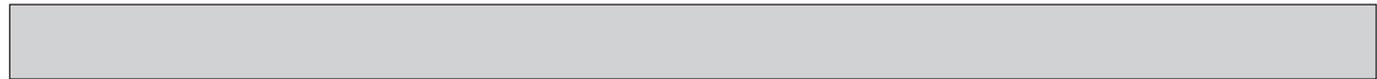
Error code	Title and display conditions	Possible Cause	Diagnosis and action
L3	<p>Circulation water temperature overheat protection <DHW/Heating/Cooling/LP/FS/OS> Error code displayed when THW1 detects a temp. $\geq 185^{\circ}\text{F}$ (85°C) for 10 consecutive seconds or THW2 detects a temp. $\geq 185^{\circ}\text{F}$ (85°C) for 10 consecutive seconds.</p> <p>DHW : Domestic hot water mode Heating : Heating mode Cooling : Cooling mode LP : Legionella prevention mode FS : Freeze stat OS : Operation stop TH1A/B : Room temperature thermistor TH2 : Refrigerant liquid temperature thermistor THW1 : Flow water temperature thermistor THW2 : Return water temperature thermistor THW5A/B : DHW tank water temperature thermistor THW6 : Zone1 flow temperature thermistor THW7 : Zone1 return temperature thermistor THW8 : Zone2 flow temperature thermistor THW9 : Zone2 return temperature thermistor THWB1 : Boiler flow temperature thermistor</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient system head Reduced flow in primary water circuit Due to 1 or more of the following; Faulty pump, insufficient air purge, blocked strainer, leak in water circuit Valve operation fault 2-way valve (local supply) actuator fault 3-way valve (local supply) actuator fault Booster heater relay (BHC1, BHC2, BHCP) operating fault Power supply voltage increase THW1 or THW5B has become detached from its holder. THW1 or THW2 fault FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" to determine if system pump meets requirements. If more head required either add a pump of the same size or replace existing pump with capacity model. See "11. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE" for how to replace pump. Check circulation pump (See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check). Open purge valve to remove trapped air. Check the strainer for blockages. Check the primary water circuit for leaks. Check that the flow amount is within the recommended range. Check valves on primary water circuit are installed level. Electrically test to determine fault. 1) Electrically test to determine fault. 2) Operate 3-way valve manually using the main remote controller. (Refer to <Manual operation> in "9-4. Service Menu".) 3) Replace 3-way valve. Electrically test the relays (BHC1, BHC2, BHCP) to determine fault. See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check. Check the supply voltage. Visually inspect location and reattach as necessary. Check resistance of thermistor against table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function". Compare FTC detected temperature to hand held detector. Replace board.
L4	<p>Tank water temperature overheat protection <DHW/Heating/Cooling/LP/FS/OS> Error code display when THW5B detects a temp. $\geq 167^{\circ}\text{F}$ (75°C) for 10 consecutive seconds.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3-way valve (local supply) actuator fault Immersion heater relay (IHC) operating fault THW5B fault FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Electrically test to determine fault. 2) Operate 3-way valve manually using the main remote controller. (Refer to <Manual operation> in "9-4. Service Menu".) 3) Replace 3-way valve. Check immersion heater relay (IHC). Check resistance of thermistor against table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function". Compare FTC detected temperature to hand held detector. Replace board.



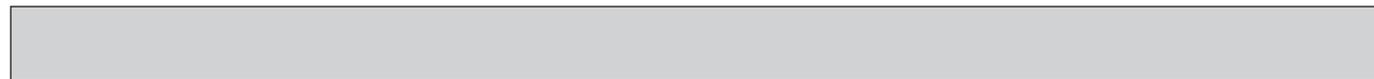
Error code	Title and display conditions	Possible Cause	Diagnosis and action																																																							
P1/P2/L5/LD	<p>Indoor unit temperature thermistor failure Note: The thermistors subject to failure can be checked in "Request code: 567" in "Running information".</p> <p><DHW/Heating/Cooling/LP/FS/OS> Error code displayed when thermistor is at open or short (see table).</p> <p><u>Exceptions</u> Error code will not be displayed for TH2; During defrost and for 10 minutes after defrost operation.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connector/terminal wire has become detached or loose wiring. Thermistor fault FTC board failure The thermistor on the wireless remote controller or the main remote controller may be defective. (when Room temp. is chosen for the Heating operation and when Main remote controller or Room RC 1-8 is chosen for the Room Sensor setting in the Initial setting) Incorrect setting of the DIP switch(es) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Visually check the terminals and connections and reattaches appropriate. Check resistance of thermistor against table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function". Compare FTC detected temperature to hand held detector. Replace board. Replace wireless remote controller or main remote controller. Check the DIP switch setting(s). 																																																							
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Error code</th> <th colspan="2">Thermistor</th> <th rowspan="2">Open detection</th> <th rowspan="2">Short detection</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Symbol</th> <th>Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>TH1A/TH1B</td> <td>Room temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P2</td> <td>TH2</td> <td>Liquid temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="8">L5</td> <td>THW1</td> <td>Flow water temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THW2</td> <td>Return water temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THW5A</td> <td>DHW tank water temperature thermistor (upper)</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THW5B</td> <td>DHW tank water temperature thermistor (lower)</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THW6</td> <td>Zone1 flow temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THW7</td> <td>Zone1 return temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THW8</td> <td>Zone2 flow temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THW9</td> <td>Zone2 return temperature thermistor</td> <td>-38.2°F (-39°C) or below</td> <td>191.3°F (88.5°C) or above</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LD</td> <td>THWB1</td> <td>Boiler flow temperature thermistor</td> <td>-40°F (-40°C) or below</td> <td>284°F (140°C) or above</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Error code	Thermistor		Open detection	Short detection	Symbol	Name	P1	TH1A/TH1B	Room temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	P2	TH2	Liquid temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	L5	THW1	Flow water temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	THW2	Return water temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	THW5A	DHW tank water temperature thermistor (upper)	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	THW5B	DHW tank water temperature thermistor (lower)	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	THW6	Zone1 flow temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	THW7	Zone1 return temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	THW8	Zone2 flow temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	THW9	Zone2 return temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above	LD	THWB1	Boiler flow temperature thermistor	-40°F (-40°C) or below	284°F (140°C) or above
Error code	Thermistor		Open detection		Short detection																																																					
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P2	TH2	Liquid temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
L5	THW1	Flow water temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
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	THW5A	DHW tank water temperature thermistor (upper)	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
	THW5B	DHW tank water temperature thermistor (lower)	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
	THW6	Zone1 flow temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
	THW7	Zone1 return temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
	THW8	Zone2 flow temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
	THW9	Zone2 return temperature thermistor	-38.2°F (-39°C) or below	191.3°F (88.5°C) or above																																																						
LD	THWB1	Boiler flow temperature thermistor	-40°F (-40°C) or below	284°F (140°C) or above																																																						
L6	<p>Circulation water freeze protection <DHW/Heating/Cooling/LP/FS/OS> Error code displayed when THW1 detects a temp. ≤ 33.8°F (1°C) for 10 consecutive seconds or THW2 detects a temp. ≤ 37.4°F (3°C) for 10 consecutive seconds.</p> <p><u>Exception</u> Error code will not be displayed if; FS function is disabled. For 10 minutes after water circulation pump1 is switched on.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient system head Reduced flow in primary water circuit. Due to 1 or more of the following; Faulty pump, insufficient air purge, blocked strainer, leak in water circuit Valve operation fault 2-way valve (local supply) actuator fault 3-way valve (local supply) actuator fault THW1 has become detached from its holder. THW1 or THW2 fault FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Refer to table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" to determine if system pump meets requirements. If more head required either add a pump of the same size or replace existing pump with capacity model. See "11. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE" for how to replace pump. Check circulation pump (See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check). Open purge valve to remove trapped air. Check the strainer for blockages. Check the primary water circuit for leaks. Check that the flow amount is within the recommended range. Check valves on primary water circuit are installed level. Electrically test to determine fault. 1) Electrically test to determine fault. 2) Operate 3-way valve manually using the main remote controller. (Refer to <Manual operation> in "9-4. Service Menu".) 3) Replace 3-way valve. Visually inspect location and reattach as necessary. Check resistance of thermistor against table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function". Compare FTC detected temperature to hand held detector. Replace board. 																																																							



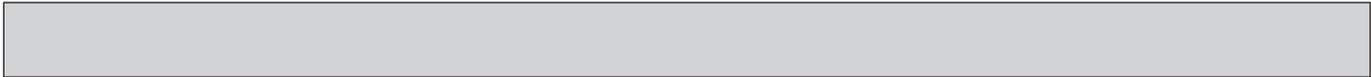
Error code	Title and display conditions	Possible Cause	Diagnosis and action
L8	<p>Heating operation error Note: "3" is displayed in "Request code: 567" in "Running information". <Heating/FS> If a), b) and c) occur, L8 is displayed; a) No change on THW1 and THW5B (under 33.8°F (1°C) for 20 minutes from unit starts operation) b) No change on THW1 (under 33.8°F (1°C) for 10 minutes from booster heater starts operation) c) THW1-THW2 < 23°F (-5°C) (for 10 minutes continuously)</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. THW1 has become detached from its holder. 2. Booster heater fault 3. THW1 or THW2 or THW5B fault 4. FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Visually inspect location and reattach as necessary. 2. Electrically test to determine fault. See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check. 3. Check resistance of thermistor against table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function". Compare FTC detected temperature to hand held detector. 4. Replace board.
	<p>Heating operation error Note: "A" is displayed in "Request code: 567" in "Running information".</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. THW6 has become detached from its holder. 2. THW6 or THW7 fault 3. FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Visually inspect location and reattach as necessary. 2. Check resistance of thermistor against table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function". Compare FTC detected temperature to hand held detector. 3. Replace board.
	<p>Heating operation error Note: "C" is displayed in "Request code: 567" in "Running information".</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. THW8 has become detached from its holder. 2. THW8 or THW9 fault 3. FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Visually inspect location and reattach as necessary. 2. Check resistance of thermistor against table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function". Compare FTC detected temperature to hand held detector. 3. Replace board.
L9	<p>Low primary circuit (Heat source side) flow rate detected by flow sensor Note: "1" is displayed in "Request code: 569" in "Running information". <DHW/Heating/Cooling/LP/FS> Error code displayed when flow sensor detects low flow rate for 10 seconds.</p> <p><u>Exception</u> For 1 minute after water circulation pump1 is switched on.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insufficient system head 2. Reduced flow in primary water circuit Due to 1 or more of the following; Faulty pump, insufficient air purge, blocked strainer, leak in water circuit 3. Valve operation fault 4. 2-way valve (local supply) actuator fault 5. Connector wire has become detached or loose wiring. 6. Flow sensor fault 7. Incorrect setting of the SW2-2 8. FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Refer to table in "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" to determine if system pump meets requirements. If more head required either add a pump of the same size or replace existing pump with capacity model. See "11. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE" for how to replace pump. 2. Check circulation pump (See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check). Open purge valve to remove trapped air. Check the strainer for blockages. Check the primary water circuit for leaks. Check that the flow amount is within the recommended range. 3. Check valves on primary water circuit are installed level. 4. Electrically test to determine fault. 5. Visually check the CN1A connector and reattach if necessary. 6. Electrically test to determine fault. See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check. 7. Check the SW2-2 setting. 8. Replace board.
	<p>Low primary circuit (Zone1 side) flow rate detected by flow switch Note: "2" is displayed in "Request code: 569" in "Running information".</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insufficient system head 2. Reduced flow in primary water circuit Due to 1 or more of the following; Faulty pump, insufficient air purge, blocked strainer, leak in water circuit 3. Terminal wire has become detached or loose wiring. 4. Flow switch fault 5. Incorrect setting of the SW3-2 6. FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If more head required either add a pump of the same size or replace existing pump. 2. Check circulation pump (See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check). Open purge valve to remove trapped air. Check the strainer for blockages. Check the primary water circuit for leaks. Check that the flow amount is within the recommended range. 3. Visually check the IN3 terminal and reattach if necessary. 4. Electrically test to determine fault. 5. Check the SW3-2 setting. 6. Replace board.



Error code	Title and display conditions	Possible Cause	Diagnosis and action
L9	Low primary circuit (Zone2 side) flow rate detected by flow switch Note: "3" is displayed in "Request code: 569" in "Running information".	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient system head Reduced flow in primary water circuit Due to 1 or more of the following; Faulty pump, insufficient air purge, blocked strainer, leak in water circuit Terminal wire has become detached or loose wiring. Flow switch fault Incorrect setting of the SW3-3 FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> If more head required either add a pump of the same size or replace existing pump. Check circulation pump (See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check). Open purge valve to remove trapped air. Check the strainer for blockages. Check the primary water circuit for leaks. Check that the flow amount is within the recommended range. Visually check the IN7 terminal and reattach if necessary. Electrically test to determine fault. Check the SW3-3 setting. Replace board.
LA	Pressure sensor failure	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Connector/terminal wire has become detached or loose wiring. Pressure sensor fault FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check pressure sensor cable for damage or loose connections. Electrically test to determine fault. See "10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function" for how to check. Replace board.
LB	High pressure protection	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Flow rate of the heating circuit may be reduced. Plate heat exchanger may be clogged. Outdoor unit failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check water circuit. Check the plate heat exchanger. Check refrigerant volume, valve, LEV coil and pipe crushing of outdoor unit.
LC	Boiler circulation water temperature overheat protection <DHW/Heating/LP/FS/OS> Error code displayed when THWB1 detects a temperature $\geq 176^{\circ}\text{F}$ (80°C) for 10 consecutive seconds	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The set temperature for Boiler is too high. Flow rate of the heating circuit from the boiler may be reduced. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check if the set temperature for Boiler for heating exceeds the restriction. (See the installation manual) Check for <ul style="list-style-type: none"> water leakage strainer blockage water circulation pump function
LD	Boiler temperature thermistor (THWB1) failure	Refer to error codes (P1/P2/L5/LD).	
LE	Boiler operation error <Heating> Boiler is running and THW6 detects a temperature $< 86^{\circ}\text{F}$ (30°C) for consecutive 60 minutes.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> THW6 has become detached from its holder. Incorrect wiring between FTC (OUT10) and the boiler Boiler fuel has run out or the system is OFF. Boiler failure FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Visually inspect location and reattach as necessary. See the installation manual Check the status of the boiler. Check the status of the boiler. Replace board.
LF	Flow sensor failure	Disconnection or loose connection of flow sensor	Check flow sensor cable for damage or loose connections.
LH	Boiler circulation water freeze protection	Flow rate of the heating circuit from the boiler may be reduced.	Check for <ul style="list-style-type: none"> water leakage strainer blockage water circulation pump function
LJ	DHW operation error (type of external plate HEX)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> DHW tank water temp. thermistor (THW5B) has become detached from its holder. Flow rate may be reduced. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check for disconnection of DHW tank water temp. thermistor (THW5B). Check for water circulation pump function.
LL	Setting errors of DIP switches on FTC control board	<p>Incorrect setting of DIP switches</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Boiler operation 2-zone temperature control Multiple outdoor units control 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> For boiler operation, check that DIP SW1-1 is set to ON (With Boiler) and DIP SW2-6 is set to ON (With Mixing Tank). For 2-zone temperature control, check DIP SW2-7 is set to ON (2-zone) and DIP SW2-6 is set to ON (With Mixing Tank). For multiple outdoor units control, check DIP SW1-3 is set to ON on FTC (sub) that runs DHW operation .
P1	Indoor unit temperature thermistor (TH1A/TH1B) failure	Refer to error codes (P1/P2/L5/LD).	
P2	Indoor unit temperature thermistor (TH2) failure	Refer to error codes (P1/P2/L5/LD).	



Error code	Title and display conditions	Possible Cause	Diagnosis and action
P6	<p>Anti-freeze protection of plate heat exchanger</p> <p>The error of P6 is detected when refrigerant temperature drops rapidly during cooling or defrosting operation. The thermistor of Ref. liquid temp. (TH2) or the pressure sensor attached on the refrigerant circuit of the indoor unit judges the refrigerant temperature. Judging condition differs depending on the type of the plate heat exchanger (capacity code).</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduced water flow <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clogged filter • Leakage of water 2. Low temperature <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low load • Inlet water is too cold. 3. Defective water pump 4. Defective outdoor fan control 5. Overcharge of refrigerant 6. Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) 7. Malfunction of linear expansion valve 8. Leakage or shortage of refrigerant 9. Malfunction of pressure sensor 10. Incorrect capacity code 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 2. Check water piping. 3. Check water pump. 4. Check outdoor fan motor. 5, 6. Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit. 7. Check linear expansion valve. 8. Correct to proper amount of refrigerant. Refer to outdoor unit manual. 9. Check pressure sensor. 10. Refer to the capacity code of DIP switch functions (SW5-3 to SW5-7).
E0/E4	<p>Main remote controller communication failure (Reception error)</p> <p>Error code E0 is displayed if main remote controller does not receive any signal from the indoor unit for ref. address "0" for 3 minutes.</p> <p>Error code E4 is displayed if indoor unit does not receive any data from the main remote controller for 3 minutes or indoor unit does not receive any signal from the main remote controller for 2 minutes.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Contact failure with transmission cable 2. Wiring procedure not observed. (Cable length/cable diameter/number of indoor units/number of main remote controllers) 3. Fault on the indoor unit FTC board section controlling Ref. address "0" 4. Fault with the main remote controller circuit board 5. Electrical noise causes interference with transmission/reception of data for main remote controller. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check connection cable for damage or loose connections at the FTC and main remote controller terminals. 2. Check main remote controller and FTC common wiring max cable length 150 m. Only use 2-core cable. Only connect 1 main remote controller to 1 FTC indoor unit board. 3. to 5. If the problem is not solved by the above measures then: Turn the power to the indoor unit OFF and then ON. Power to both the indoor unit and outdoor units should be switched OFF then ON. (This may require switching 1 or 2 breakers depending if the unit is powered independently from the outdoor unit). If the E4 code is still displayed the FTC and/or the main remote controller circuit board should be replaced.
E3/E5	<p>Main remote controller communication failure (Transmission error)</p> <p>Error code E3 is displayed if the main remote controller cannot find an empty transmission path and thus fails to transmit for 6 seconds or the data received by the main remote controller is different to what was sent (by the main remote controller) 30 consecutive times.</p> <p>Error code E5 is displayed if the FTC cannot find an empty transmission path for 3 minutes and thus cannot transmit or the data sent by the FTC is different to what was expected 30 consecutive times.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 2 or more main remote controllers have been connected to the FTC. 2. Fault with main remote controller transmission/receiving circuit board 3. Fault with the main remote controller circuit board 4. Electrical noise causes interference with transmission/reception of data for main remote controller. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Only connect 1 main remote controller to 1 FTC indoor unit board. 2. to 4. Turn the power to the indoor unit OFF and then ON. Power to both the indoor unit and outdoor units should be switched OFF then ON. (This may require switching 1 or 2 breakers depending if the unit is powered independently from the outdoor unit). If the E3/E5 code is still displayed the FTC and/or the main remote controller circuit board should be replaced.
E6	<p>Indoor/outdoor communication failure (Reception error)</p> <p>Error code E6 is displayed if after the power is switched ON to the indoor unit, the FTC board does not receive any signal or the signal received is not complete for 6 minutes, or after a period of operation the FTC board does not receive any signal or the signal received is not complete for 3 minutes.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Contact failure/short circuit/miswiring 2. Fault with outdoor unit transmission/receiving circuit board 3. Fault with FTC transmission/receiving circuit board 4. Electrical noise causes interference with FTC-Outdoor unit transmission cable. 	<p>Note:</p> <p>Check the LED display on the outdoor unit circuit board. (Connect the A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST to test.) Refer to the outdoor unit service manual for explanation of EA-EC codes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the connections on the indoor and outdoor units have not become loose and that the connecting cable is not damaged. 2. to 4. Turn the power to the indoor unit OFF and then ON. Power to both the indoor unit and outdoor units should be switched OFF then ON. (This may require switching 1 or 2 breakers depending if the unit is powered independently from the outdoor unit). If the E6 code is still displayed the FTC and/or the outdoor unit circuit board should be replaced.

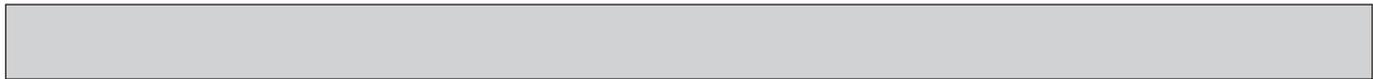


Error code	Title and display conditions	Possible Cause	Diagnosis and action
E7	Indoor/outdoor communication failure (Transmission error) Error code E7 is displayed if signal "1" is received 30 consecutive times despite the FTC board sending signal "0".	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Fault with FTC transmission/receiving circuit board2. Electrical noise causes interference with power supply.3. Electrical noise causes interference with FTC-outdoor unit transmission cable.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. to 3. Turn the power to the indoor unit OFF and then ON. Power to both the indoor unit and outdoor units should be switched OFF then ON. (This may require switching 1 or 2 breakers depending if the unit is powered independently from the outdoor unit). If the E7 code is still displayed the FTC circuit board should be replaced.
E1/E2	Main remote controller control board failure Error code E1 displayed if main remote controller cannot access its non-volatile (non power dependent) memory. Error code E2 is displayed when there is a fault with the main remote controller's internal clock.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Fault with the main remote controller circuit board	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Replace main remote controller circuit board.
EE	Combination error between FTC and outdoor unit	R410A outdoor unit is combined incorrectly.	Check combination of FTC and outdoor unit.
U*, F*, A*	Outdoor unit failure	Outdoor unit failure	Refer to outdoor unit service manual.

Note: To cancel error codes, please switch system off (press button "RESET" on main remote controller).

10-5. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena

No.	Fault symptom	Possible cause	Explanation - Solution
1	Main remote controller display is blank.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. There is no power supply to main remote controller. 2. Power is supplied to main remote controller, however, the display on the main remote controller does not appear. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check LED2 on FTC. (See "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) When LED2 is lit. Check for damage or contact failure of the main remote controller wiring. (ii) When LED2 is blinking. Refer to No. 5 below. (iii) When LED2 is not lit. Refer to No. 4 below. 2. Check the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disconnection between the main remote controller cable and the FTC control board • Failure of the main remote controller if "Please Wait" is not displayed. • Refer to No. 2 below if "Please Wait" is displayed.
2	"Please Wait" remains displayed on the main remote controller.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "Please Wait" is displayed for up to 6 minutes. 2. Communication failure between the main remote controller and FTC 3. Communication failure between FTC and outdoor unit 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Normal operation, no action necessary. 2,3. Main remote controller start up checks/procedure <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) If "0%" or "50 to 99%" is displayed below "Please Wait" there is a communication error between the main remote controller and the FTC control board. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check wiring connections on the main remote controller. • Replace the main remote controller or the FTC control board. (ii) If "1 to 49%" is displayed there is a communication error between the outdoor unit's and FTC's control boards. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the wiring connections on the outdoor unit control board and the FTC control board. (Ensure S1 and S2 are not cross-wired and S3 is securely wired with no damage. See "7. FIELD WIRING".) • Replace the outdoor unit's and/or the FTC's control boards.
3	The main screen appears with a press of the "ON" button, but disappears in a second.	The main remote controller operations do not work for a while after the settings are changed in the service menu. This is because the system takes time to apply the changes.	<p>Normal operation, no action necessary.</p> <p>The indoor unit is applying updated settings made in the service menu. Normal operation will start shortly.</p>
4	LED2 on FTC is off. (See "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".)	<p>When LED1 on FTC is also off. (See "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".) <FTC powered via outdoor unit.></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The outdoor unit is not supplied at the rated voltage. 2. Defective outdoor controller circuit board 3. FTC is not supplied with 220 to 240 VAC. 4. FTC failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the voltage across the terminals L1 and L2 on the outdoor power board. (See "7. FIELD WIRING".) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When the voltage is not 187 to 253 VAC, check wiring of the outdoor unit and of the breaker. • When the voltage is at 187 to 253 VAC, go to "2." below. 2. Check the voltage across the outdoor unit terminals S1 and S2. (See "7. FIELD WIRING".) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When the voltage is not 187 to 253 VAC, check the fuse on the outdoor control board and check for faulty wiring. • When the voltage is 187 to 253 VAC, go to "3." below. 3. Check the voltage across the indoor unit terminals S1 and S2. (See "7. FIELD WIRING".) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When the voltage is not 187 to 253 VAC, check FTC-outdoor unit wiring for faults. • When the voltage is 187 to 253 VAC, go to "4." below. 4. Check the FTC control board. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the fuse on FTC control board. • Check for faulty wiring. • If no problem found with the wiring, the FTC control board is faulty.



No.	Fault symptom	Possible cause	Explanation - Solution
4	LED2 on FTC is off. (See "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".)	When LED1 on FTC is lit: Incorrect setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit (None of the refrigerant address is set to "0".)	Recheck the refrigerant address setting on the outdoor unit. Set the refrigerant address to "0". (Set refrigerant address with SW1(3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.)
5	LED2 on FTC is blinking. (See "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".)	When LED1 is also blinking on FTC: Faulty wiring between FTC and outdoor unit When LED1 on FTC is lit: 1. Faulty wiring in main remote controller Multiple indoor units have been wired to a single outdoor unit. 2. Short-circuited wiring in main remote controller 3. Main remote controller failure	Check for faulty wiring between FTC and outdoor unit. 1. Check for faulty wiring in main remote controller. The number of indoor units that can be wired to a single outdoor unit is one. Additional indoor units must be wired individually to a single outdoor unit. 2,3. Remove main remote controller wires and check LED2 on FTC. (See Figure 5.2.1. in installation manual) • If LED2 is blinking check for short circuits in the main remote controller wiring. • If LED2 is lit, wire the main remote controller again and: - if LED2 is blinking, the main remote controller is faulty; - if LED2 is lit, faulty wiring of the main remote controller has been corrected.
6	LED4 on FTC is off. (See "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".)	1. SD memory card is NOT inserted into the memory card slot with correct orientation. 2. Not an SD standards compliant memory card	1. Correctly insert SD memory card in place until a click is heard. 2. Use an SD standards compliant memory card. (Refer to "5.7 Using SD memory card" in installation manual)
	LED4 on FTC is blinking. (See "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".)	1. Full of data 2. Write-protected 3. NOT formatted 4. Formatted in NTFS file system	1. Move or delete data, or replace SD memory card with a new one. 2. Release the write-protect switch. 3. Refer to "5.7 Using SD memory card" in installation manual. 4. FTC is Not compatible with NTFS file system. Use an SD memory card formatted in FAT file system.
7	No water at hot tap	1. Cold main off 2. Strainer (local supply) blocked	1. Check and open stop cock. 2. Isolate water supply and clean strainer.
8	Cold water at tap	1. Hot water run out. 2. Prohibit, schedule timer or holiday mode selected or demand control input (IN4) or smart grid ready (switch-off command). 3. Heat pump not working 4. Booster heater cut-out tripped. 5. The earth leakage circuit breaker for booster heater breaker (ECB1) tripped. 6. The booster heater thermal cut-out has tripped and cannot be reset using the manual reset button. 7. Immersion heater cut-out tripped. 8. Immersion heater breaker (ECB2) tripped. 9. 3-way valve fault	1. Ensure DHW mode is operating and wait for DHW tank to re-heat. 2. Check settings and change as appropriate. 3. Check heat pump – consult outdoor unit service manual. 4. Check booster heater thermostat and press reset button if safe. Reset button is located on the side of booster heater, covered with white rubber cap. See "4. PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS" to find out its position. 5. Check the cause and reset if safe. 6. Check resistance across the thermal cut-out, if open then the connection is broken and the booster heater will have to be replaced. Contact your Mitsubishi Electric dealer. 7. Check immersion heater thermostat and press reset button, located on immersion heater boss, if safe. If the heater has been operated with no water inside it may have failed, so please replace it with a new one. 8. Check the cause and reset if safe. 9. Check plumbing/wiring to 3-way valve. (i) Manually override 3-way valve using the main remote controller. (Refer to <Manual operation> in section "9-4. Service menu".) If the valve does not still function, go to (ii) below. (ii) Replace 3-way valve.

No.	Fault symptom	Possible cause	Explanation - Solution
9	Water heating takes longer.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Heat pump not working Booster heater cut-out tripped. Booster heater breaker (ECB1) tripped. The booster heater thermal cut-out has tripped and cannot be reset using the manual reset button. Immersion heater cut-out has been triggered. Immersion heater breaker (ECB2) tripped. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check heat pump – consult outdoor unit service manual. Check booster heater thermostat and press reset button if safe. Reset button is located on the side of booster heater, covered with white rubber cap. See "4. PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS" to find out its position. Check the cause and reset if safe. Check resistance across the thermal cut-out, if open then connection is broken and the booster heater will have to be replaced. Contact your Mitsubishi Electric dealer. Check immersion heater thermostat and press reset button if safe. If the heater kept running with no water inside, this may have resulted in failure, so replace it with a new one. Check the cause and reset if safe.
10	Temperature of DHW tank water dropped.	<p>When DHW operation is not running, the DHW tank emits heat and the water temperature decreases to a certain level. If water in the DHW tank is reheated frequently because of a significant drop in water temperature, check for the following.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Water leakage in the pipes that connect to the DHW tank Insulation material coming loose or off 3-way valve failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Take the following measures. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retighten the nuts holding the pipes onto the DHW tank. Replace seal materials. Replace the pipes. Fix insulation. Check plumbing/wiring to 3-way valve. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Manually override 3-way valve using the main remote controller. (Refer to <Manual operation> in "9-4. Service Menu".) If the valve does not still function, go to (ii) below. Replace 3-way valve.
11	Hot or warm water from cold tap	Heat of hot water pipe is transferred to cold water pipe.	Insulate/re-route pipework.
12	Water leakage	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Poorly sealed connections of water circuit components Water circuit components reaching the end of life 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Tighten connections as required. Refer to PARTS CATALOG in the service manual for expected part lifetimes and replace them as necessary.
13	Heating system does not reach the set higher temperature.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Prohibit, schedule timer or holiday mode selected or demand control input (IN4) or smart grid ready (switch-off command). Check settings and change as appropriate. The temperature sensor is located in a room that has a different temperature relative to that of the rest of the house. Heat pump not working Booster heater cut-out tripped. Booster heater breaker (ECB1) tripped. The booster heater thermal cut-out tripped and cannot be reset using the manual reset button. Incorrectly sized heat emitter 3-way valve failure Battery problem (*wireless control only) If a mixing tank is installed, the flow rate between the mixing tank and the hydrobox is less than that between the mixing tank and the local system. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check settings and change as appropriate. Check the battery power and replace if flat. Relocate the temperature sensor to a more suitable room. Check heat pump – consult outdoor unit service manual. Check booster heater thermostat and press reset button if safe. Reset button is located on the side of booster heater, covered with white rubber cap. (See "4. PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS" for position.) Check the cause of the trip and reset if safe. Check resistance across the thermal cut-out, if open then the connection is broken and the booster heater will have to be replaced. Contact your Mitsubishi Electric dealer. Check the heat emitter surface area is adequate. Increase size if necessary. Check plumbing/wiring to 3-way valve. Check the battery power and replace if flat. Increase the flow rate between the mixing tank and the hydrobox or decrease that between the mixing tank and the local system.
14	Heating system does not reach the set lower temperature.	The heating system operates according to the heating pressure to prevent the low pressure system from frequent switching (ON/OFF) of the compressor.	Normal operation, no action necessary.

No.	Fault symptom	Possible cause	Explanation - Solution
15	In 2-zone temperature control, only Zone2 does not reach the set temperature.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> When Zone1 and Zone2 are both in heating mode, the hot water temperature in Zone2 does not exceed that in Zone1. Faulty wiring of motorized mixing valve Faulty installation of motorized mixing valve Incorrect setting of Running time Motorized mixing valve failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Normal operation, no action necessary. Refer to "3.2 Wiring for 2-zone temperature control" in installation manual. Check for correct installation. (Refer to the manual included with each motorized mixing valve.) Check for correct setting of Running time. Inspect the mixing valve. (Refer to the manual included with each motorized mixing valve.)
16	When a PUAZ-FRP outdoor unit is connected, DHW or Heating operation cannot run.	The outdoor unit is set to have operation of the indoor unit of air conditioner take precedence over that of the hydrobox, and in the main remote controller settings "Electric heater (Heating)" or "Electric heater (DHW)" is turned off.	Turn ON Electric heater (Heating) or Electric heater (DHW) using the main remote controller.
17	When a PUAZ-FRP outdoor unit is connected and is in heat recovery operation, the set temperature is not reached.	When the outdoor unit is set to have cooling operation of the indoor unit of air conditioner take precedence over that of the hydrobox, the outdoor unit controls the frequency of the compressor according to the load of air conditioner. The DHW and heating run according to that frequency.	Normal operation, no action necessary. If Air-to-Water system is given priority in operation, comp Hz can be regulated depending on the load of DHW or Heating. For more details, refer to the PUAZ-FRP installation manual.
18	After DHW operation, room temperature rises slightly.	At the end of the DHW mode operation the 3-way valve diverts hot water away from the DHW circuit into space heating circuit. This is done to prevent the hydrobox components from overheating. The amount of hot water directed into the space heating circuit varies according to the type of the system and of the pipe run between the plate heat exchanger and the hydrobox.	Normal operation, no action necessary.
19	The room temperature rises during DHW operation.	3-way valve failure	Check the 3-way valve.
20	Water discharges from pressure relief valve. (Primary circuit)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> If continual – pressure relief valve may be damaged. If intermittent – expansion vessel charge may have reduced/bladder perished. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Turn the handle on the pressure relief valve to check for foreign objects in it. If the problem is not still solved, replace the pressure relief valve with a new one. Check pressure in expansion vessel. Recharge to 1 bar if necessary. If bladder perished, replace expansion vessel with a new one.
21	Water discharges from pressure relief valve (field supplied item). (Sanitary circuit)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> If continual – field supplied pressure reducing valve not working. If continual – pressure relief valve seat may be damaged. If intermittent – expansion vessel charge may have reduced/bladder perished. DHW tank may have subjected to backflow. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check function of pressure reducing valve and replace if necessary. Turn the handle on the pressure relief valve to check for foreign objects inside. If the problem is not still solved, replace the pressure relief valve. Check gas-side pressure in expansion vessel. Recharge to correct precharge pressure if necessary. If bladder perished, replace expansion vessel with a new one with appropriate pre-charge. Check the pressure in DHW tank. If pressure in DHW tank is similar to that in the incoming mains, cold water supply that merges with incoming mains water supply could flow back to DHW tank. Investigate source of back-feed and rectify error in pipework/fitting configuration. Adjust pressure in cold supply.
22	Noisy water circulation pump	Air in water circulation pump	Use manual and automatic air vents to remove air from system. Top up water if necessary to achieve 1 bar on primary circuit.
23	Noise during hot water draw off typically worse in the morning.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Loose airing cupboard pipework Heaters switching on/off 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Install extra pipe fastening clips. Normal operation, no action necessary.
24	Mechanical noise heard coming from the hydrobox.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Heaters switching on/off 3-way valve changing position between DHW and heating mode 	Normal operation, no action necessary.
25	Water circulation pump runs for a short time unexpectedly.	Water circulation pump jam prevention mechanism (routine) to inhibit the build-up of scale	Normal operation, no action necessary.
26	Milky/Cloudy water (Sanitary circuit)	Oxygenated water	Water from any pressurised system will release oxygen bubbles when water is running. The bubbles will settle out.
27	Heating mode has been on standby for a long time (does not start operation smoothly.)	The time of "Delay" set in "Economy settings for pump" is too short. (Go to "Service menu" → "Auxiliary settings" → "Economy settings for pump").	Increase the time of "Delay" in "Economy settings for pump".

No.	Fault symptom	Possible cause	Explanation - Solution																
28	The hydrobox that was running in the heating mode before power failure is running in the DHW mode after power recovery.	The hydrobox is designed to run in an operation mode with a higher priority (i.e. DHW mode in this case) at power recovery.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Normal operation, no action necessary. After the DHW max. operation time has elapsed or the DHW max. temperature has been reached, the DHW mode switches to the other mode (ex. Heating mode). 																
29	Cooling mode is NOT available.	DIP SW2-4 is OFF.	Turn DIP SW2-4 to ON. (Refer to "6-2. DIP switch functions".)																
30	The cooling system does not cool down to the set temperature.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> When the water in the circulation circuit is unduly hot, Cooling mode starts with a delay for the protection of the outdoor unit. When the outdoor ambient temperature is lower than the preset temperature that activates the freeze stat. function, Cooling mode does not start running. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Normal operation, no action necessary. To run Cooling mode overriding the freeze stat. function, adjust the preset temperature that activates the freeze stat. function. (Refer to [Freeze stat function] in the section <Operation settings>.) 																
31	The electric heaters are activated shortly after DHW or LP mode starts running after Cooling mode.	The setting time period of Heat-pump-only operation is short.	Adjust the setting time period of Heat-pump only operation. (Refer to "[Electric heater (DHW)] in the section <Auxiliary settings>.)																
32	During DHW or LP mode following the cooling mode, error L6 (circulation water freeze protection error) occurs and the system stops all the operations.	The unit runs in Cooling mode when the outdoor ambient temperature is lower than 50°F (10°C) (outside of the guaranteed operating range). (When defrosting operation is running at such a low outdoor ambient temperature after Cooling mode is switched to DHW or LP mode, the water temperature in the cooling circuit drops too low, which could result in L6 error to stop all the operations.	<p>Do not run Cooling operation when the outdoor ambient temperature is lower than 50°F (10°C). To automatically stop or recover only Cooling operation and keep other operations running, the freeze stat. function can be used. Set the preset temperature that activates the freeze stat. function to adjust the outdoor ambient temperature as follows. (Refer to [Freeze stat function] in the section <Operation settings>.)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Outdoor ambient temperature</th> <th>Cooling operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>37.4°F (3°C) higher than the preset temperature</td> <td>Stop</td> </tr> <tr> <td>41°F (5°C) higher than the preset temperature</td> <td>Recover</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Outdoor ambient temperature	Cooling operation	37.4°F (3°C) higher than the preset temperature	Stop	41°F (5°C) higher than the preset temperature	Recover										
Outdoor ambient temperature	Cooling operation																		
37.4°F (3°C) higher than the preset temperature	Stop																		
41°F (5°C) higher than the preset temperature	Recover																		
33	<p>The energy monitor value seems not correct.</p> <p>Note: There could be some discrepancies between the actual and the calculated values. If you seek for accuracy, please make sure to connect power meter(s) and heat meter to FTC board. Both should be locally supplied.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect setting of the energy monitor Non-connectable type of external meter (local supply) is connected. External meter (local supply) failure FTC board failure 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check the setting by following the procedure below. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Check if the DIP switch is set as the table below. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Consumed electric energy</th> <th colspan="2">Delivered heat energy</th> </tr> <tr> <th>SW3-4</th> <th>Electric energy meter (Local supply)</th> <th>SW3-8</th> <th>Heat meter (Local supply)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>OFF</td> <td>Without</td> <td>OFF</td> <td>Without</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ON</td> <td>With</td> <td>ON</td> <td>With</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> In the case external electric energy meter and/or heat meter is not used, check if the setting for electric heater and water pump(s) input is correct by referring to <Energy monitor setting> in "9-4 Service menu". In the case external electric energy meter and/or heat meter is used, check if the unit of output pulse on external meter matches with the one set at the main remote controller by referring to <Energy monitor setting> in "9-4. Service menu". Check if the external meter (local supply) is connectable type by referring to <Energy monitor setting> in "9-4 Service menu". Check if signal is sent to IN8 to IN10 properly. (Refer to "6. WIRING DIAGRAM".) Replace the external heat meter if defective. Check the FTC control board. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check for faulty wiring. If no problem found with the wiring, the FTC control board is faulty. Replace the board. 	Consumed electric energy		Delivered heat energy		SW3-4	Electric energy meter (Local supply)	SW3-8	Heat meter (Local supply)	OFF	Without	OFF	Without	ON	With	ON	With
Consumed electric energy		Delivered heat energy																	
SW3-4	Electric energy meter (Local supply)	SW3-8	Heat meter (Local supply)																
OFF	Without	OFF	Without																
ON	With	ON	With																
34	Heat pump is forced to turn ON and OFF.	Smart grid ready input (IN11 and IN12) is used, and switch-on and off commands are input.	Normal operation, no action necessary.																

Annual Maintenance

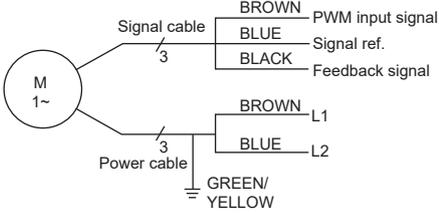
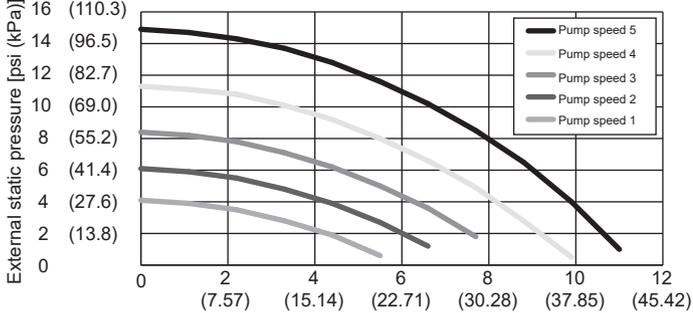
It is essential that the hydrobox is serviced at least once a year by a qualified individual any spare parts required MUST be purchased from Mitsubishi Electric (safety matter).

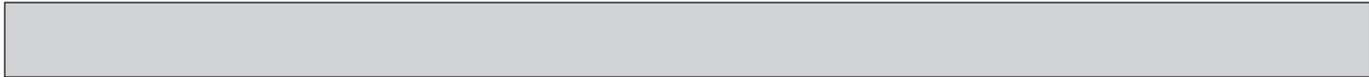
NEVER bypass safety devices or operate the unit without them being fully operational.

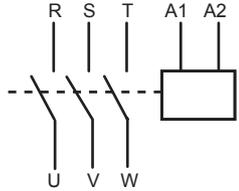
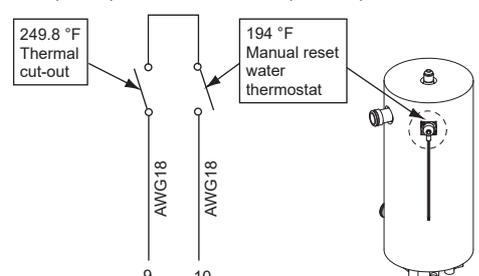
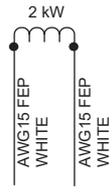
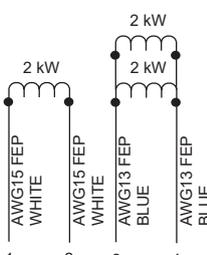
<Annual maintenance points>

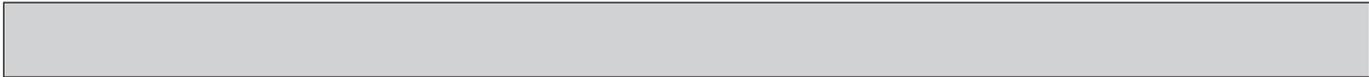
Use the Annual Maintenance Log Book ("13-1. Annual Maintenance") as a guide to carrying out the necessary checks on the hydrobox and outdoor unit.

10-6. Checking Component Parts' Function

Part Name		Checkpoints			
<Recommended water flow rate range>					
Outdoor heat pump unit		Water flow rate range		Recommended flow *1	
		L/min	gallon/min	L/min	gallon/min
Split model	WUZ-SA24NMZ	7.2 - 22.9	1.9 - 6.1	14.3	3.8
	WUZ-SA36NMZ	7.2 - 28.7	1.9 - 7.6	17.9	4.7
	WUZ-SA48NMZ	10.0 - 34.4 *3	2.6 - 9.1	25.1 *2	6.6
<Table 10.6.1>					
Notes:					
1. If the water flow rate is less than the minimum flow rate setting of the flow sensor (default 1.3 GPM [5.0 L/min]), the flow rate error will be activated.					
2. If the water flow rate exceeds 9.7 GPM (36.9 L/min), the flow speed will be greater than 6.6 ft/s (2.0 m/s), which could erode the pipes.					
*1 Flow rate recommended for installation					
*2 With buffer tank					
*3 If you want to secure the maximum flow rate, please install an additional pump.					
		<Water Circulation Pump Characteristics>  <p style="text-align: center;">Flow rate [GPM (L/min)] <Figure 10.6.1></p>			



Part Name	Checkpoints									
<p>Earth leakage circuit breaker for heater</p>	<p>If a short circuit occurs on the booster heater, immersion heater, or each power supply wire, a short-circuit breaker will trip and power source will be blocked. Eliminate the causes of short circuit and then turn on the breaker again.</p>									
<p>Relay for heater</p> 	<p>When the applied voltage is not 187 to 253 VAC across the terminals A1-A2, check the terminals R-U, S-V, and T-W are open. When the applied voltage is 187 to 253 VAC across the terminals A1-A2, check the terminals R-U, S-V, and T-W are short.</p>									
<p>Booster heater</p> <p>Thermostat (194°F) and thermal cut out (249.8°F)</p> 	<p>Measure the resistance between the terminals with a multimeter.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="774 702 1396 755"> <thead> <tr> <th>Terminal</th> <th>Normal</th> <th>Abnormal</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>9-10</td> <td>< 110 mΩ</td> <td>Open or Short</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Terminal	Normal	Abnormal	9-10	< 110 mΩ	Open or Short			
Terminal	Normal	Abnormal								
9-10	< 110 mΩ	Open or Short								
<p>2 kW heater (230 V, 1 phase)</p> 	<table border="1" data-bbox="774 1042 1396 1095"> <thead> <tr> <th>Terminal</th> <th>Normal</th> <th>Abnormal</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1-2</td> <td>26.5(+3/-1.3) Ω</td> <td>Open or Short</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Terminal	Normal	Abnormal	1-2	26.5(+3/-1.3) Ω	Open or Short			
Terminal	Normal	Abnormal								
1-2	26.5(+3/-1.3) Ω	Open or Short								
<p>2 + 4 kW heater (230 V, 1 phase)</p> 	<table border="1" data-bbox="774 1298 1396 1372"> <thead> <tr> <th>Terminal</th> <th>Normal</th> <th>Abnormal</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1-2</td> <td>26.5(+3/-1.3) Ω</td> <td>Open or Short</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3-4</td> <td>13.3(+1.5/-0.6) Ω</td> <td>Open or Short</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Terminal	Normal	Abnormal	1-2	26.5(+3/-1.3) Ω	Open or Short	3-4	13.3(+1.5/-0.6) Ω	Open or Short
Terminal	Normal	Abnormal								
1-2	26.5(+3/-1.3) Ω	Open or Short								
3-4	13.3(+1.5/-0.6) Ω	Open or Short								

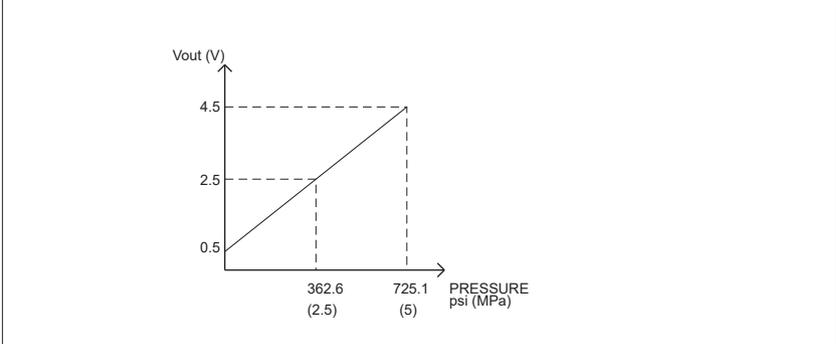
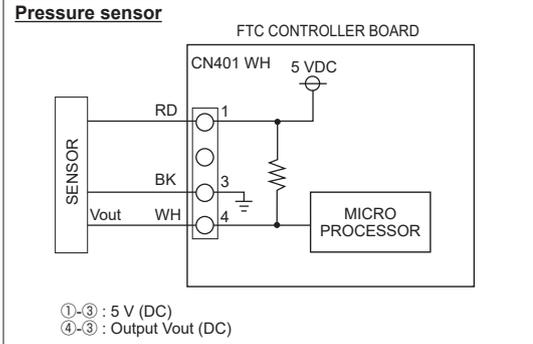
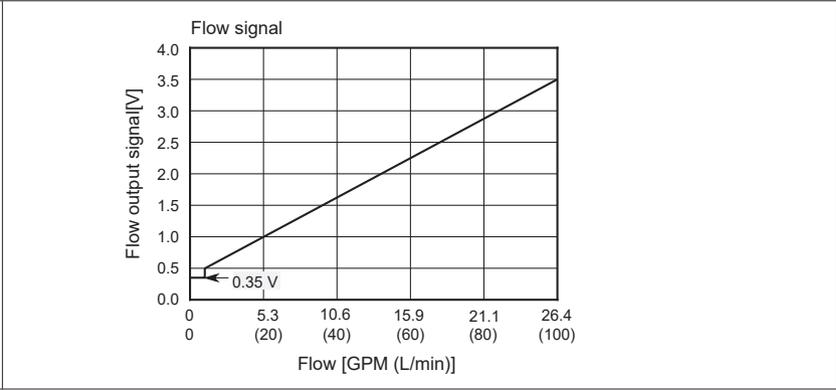
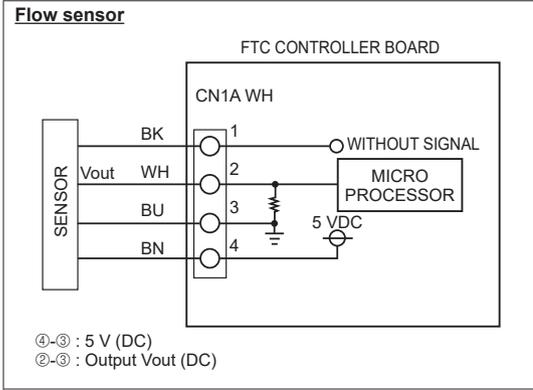


Part Name	Checkpoints
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Thermistors

Disconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a multimeter.
(At ambient temperatures of 50 to 86°F.)

Thermistor	Normal	Abnormal
TH1	4.3 to 9.5 kΩ	Open or short
TH2		
THW1		
THW2		
THW5B		
THW6		
THW7	40 to 100 kΩ	Open or short
THWB1		



<Thermistors Characteristics Charts>

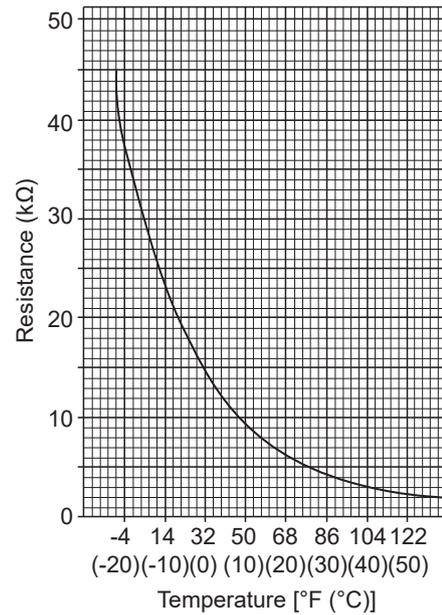
- Room temperature thermistor (TH1)
- Refrigerant liquid temperature thermistor (TH2)
- Flow water temperature thermistor (THW1)
- Return water temperature thermistor (THW2)
- DHW tank water temperature thermistor (THW5A/5B)
- Zone1 flow temperature thermistor (THW6)
- Zone1 return temperature thermistor (THW7)

Thermistor R0 = 15 kΩ ± 3%

B constant = 3480 ± 2%

$$R_t = 15 \exp \left\{ 3480 \left(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273} \right) \right\}$$

32°F (0°C)	15 kΩ
50°F (10°C)	9.6 kΩ
68°F (20°C)	6.3 kΩ
77°F (25°C)	5.2 kΩ
86°F (30°C)	4.3 kΩ
104°F (40°C)	3.0 kΩ



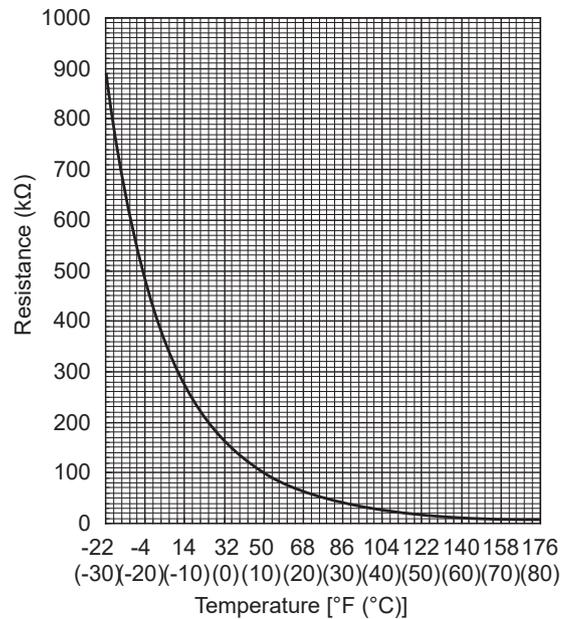
- Boiler flow temperature thermistor (THWB1)

Thermistor R100 = 3.3 kΩ ± 2%

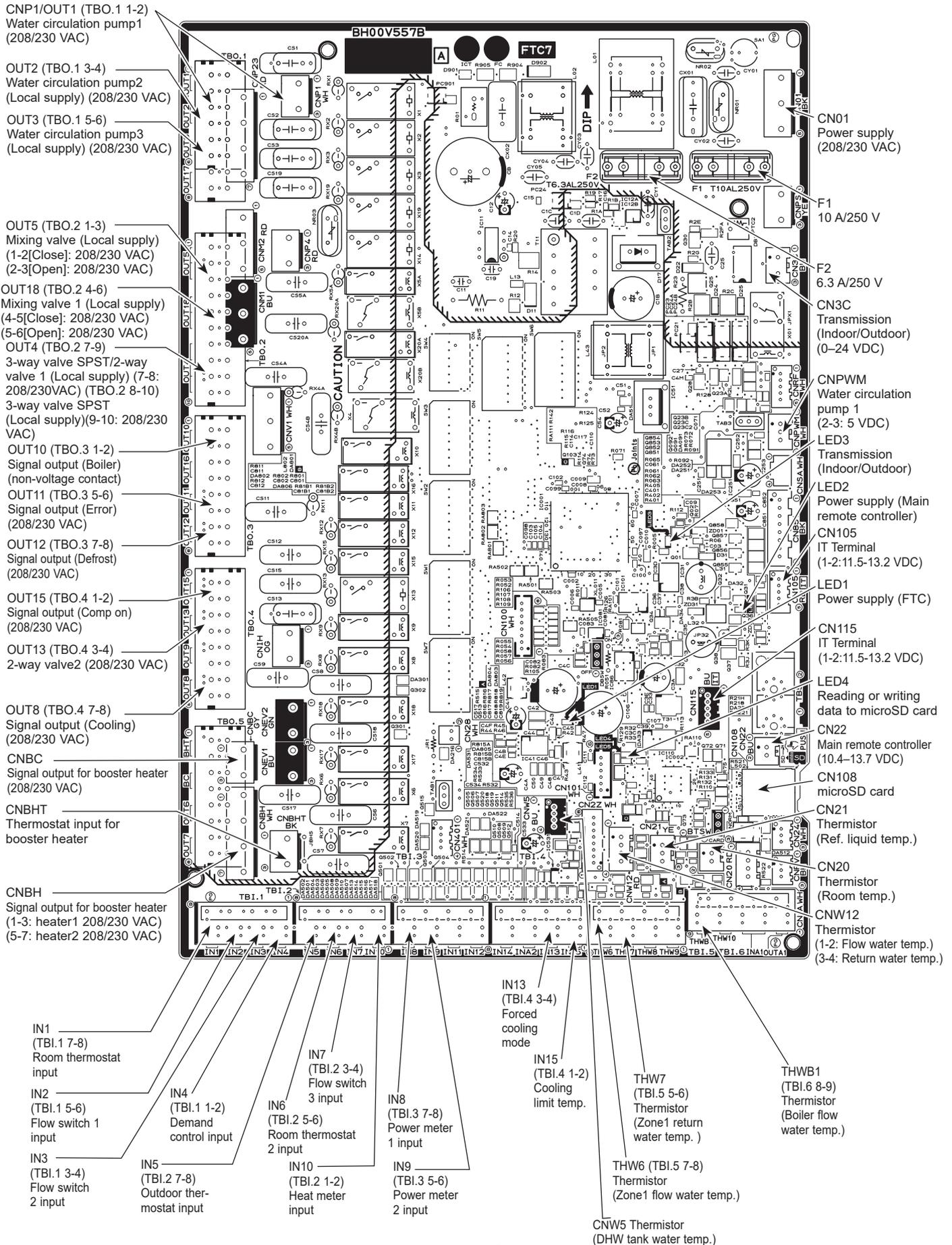
B constant = 3970 ± 1%

$$R_t = 3.3 \exp \left\{ 3970 \left(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273+100} \right) \right\}$$

32°F (0°C)	162.8 kΩ
50°F (10°C)	97.4 kΩ
68°F (20°C)	60.3 kΩ
77°F (25°C)	48.1 kΩ
86°F (30°C)	38.6 kΩ
104°F (40°C)	25.4 kΩ
122°F (50°C)	17.1 kΩ
140°F (60°C)	11.9 kΩ
158°F (70°C)	8.4 kΩ
176°F (80°C)	6.0 kΩ



10-7. Test point diagram FTC (Controller board)



<Preparation for the repair service>

- Prepare the proper tools.
- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the hydrobox and outdoor unit, turn off all the power-supply breaker.
- Discharge the condenser before the work involving the electric parts.
- Allow parts to cool.
- Do not expose the electric parts to water.
- When replacing or servicing water circuit parts, drain system first.

Check individual illustrations and positions of the parts by referring to the parts catalogue.

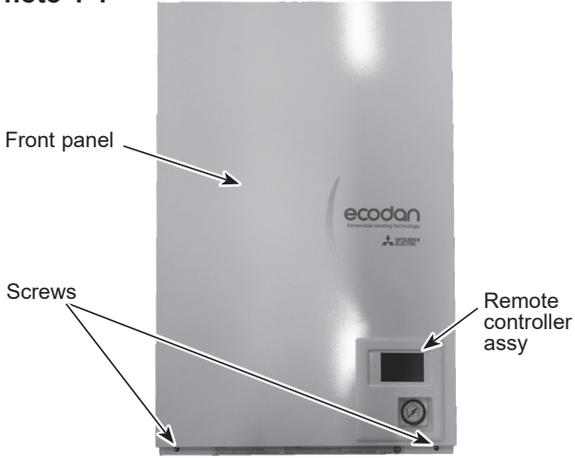
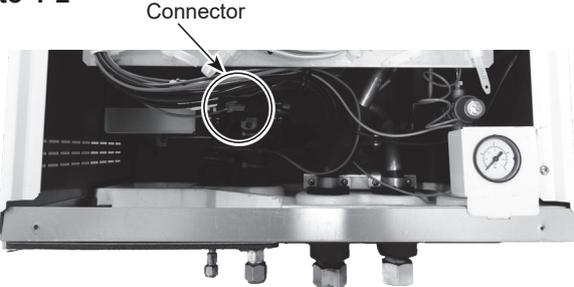
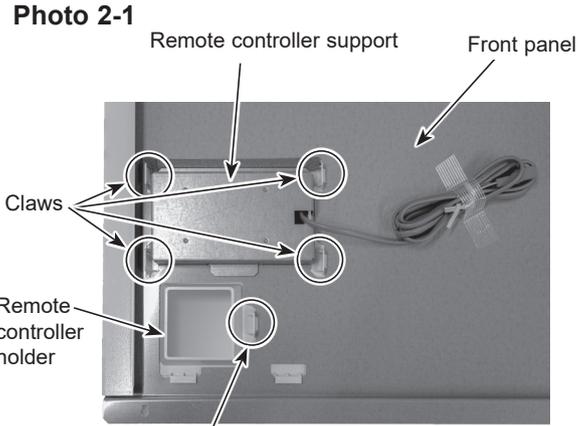
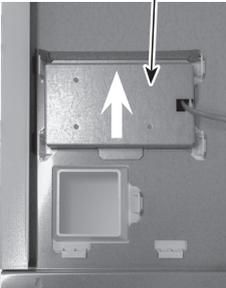
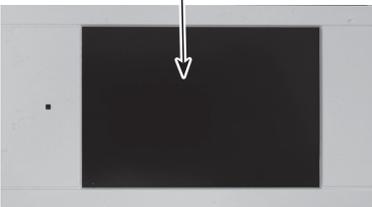
Some lead wires and pipes are bundled with bands. Cut the bands to undo the fastened pipes and lead wires if necessary. When bundling the lead wires and pipes again, use new commercially available bands.

When removing the parts associated with water pipe work, drain the hydrobox as necessary. (Refer to "Draining the Hydrobox" in "8. WATER SYSTEM DIAGRAM".)

When draining the hydrobox, keep water from splashing on the internal parts (mainly electric parts and insulations).

—————> : Indicates the visible parts in the photos/figures.

-----> : Indicates the invisible parts in the photos/figures.

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE	PHOTOS/ FIGURES
<p>1. How to remove the front panel</p> <p>(1) Remove the 2 screws at the bottom of the hydrobox. (Photo 1-1)</p> <p>(2) Slightly lift and pull out the front panel from the hydrobox. (Photo 1-1)</p> <p>(3) Disconnect the relay connector connecting from the remote controller assy. (Photo 1-2)</p>	<p>Photo 1-1</p>  <p>Front panel</p> <p>Screws</p> <p>Remote controller assy</p>
<p>Photo 1-2</p>  <p>Connector</p>	<p>2. How to remove the remote controller assy</p> <p>(1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)</p> <p>(2) Turn the front panel over and remove the 5 claws at the remote controller holder. (Photo 2-1)</p> <p>(3) Slide the remote controller support upward, then remove it together with the main remote controller. (Photo 2-2)</p> <p>(4) Separate the remote controller assy from the remote controller support. (Photo 2-3)</p> <p>Photo 2-1</p>  <p>Remote controller support</p> <p>Front panel</p> <p>Claws</p> <p>Remote controller holder</p> <p>Claw</p> <p>Photo 2-2</p>  <p>Remote controller support</p> <p>Photo 2-3</p>  <p>Remote controller assy</p>

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

3. How to remove the electrical parts

(Steps (1) through (3) are applied to all the following parts.)

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Loosen the clamp attached to the bottom of the control box and remove the wiring from clamp. (See Photo 3-1)
- (3) Remove the 4 screws holding the control box. (Photo 3-2)
- (4) Slightly lift and pull out the control box. (Photo 3-2)

<Earth leakage circuit breaker> (Photo 3-3)

- (5) Disconnect all the lead wires from the earth leakage circuit breaker.
 - (6) Remove the 2 screws on the earth leakage circuit breaker.
- Note: To avoid dropping of the breaker, hold the breaker by hand when removing the last screws.

<Contactor> (Photo 3-3)

- (5) Disconnect all the lead wires from the contactors.
 - (6) Remove the 2 screws on each contactor.
- Note: To avoid dropping of the contactors, hold the contactors by hand when removing the last screws.
To prevent an electrical shock, wait until all the LED lamps on the FTC control board are turned off.

<Terminal block> (Photo 3-3)

- (5) Disconnect all the lead wires from the terminal block. (To disconnect the S1, S2 and S3 lead wires, disengage the locks by pressing on the claws.)
 - (6) Remove the screw on the terminal block.
- Note: To avoid dropping of the terminal block, hold the terminal block by hand when removing the screw.

<Controller board> (Photo 3-4)

- (5) Disconnect all the lead wires from the controller board.
- (6) Remove the controller board from the 4 board supports.

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 3-1

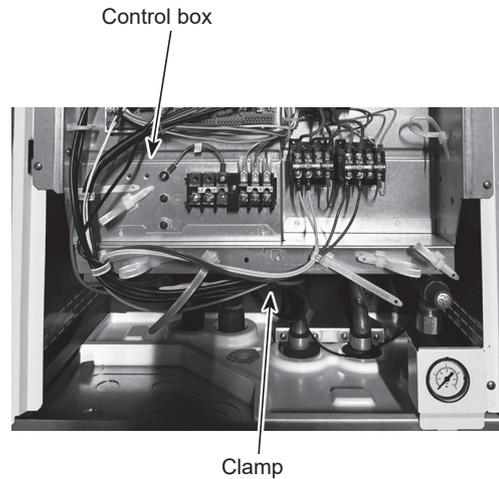


Photo 3-2

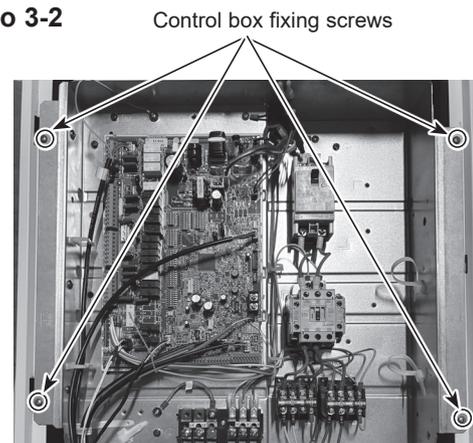


Photo 3-3

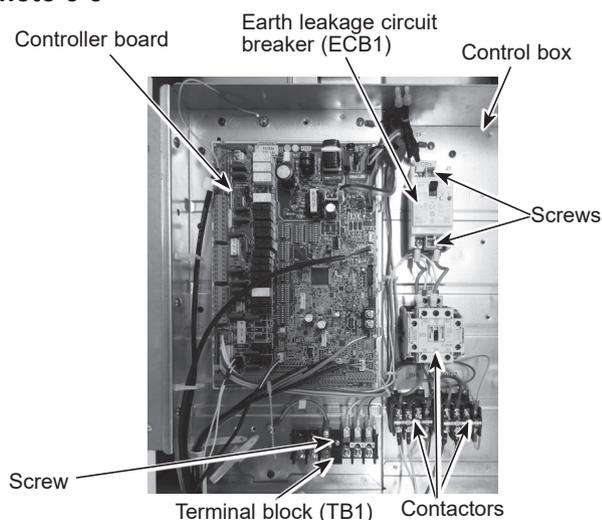
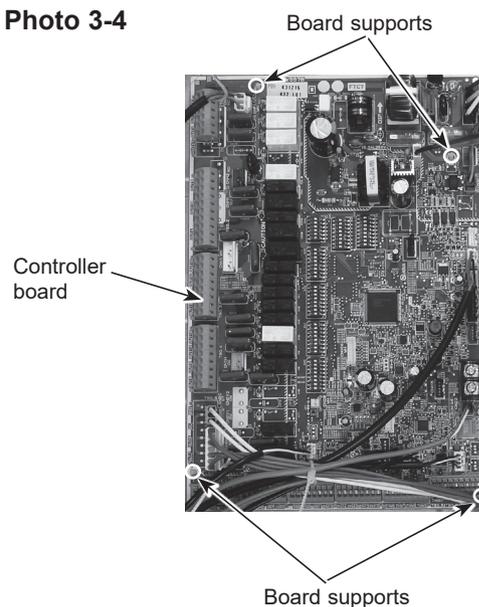


Photo 3-4



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

4. How to swing the control box to the front

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Remove the 2 screws from the control box bracket (R) and the 2 screws from the control box bracket (L). (Photo 4-1) Please release the cable clamp that is bundling the wiring.
- (3) Disengage the control box bracket (R) from the right-hand side panel and pull the control box. At this point, lifting slightly and pulling the control box will swing the control box to the front. (Photo 4-2)

Note: Disconnect the field wiring as necessary.

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 4-1

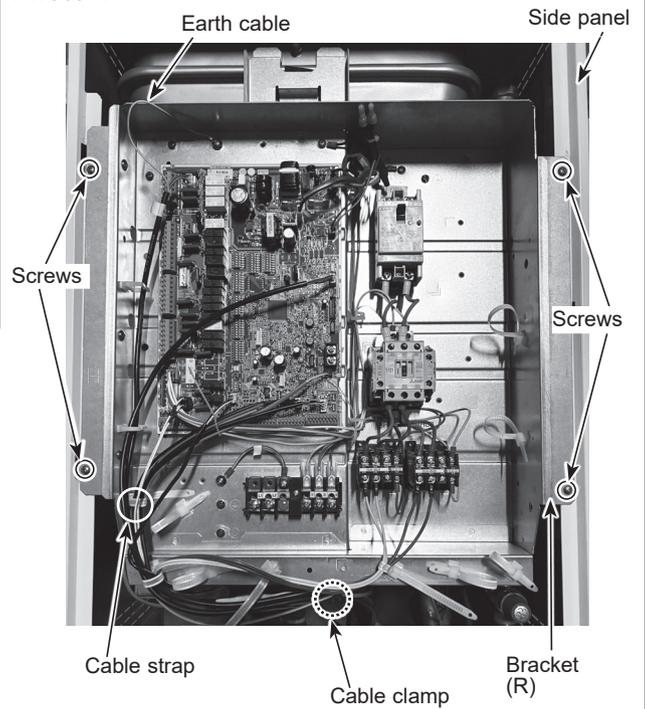
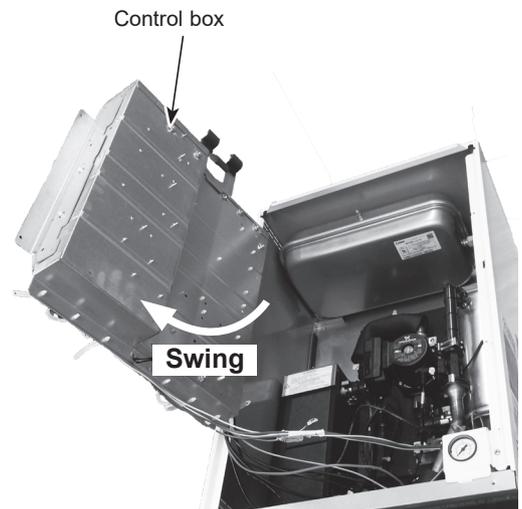


Photo 4-2



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

5. How to remove water pump/ pump elbow

<Water pump>

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Disconnect the CNP1 connector, the earth cable, and the CNPWM connector on the controller board. (Photo 5-1)
- (3) Release the water pump lead wire from the fastener, the 2 cable clamps and the 2 cable straps. Feed the lead wire out the control box without putting strain on the CNP1 and the CNPWM connectors. (Photo 5-1)
- (4) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- (5) Remove the G1" nuts using 2 spanners: one to hold the G1" nut and the other to turn the other side of G1" nut.
 - When reinstalling the G1" nuts, use new G1" gaskets. (Photo 5-3)
 - Set the water pump in the way that the die stamped arrow facing down, and the lead wire connectors facing to the left. (Photo 5-2)
 - Be sure to change the pump and the water pump lead wire together.
 - Be sure to wipe water around the surface of the pump and the water pump lead wire thoroughly.

<Pump elbow>

- (6) Remove the 2 screws fixing the pump elbow stay. (Photo 5-2)
 - (7) Remove the pump elbow by detaching the different diameter quick connection. (Photo 5-2)
 - When reinstalling the different diameter quick connection, use new O-ring.
 - Reuse the removed pump elbow stay and the pump elbow stay fixing screws. (Photo 5-2)
 - Refer to Procedure 16 for how to attach and detach the quick connection.
- Note: Skip Steps (2) and (3) above when replacing the pump elbows only.

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 5-1

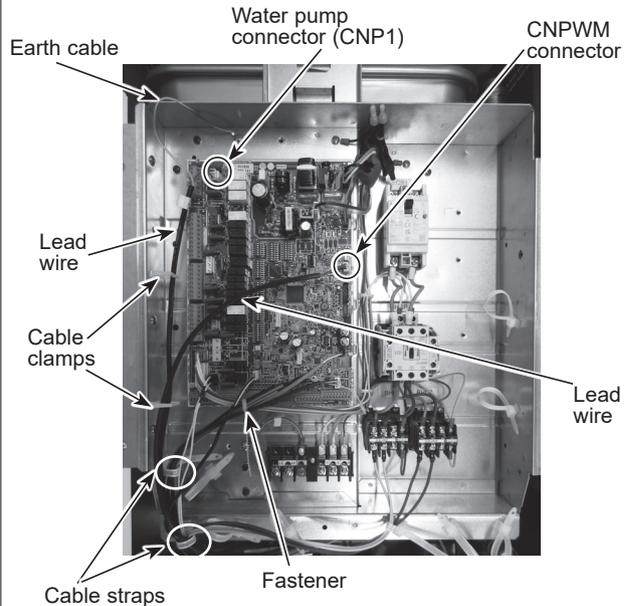


Photo 5-2

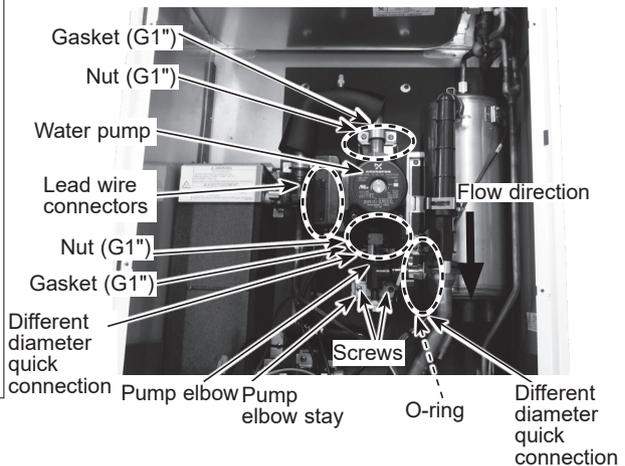
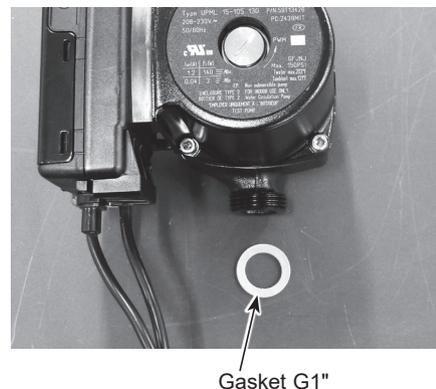


Photo 5-3



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

6. How to remove the flow sensor

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Disconnect the CN1A connector on the controller board. (Photo 6-1)
- (3) Release the flow sensor lead wire from the fastener and the 2 cable straps. Feed the lead wire out the control box without putting strain on the CN1A connector. (Photo 6-1)
- (4) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- (5) Remove the flow sensor by detaching the same diameter quick connections. (Photo 6-2)
 - When reinstalling the flow sensor, use new O-rings. (Photo 6-3)
 - Set the flow sensor in the orientation of the arrow printed on the flow sensor and in the way that the sensor part faces to the left. (Photo 6-2)

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 6-1

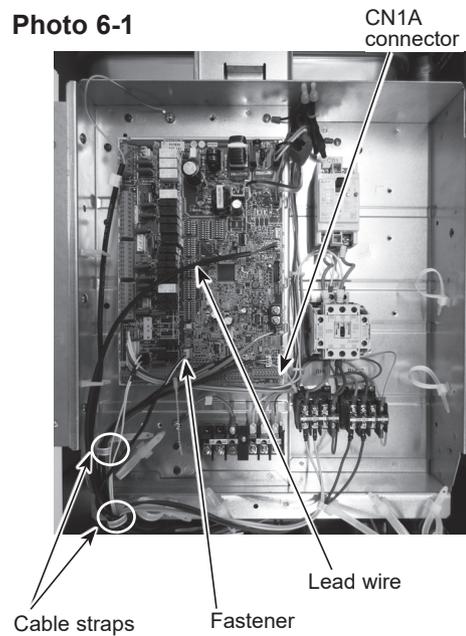


Photo 6-3

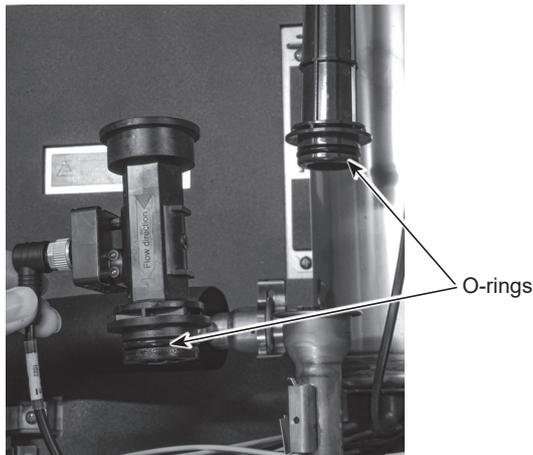
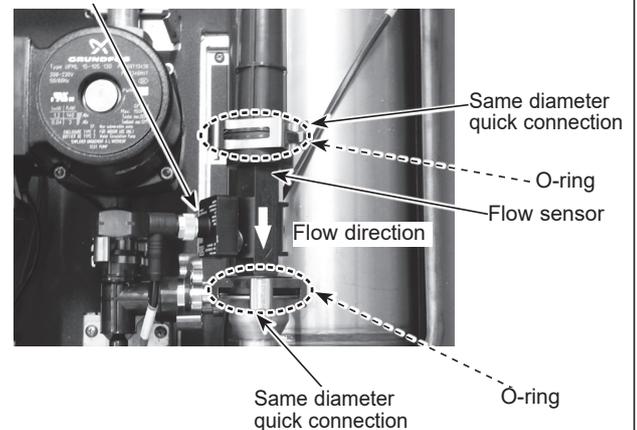


Photo 6-2

Sensor part

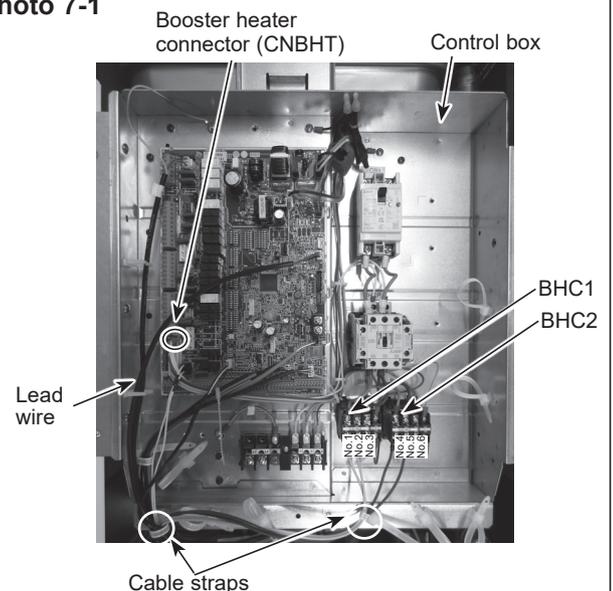


7. How to remove the booster heater

(Steps (1) through (4) are applied to all the following units.)

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
 - (2) Disconnect the booster heater lead wires from the CNBHT connector on the controller board and from the BHC1 (Lead wire No.1, No.2 and No.3) and BHC2 (Lead wire No.4, No. 5 and No.6) contactors respectively. (Photo 7-1)
 - (3) Release the booster heater lead wire from the 2 cable straps. Feed the lead wires out the control box without putting strain on the CNBHT connector, the BHC1 and BHC2 contactors. (Photo 7-1)
 - (4) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- Note: Do not mix up the lead wire numbers when re-connecting the lead wires to the contactors as the lead wire numbers are different depending on the models.

Photo 7-1



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

7. How to remove the booster heater

- (5) Remove the pump elbow. (Refer to Procedure 5.)
- (6) Remove the flow sensor. (Refer to Procedure 6.)
- (7) Remove the L joint and the pipe (B.H.-F.S.) by detaching the different diameter quick connections. (Photos 7-2 and 7-3)
 - When reinstalling the quick connection, use new O-ring.
 - Refer to Procedure 16 for how to attach and detach the quick connection.
- (8) Remove the flare nut. (Photos 7-2 and 7-3)
- (9) Remove the pipe (PUMP-B.H.) by detaching the different diameter quick connection. (Photo 7-2)
- (10) Remove the 2 screws that hold the heater stay onto the back panel. Lift the booster heater slightly and remove the booster heater with the heater stay from the back panel. (Photos 7-2 and 7-3)
- (11) Remove the 2 screws on the back of the heater stay and remove the heater stay from the booster heater. (Photo 7-3)
 - Reuse the removed heater stay and the screws.

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 7-2

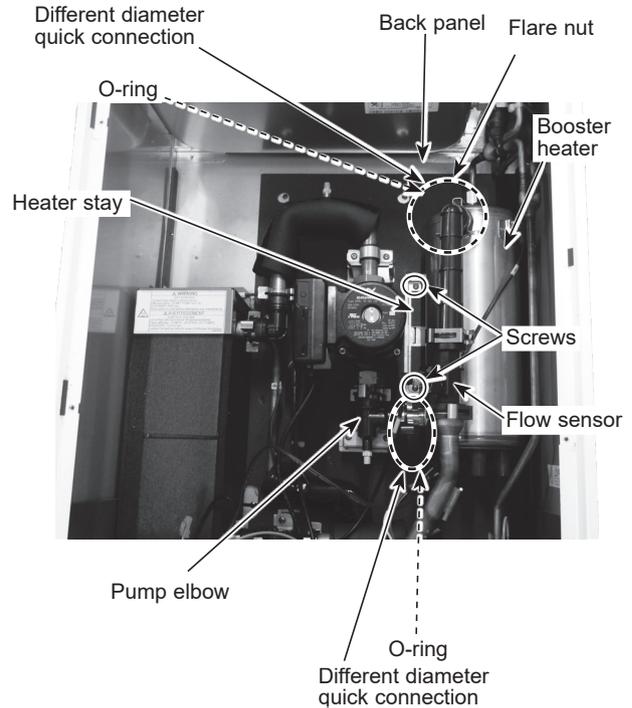
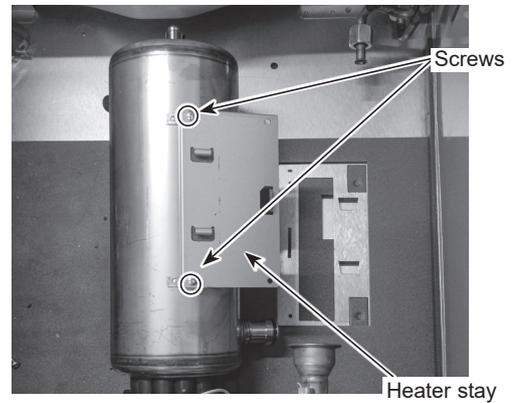


Photo 7-3



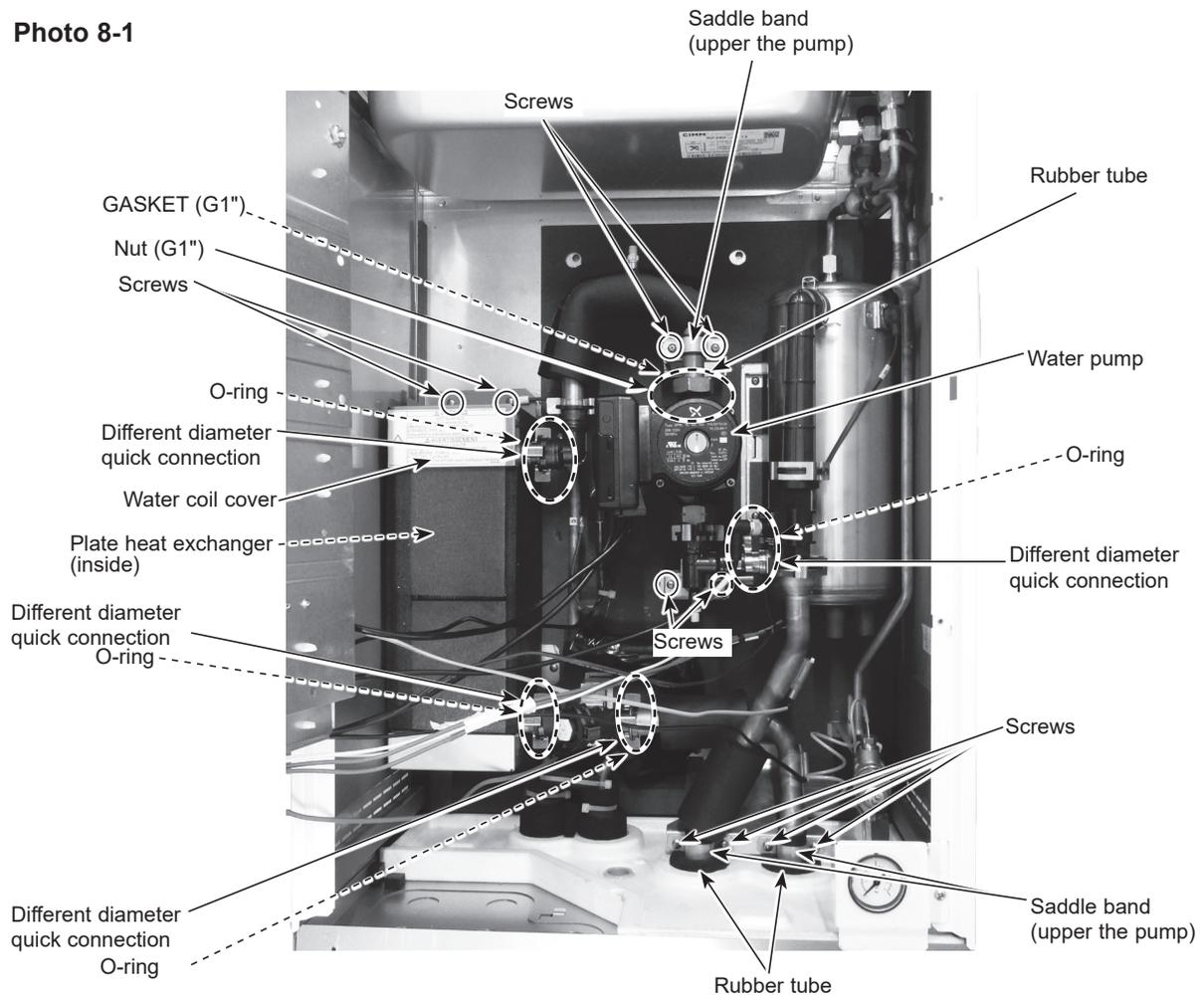
DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

8. How to remove the plate heat exchanger

- (1) Pump down the refrigerant circuit and close the stop valve on the outdoor unit. (Refer to "12. Supplementary information".)
- (2) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (3) Loosen the clamp attached to the bottom of the control box and remove the wiring from clamp. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (4) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- (5) Remove the expansion vessel. (Refer to Procedure 12.)
- (6) Remove the saddle band (upper the pump) and the rubber tube by removing the 2 screws on the saddle band. (Photo 8-1)
- (7) Remove the water pump and the pump elbow by removing the 2 screws on the pump elbow stay.
 - When reinstalling the quick connection, use a new O-ring.
 - Refer to Procedure 16 for how to attach and detach the quick connection.
- (8) Remove the flare nuts on the gas and liquid pipes under the hydrobox using 2 spanners: one to hold each flare joint and the other to turn each flare nut.

Photo 8-1

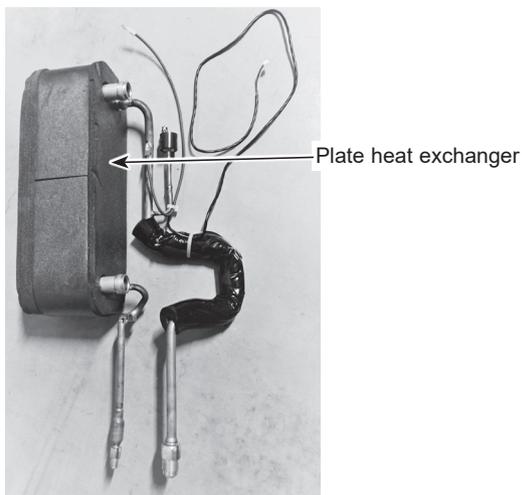


DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

8. How to remove the plate heat exchanger (continued)

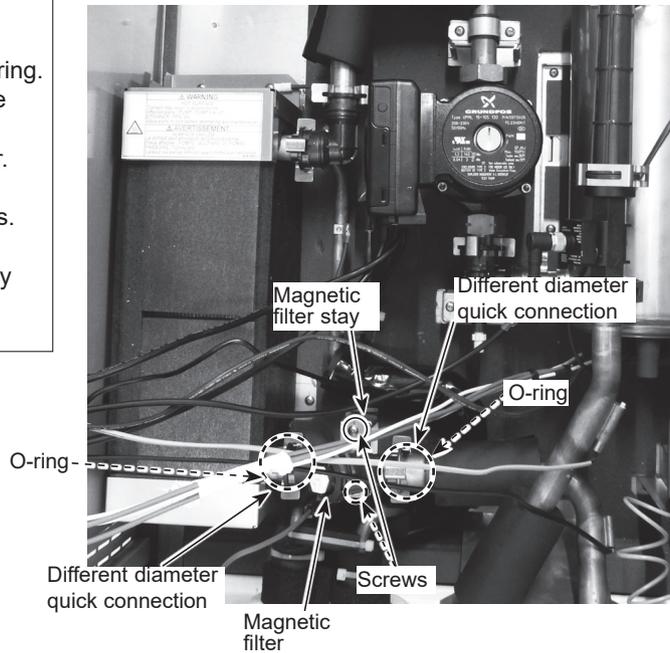
- (9) Remove the magnetic filter by removing the 2 quick connections.
 - When reinstalling the quick connections, use a new O-ring.
 - Refer to Procedure 16 for how to attach and detach the quick connection.
- (10) Remove the TH2 thermistor from the thermistor holder. (Refer to Procedure 14. Photo 14-2)
- (11) Remove the water coil cover by removing the 2 screws. (Photo 8-1)
- (12) Pull out the plate heat exchanger from the hydrobox by lifting it upward. (Photos 8-2 and 8-3)

Photo 8-3

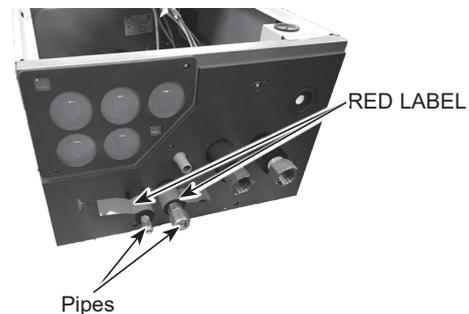


PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 8-2



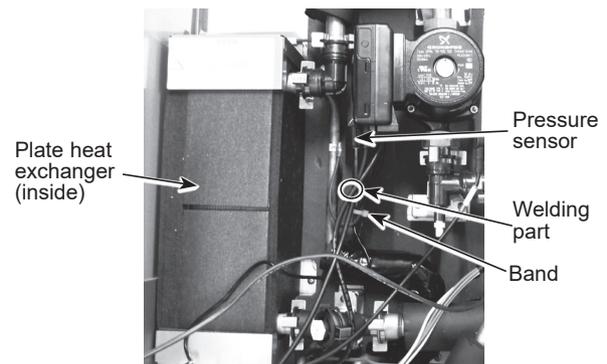
After installing the water coil assy to the hydrobox, please attach the red label to the pipes. (For details, please refer to the notice included with the water coil assy (service part).)



9. How to remove the pressure sensor

- (1) Remove the plate heat exchanger. (Refer to Procedure 8.)
 - (2) Remove the band. (Photo 9)
 - (3) Remove the welded part of the pressure sensor. Be sure not to burn the pipe cover. (Photo 9)
- Note: The temperature of the pressure sensor must be 212°F [100°C] or below when welding.

Photo 9



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

10. How to remove the magnetic filter

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Loosen the clamp attached to the bottom of the control box and remove the wiring from clamp. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (3) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- (4) Remove the 2 screws on the magnetic filter stay. (Photo 10-1)
- (5) Detach the 2 different diameter quick connection. (Photo 10-1)
 - When reinstalling the quick connection, use new O-ring.
 - Refer to Procedure 16 for how to attach and detach the quick connection.
- (6) Remove the magnetic filter stay by removing the 2 screws. (Photo 10-2)
 - Reuse the removed L joint, the magnetic filter stay and the magnetic filter stay fixing screws.

<Removal of the filter cover (debris recovery)>

- (3) Remove the fastener. (Photo 10-1)
 - Be sure to reattach the mesh after washing. (Photo 10-3)
 - When reinstalling the cover, use a new packing.

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 10-1

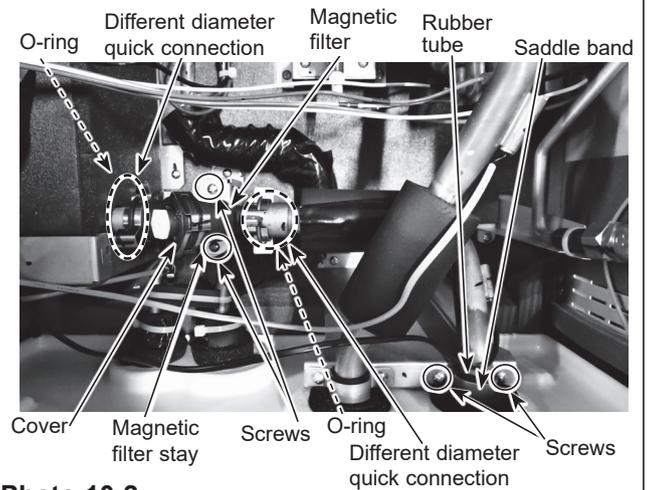


Photo 10-2

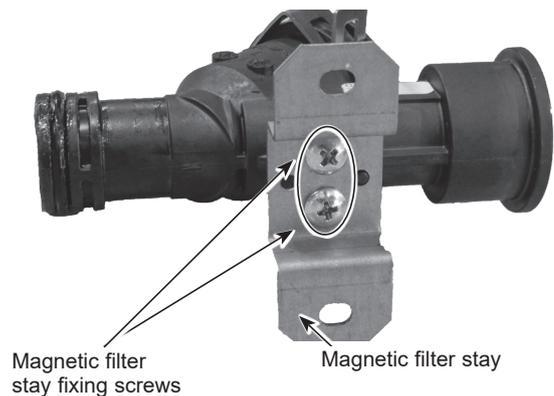
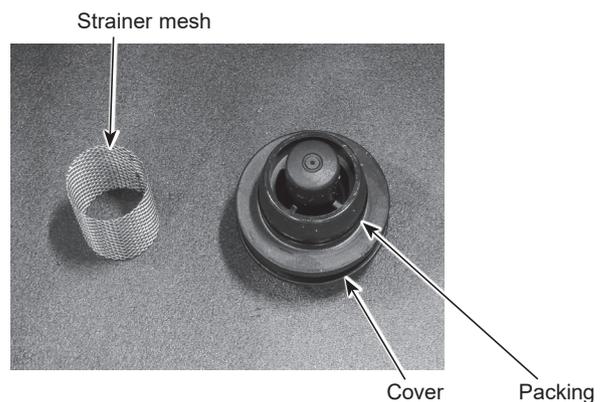


Photo 10-3



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

11. How to remove the manometer/ pressure relief valve/ air vent (automatic)

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)

<Manometer>

- (3) Remove the screw on the manometer cover. (Photo 11-1)
- (4) Hold the sides of the manometer cover, disengage the 2 claws, and remove the manometer with cover. (Photo 11-1)
- (5) Remove the G1/4" nut and feed the capillary tube throughout the hydrobox.
 - When reinstalling the G1/4" nut, use a new G1/4" gasket. (Photos 11-2 and 11-4)
- (6) Remove the manometer from the manometer cover while pressing on the claws. (Photo 11-3)
 - When reinstalling the manometer assembly on the hydrobox beware not to put strain on the root of the capillary tube as the capillary tube is easy to break at the root.

<Pressure relief valve 43.5 psi (3 bar)>

- (3) Remove the field piping from the pressure relief valve.
- (4) Remove the manometer by removing the G1/4" nut.
 - When reinstalling the G1/4" nut, use a new G1/4" gasket. (Photo 11-2)
- (5) Remove the pressure relief valve with a flare joint using 2 spanners: one to hold the flare joint and the other to turn the flare nut. (Photo 11-2)
- (6) Remove the flare joint from the pressure relief valve using 2 spanners: one to hold the flare joint and the other to turn the pressure relief valve. (Photo 11-5)
- (7) The NPT joint is attached to the discharge side of the pressure relief valve. Reuse the NPT joint or use a new NPT joint.
- (8) Eliminate loctite on the thread surfaces using remover. (Photo 11-5)
 - Before reinstallation, apply loctite over the thread surface on the pressure relief valve and NPT joint.
 - For more details about the loctite and the remover, refer to "Notes on replacing the parts".
 - Suitable drain pipe work should be attached to pressure relief valve 43.5 psi (3 bar).
 - Make sure to carry out check (turn the cap) on pressure relief valve 43.5 psi (3 bar).

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 11-1

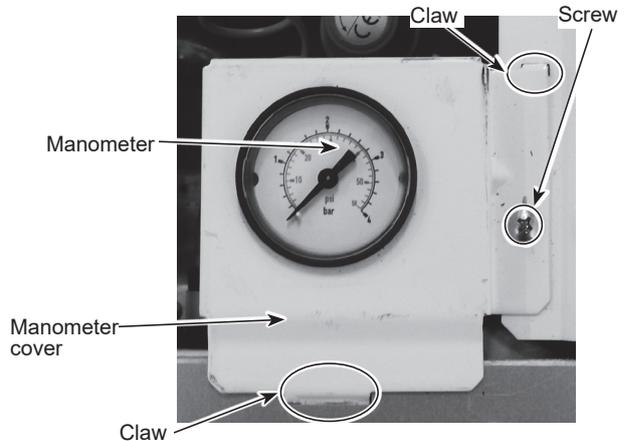


Photo 11-2

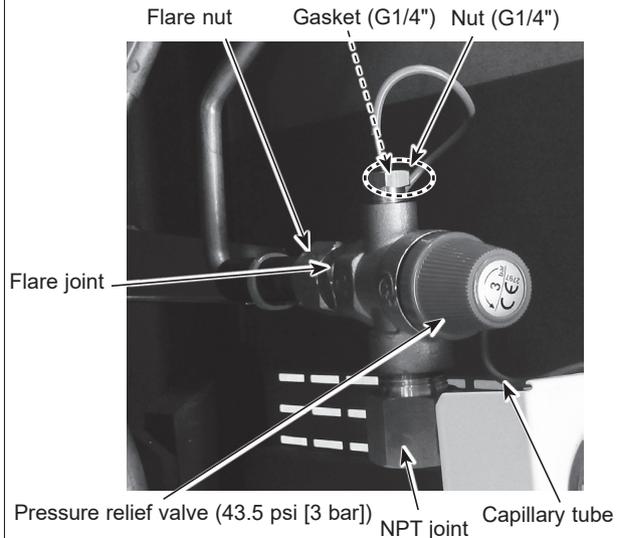


Photo 11-3

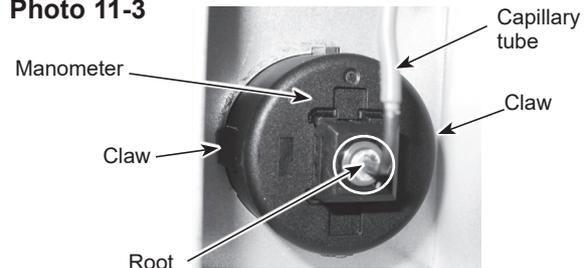
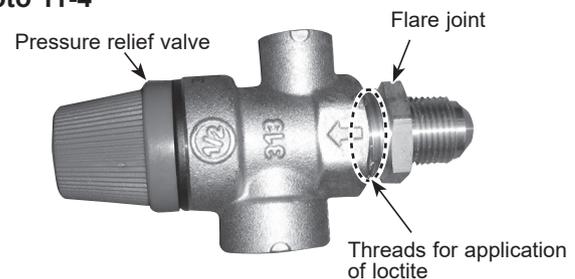


Photo 11-4



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

11. How to remove the manometer/ pressure relief valve/ air vent (automatic) (Continued)

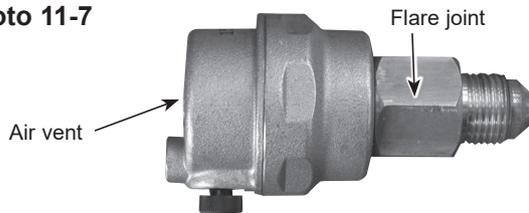
<Pressure relief valve 72.5 psi (5 bar)>

- (3) Remove the right side panel.
- (4) Remove the band at the base of the pressure relief valve (5 bar).
- (5) Remove the pressure relief valve with a flare joint using 2 spanners: one to hold the flare joint and the other to turn the flare nut. (Photo 11-6)
- (6) Remove the flare joint from the pressure relief valve using 2 spanners: one to hold the flare joint and the other to turn the pressure relief valve. (Photo 11-6)
- (7) Eliminate loctite on the thread surfaces using remover. (Photo 11-6)
 - Before reinstallation, apply loctite over the thread surface on the pressure relief valve.
 - For more details about the loctite and the remover, refer to "Notes on replacing the parts".
 - The outlet for the pressure relief valve 72.5 psi (5 bar) should be open ended and facing the rear panel.

<Air vent (automatic)>

- (3) Remove the air vent with a flare joint using 2 spanners: one to hold the flare joint and the other to turn the flare nut. (Photo 11-6)
- (4) Remove the flare joint from the air vent using 2 spanners: one to hold the air vent and the other to turn the flare joint. (Photo 11-6)

Photo 11-7



PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 11-5

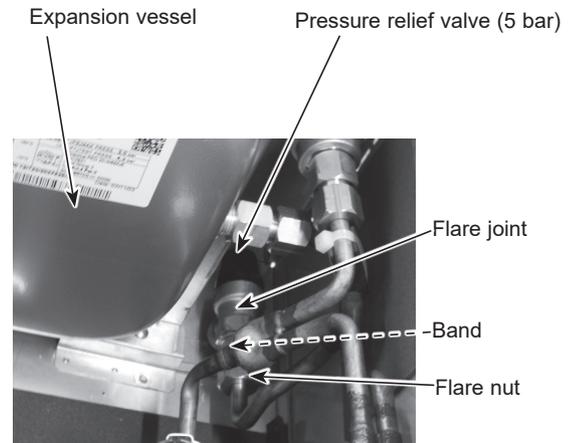
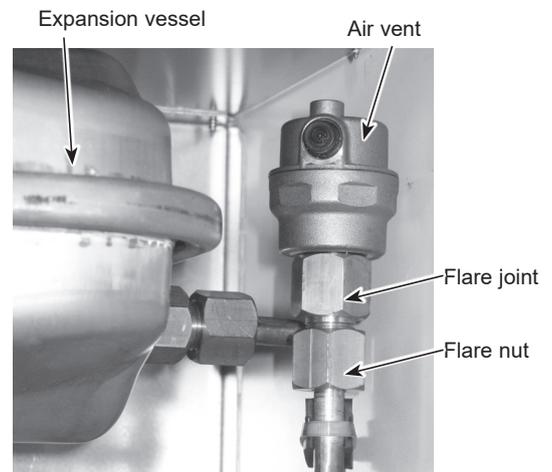


Photo 11-6

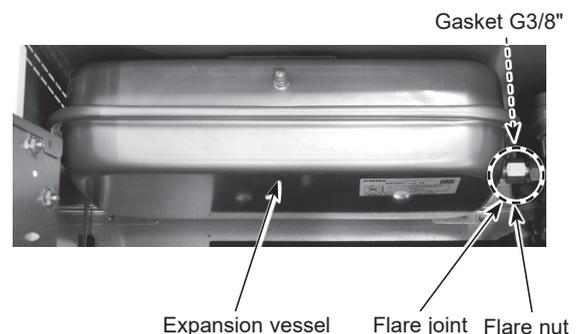


12. How to remove the expansion vessel

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- (3) Remove the flare nut using 2 spanners: one to hold the flare joint and the other to turn the flare nut. (Photo 12)
- (4) Pull out the metal support. (Photo 12)
- (5) Pull out the expansion vessel. (Photo 12)
- (6) Remove the flare joint from the expansion vessel. (Photo 12)
 - When reinstalling the flare joint, use a new G3/8" gasket.

Note: To avoid dropping of the expansion vessel, hold it securely when removing it.

Photo 12



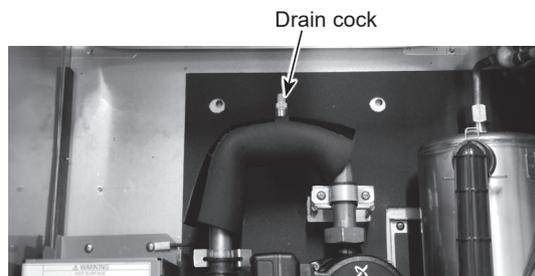
DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

13. How to remove the drain cock/ the air vent (manual) (primary circuit).

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- (3) Remove the drain cock. and the air vent (manual) (primary circuit). (Photo 13)

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 13



14. How to remove the thermistor <liquid refrigerant temp.> (TH2)/ thermistor <flow water temp. & return water temp.> (THW1, THW2)

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Disconnect the CN21 connector and the CNW12 connector on the controller board. (Photo 14-1)
- (3) Release the TH2, THW1 and THW2 lead wires from the cable strap, the fastener and the coated clamp. (Photo 14-1)
- (4) Swing the control box to the front. (Refer to Procedure 4.)
- (5) Remove the thermistors from the thermistor holders. (Photos 14-2 and 14-3)

Photo 14-1

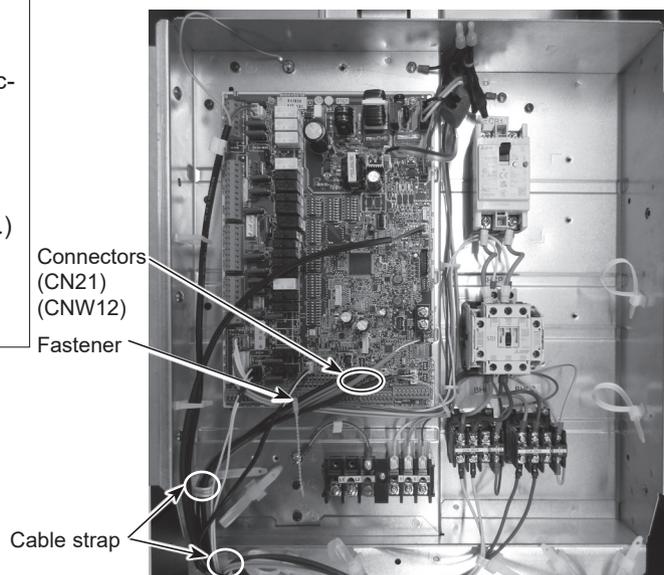
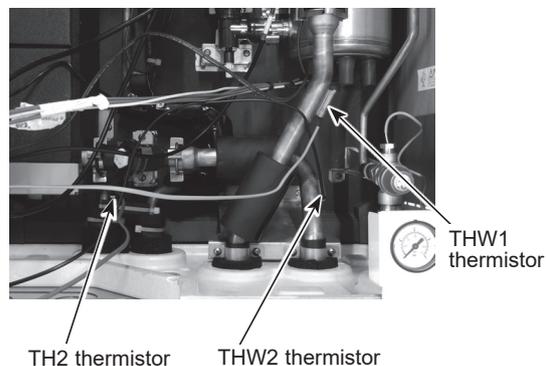


Photo 14-2



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

15. How to remove the drain pan

- (1) Remove the front panel. (Refer to Procedure 1.)
- (2) Disconnect all the field piping.
- (3) Remove the screw on the manometer cover, then hold the sides of the manometer cover, disengage the 2 claws, and remove the manometer with cover. (Photo 15-1)
- (4) Remove the 3 screws each on the side panel (L, R). Then remove the 2 screws on the base assy. (Photo 15-2)
- (5) Remove the 5 screws on the base assy. (Photo 15-3)
- (6) Remove the drain pan from the base assy. (Photo 15-4)

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 15-1

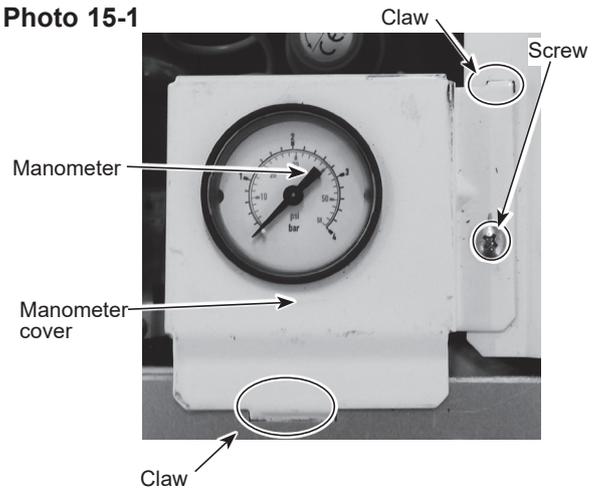


Photo 15-2

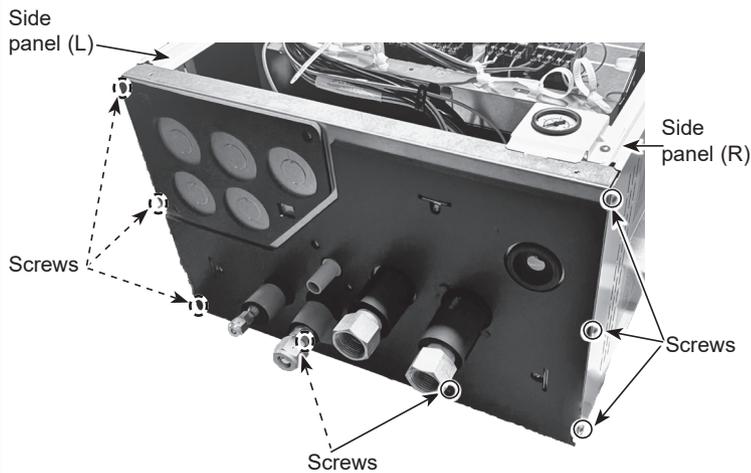


Photo 15-3

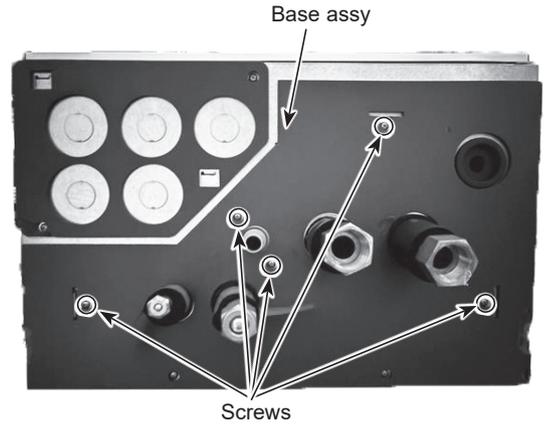
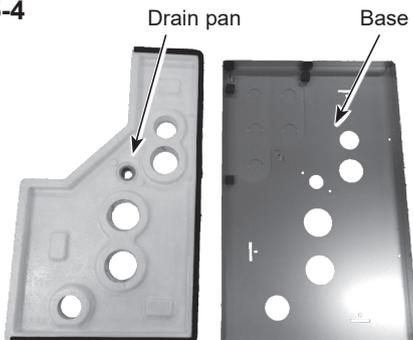


Photo 15-4



DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

16. How to detach and attach the quick joint

Refer to the following steps when detaching and attaching the quick connection.

- (1) Remove the clip. (Photos 16-1 and 16-2)
- (2) Separate the connected parts to remove the O-ring. (Photo 16-3)
 - Do not reuse the removed O-ring.
 - Wipe off if dirt or foreign matters are found on the sealing surface where the O-ring touches.
- (3) Apply grease on the O-ring using a plastic bag, etc. (Photo 16-4)
- (4) Attach the O-ring to the male part of quick connection. (Photo 16-5)
 - Keep the O-ring free from dirt or foreign matters.
- (5) Connect the male and female parts of the quick connection. (Photo 16-6)
- (6) Attach the clip. (Photo 16-7)
 - Ensure to attach the wider diameter of the clip to the female side. Failure to do so, it may cause water leak at the connected part. (Photo 16-8) (For the same diameter quick connection, following this note is not necessary.)

PHOTOS/ FIGURES

Photo 16-1

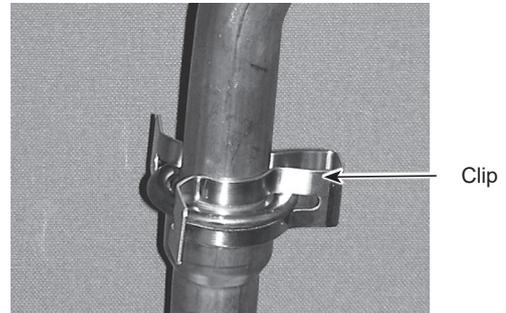


Photo 16-2

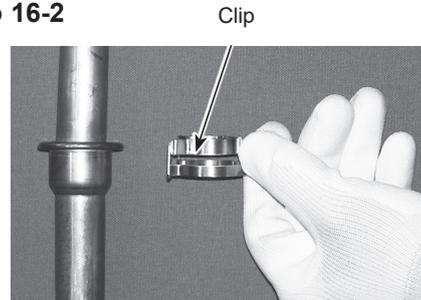


Photo 16-3

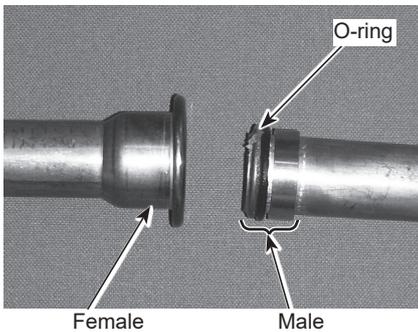


Photo 16-4

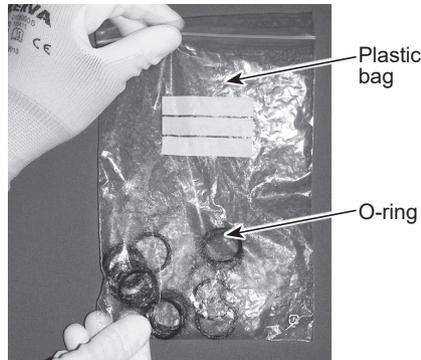


Photo 16-5



Photo 16-6

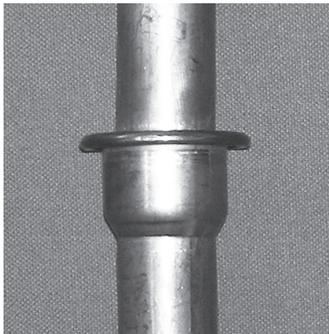


Photo 16-7

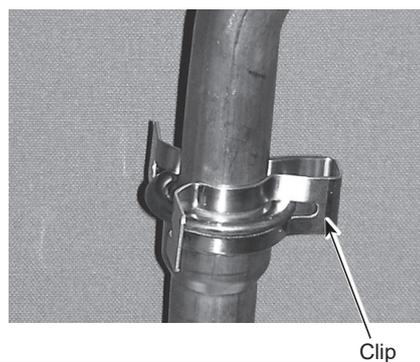
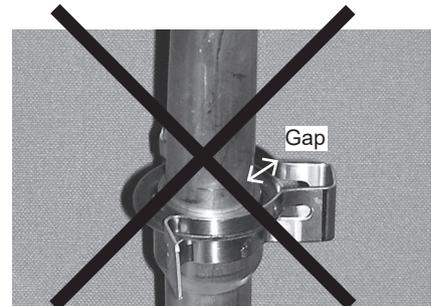


Photo 16-8



Notes on replacing the parts

Replacement of the parts listed below requires the following procedure.

After the parts are removed, eliminate loctite on threads by applying loctite remover, apply new loctite, and then install and tighten the parts to the specified tightening torques below. For details about recommended loctite and loctite remover, refer to Table 11-1, and for details about the replacement parts and their tightening torques, refer to Table 11-2.

Table 11-1

Recommended	Manufacturer	No.	Note
Loctite	Henkel	Loctite 5400	Apply loctite all over from the end of external thread to the second ridge. After installing the parts, fix the parts for at least 30 minutes
Loctite remover	Henkel	Loctite 7200 Gasket Remover	Spray loctite remover over sealant on the threads, let the sealant sit until soft, and then eliminate it with a wire brush.

Note: When using the products above, refer to the appropriate manuals that come with the individual products.

Table 11-2

Part name *1	Recommended tightening torque lb•ft [N•m] *2
Pressure relief valve 43.5 psi (3 bar)	11.1 [15 ± 1]
Pressure relief valve 72.5 psi (5 bar)	11.1 [15 ± 1]

*1 For more details about the listed parts, refer to the parts catalogue.

*2 Undertightening and overtightening the parts affect water seal life. Tighten the parts to the appropriate tightening torques.

When installing the parts that are not listed above, observe the tightening torques in accordance with Table 11-3. Always use a new O-ring or gasket.

Table 11-3

Size [inch]		Recommended tightening torque lb•ft [N•m]
Gasket	G1/4"	5.9 [8 ± 1]
	G3/8"	11.1 [15 ± 1]
	G1"	31.0 [42 ± 2]
O-ring	Air vent (Automatic)	11.1 [15 ± 1]
Attached packing	Drain cock (primary circuit)	0.2 [0.25 ± 0.05]
	Air vent (manual)	0.2 [0.25 ± 0.05]
Flare joint (for water circuit parts)		25.8 [35 ± 2]

After the procedure is complete, ensure that no water leaks.

■ Refrigerant collecting (pumpdown) for split model systems only

Refer to "Refrigerant collection" in the outdoor unit installation manual or service manual.

■ Back-up operation of boiler

Heating operation is backed up by boiler. When connecting boiler devices, prepare in accordance with the figures in "Local systems" in "3. Technical Information".

<Installation & System set up>

1. Set DIP-SW 1-1 to ON "With boiler" and SW2-6 to ON "With Mixing tank".
2. Install the thermistor (Boiler flow water temp. thermistor) (THWB1) on the boiler circuit. Install the thermistors for mixing tank (THW6 and THW7) at the inlet and outlet of the mixing tank.
3. Connect the output wire (OUT10: Boiler operation) to the signal input (room thermostat input) on the boiler. *1
4. Install one of the following room temperature thermostats. *2
 - Room temperature thermostat (local supply)
 - Main remote controller (remote position)

<Main remote controller settings>

1. Go to [Service] menu, then [Heat source setting], and choose [Boiler] or [Hybrid]. *3
2. Go to [Service] menu, and choose [Operation settings], then [Boiler settings] to make detailed settings for [Hybrid settings].

*1 OUT10 has no voltage across it.

*2 Boiler heating is controlled on/off by the room temp. thermostat.

*3 [Hybrid] automatically switches heat sources between heat pump (and electric heater) and boiler.

Note:

- When you want to store 131°F (55°C) or hotter water in the mixing tank, notify that the outdoor unit does not start heating until the water temperature drops to below 131°F (55°C).
- Install a check valve so that the water does not flow back to the indoor unit from the boiler.
- Set the boiler temperature to 158°F (70°C) or lower, otherwise the indoor unit may break down.

13-1. Annual Maintenance

It is essential that the indoor unit is serviced at least once a year by a qualified individual. Any required parts should be purchased from Mitsubishi Electric. NEVER bypass safety devices or operate the unit without them being fully operational. For more details, refer to service handbook.

Notes

- Within the first couple of months of installation, remove and clean the indoor unit's strainer plus any additional filter items that are fitted external to the indoor unit. This is especially important when installing on an old/existing pipe work system.
- The pressure relief valve and T&P valve should be checked annually by turning the knob manually so that the medium is discharged, thus cleaning the seal seat.

In addition to annual servicing it is necessary to replace or inspect some parts after a certain period of system operation. Please see tables below for detailed instructions. Replacement and inspection of parts should always be done by a competent person with relevant training and qualifications.

Parts which require regular replacement

Parts	Replace every	Possible failures
Pressure relief valve (PRV) Manometer	6 years	Water leakage

Parts which require regular inspection

Parts	Check every	Possible failures
Pressure relief valve 43.5 psi (3bar)	1 year (turning the knob manually)	It could seize and risk burst of expansion vessel
Water circulation pump (Primary circuit)	20,000 hrs (3 years)	Water circulation pump failure
Magnetic filter	3 years	Flow rate decrease due to clogging

Parts which must NOT be re-used when servicing

- * O-ring
- * Gasket

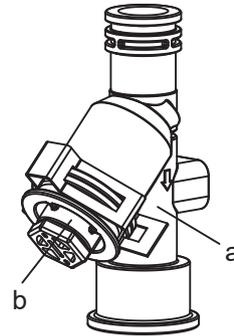
Note:

- Always replace the gasket for pump with a new one at each regular maintenance (every 20,000 hours of use or every 3 years).

<Draining particles from the magnetic filter>

Note: DRAINED WATER MAY BE VERY HOT

1. Turn OFF the unit via the user interface.
2. Turn OFF the circuit breaker.
3. Check if body of the magnet filter is still fitted tight (a).
4. Close the isolating valves.
5. Put a suitable bottle below the magnetic filter.
6. Remove fastener and open the cap of the filter (b).
7. Collect the water and particles in the bottle.
8. Wash the inside mesh and magnet and remove particles from them.
9. Put the inside mesh and magnet back into the filter.
10. Fit the cap with fastener.
11. Open the isolating valves.
12. Check the pressure of the water circuit.



- a. body
- b. cap

13-2. Engineers Forms

Should settings be changed from default, please enter and record new setting in 'Commissioning/Field settings record sheet' below. This will ease resetting in the future should the system use change or the circuit board need to be replaced.

Commissioning/Field settings record sheet

Main remote controller screen			Parameters	Default setting	Field setting	Notes		
DHW	DHW *3	Eco	On/Off	Off				
		Boost	On/Off	—				
		DHW max. temp.	104 to 158°F (40 to 70°C) *4	122°F (50°C)				
		Max. temp. drop	9 to 72°F (5 to 40°C)	18°F (10°C)				
		Max. operation time	30 to 120 min.	60 min.				
		Interval	30 to 120 min.	30 min.				
		Volume	Large / Standard	Standard				
		Schedule	On/Off	Off				
		Always off	On/Off	Off				
		Legionella prevention *3	On/Off	On				
	Hot water temp.	140 to 158°F (60 to 70°C) *4	149°F (65°C)					
	Start time	AM12:00 - PM11:00	AM03:00					
	Duration	1 to 120 min.	30 min.					
	Frequency	1 to 30 days	15 days					
	Max. operation time	1 to 5 h	3 h					
	Heating / Cooling *3	Heating / Cooling	Zone 1 heating room temp.	50 to 87°F (10 to 30°C)	68°F (20°C)			
			Zone 2 heating room temp. *1	50 to 87°F (10 to 30°C)	68°F (20°C)			
Zone 1 heating flow temp.			68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	113°F (45°C)				
Zone 2 heating flow temp. *2			68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	95°F (35°C)				
Zone 1 cooling flow temp.			41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	59°F (15°C)				
Zone 2 cooling flow temp.			41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	68°F (20°C)				
Zone 1 heating weather compensation curve			-16 to +16°F (-9 to +9°C)	+0°F (0°C)				
Zone 2 heating weather compensation curve *2			-16 to +16°F (-9 to +9°C)	+0°F (0°C)				
Zone 1 cooling weather compensation curve			-16 to +16°F (-9 to +9°C)	+0°F (0°C)				
Zone 2 cooling weather compensation curve *2			-16 to +16°F (-9 to +9°C)	+0°F (0°C)				
Schedule			On/Off	Off				
Always off			On/Off	Off				
Heating / Cooling			Heating / Cooling	Heating				
Zone 1 control logic			Heating room temp./ Heating flow temp./ Heating weather compensation curve / Cooling flow temp./ Cooling weather compensation curve	Heating weather compensation curve				
Zone 2 control logic *2			Heating room temp./ Heating flow temp./ Heating weather compensation curve / Cooling flow temp./ Cooling weather compensation curve	Heating weather compensation curve				
Auto change over			On/Off	Off				
Weather compensation curve (Heating)			Hi flow temp. set point	Zone 1 outdoor ambient temp.	-22 to +91°F (-30 to +33°C) *5	5°F (-15°C)		
				Zone 1 flow temp.	68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	122°F (50°C)		
		Zone 2 outdoor ambient temp. *2		-22 to +91°F (-30 to +33°C) *5	5°F (-15°C)			
		Zone 2 flow temp. *2		68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	104°F (40°C)			
		Lo flow temp. set point	Zone 1 outdoor ambient temp.	-18 to +95°F (-28 to +35°C) *6	68°F (20°C)			
			Zone 1 flow temp.	68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	77°F (25°C)			
			Zone 2 outdoor ambient temp. *2	-18 to +95°F (-28 to +35°C) *6	68°F (20°C)			
			Zone 2 flow temp. *2	68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	77°F (25°C)			
		Adjust	Zone 1 outdoor ambient temp.	-20 to +93°F (-29 to +34°C) *7	—			
			Zone 1 flow temp.	68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	—			
			Zone 2 outdoor ambient temp. *2	-20 to +93°F (-29 to +34°C) *7	—			
			Zone 2 flow temp. *2	68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	—			
Weather compensation curve (Cooling)		Hi flow temp. set point	Zone 1 outdoor ambient temp.	50 to 115°F (10 to 46°C)	95°F (35°C)			
			Zone 1 flow temp.	41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	59°F (15°C)			
			Zone 2 outdoor ambient temp. *2	50 to 115°F (10 to 46°C)	95°F (35°C)			
			Zone 2 flow temp. *2	41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	68°F (20°C)			
		Lo flow temp. set point	Zone 1 outdoor ambient temp.	50 to 115°F (10 to 46°C)	77°F (25°C)			
			Zone 1 flow temp.	41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	77°F (25°C)			
			Zone 2 outdoor ambient temp. *2	50 to 115°F (10 to 46°C)	77°F (25°C)			
			Zone 2 flow temp. *2	41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	77°F (25°C)			
Menu		Energy	Energy monitor	Consumed electrical energy/Delivered energy	—			
			Vacation	Schedule	On/Off/Set time	—		
		Setting	Language	EN/CZ/DA/DE/ET/ES/FR/HR/IT/LV/LT/HU/NL/NO/PL/PT/RO/SK/SI/FI/SV/TR/EL/BG		EN		
				Room sensors	Zone sensor selection *2	Zone 1/Zone 2	Zone 1	
				Zone 1 program	TH1/Main RC/"Time/Zone"	TH1		
			Display	Touch screen	Zone 2 program *2	TH1/Main RC/"Time/Zone"	TH1	
	Temp. (°C) → (°F)				On/Off	Off		
	Clean screen			On/Off	Off			
	Calibrate screen			On/Off	Off			
	Brightness			Low / Mid / Hi	Mid			
Backlight time	5sec./10sec./20sec./30sec./60sec./Always on	30sec.						

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Commissioning/Field settings record sheet

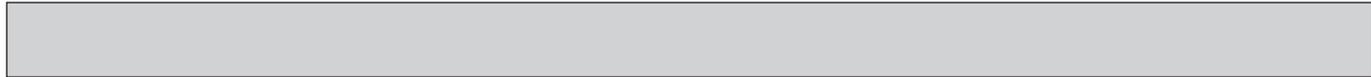
Main remote controller screen			Parameters		Default setting	Field setting	Notes		
Menu	Service	Thermistor adjustment	THW1	-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)			
			THW2	-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)			
THW5B			-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)				
THW6			-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)				
THW7			-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)				
THW8			-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)				
THW9			-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)				
THW10			-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)				
THWB1			-18 to +18°F (-10 to +10°C)		+0°F (0°C)				
			Auxiliary settings	Economy settings for pump.	On/Off *8		On		
	Delay (3 to 60 min.)				10 min.				
	Electric heater (heating)				Space heating: On (used)/Off (not used)		On		
	Electric heater (DHW) *3				Electric heater delay timer (5 to 180 min.)		30 min.		
	Mixing valve 1 control				Booster heater	DHW: On (used)/Off (not used)		On	
					Immersion heater	DHW: On (used)/Off (not used)		On	
	Mixing valve 2 control				Electric heater delay timer (15 to 30 min.)		15 min.		
					Running (10 to 240 sec.)		120 sec.		
	Flow sensor *9				Interval (1 to 30 min.)		2 min.		
					Running (10 to 240 sec.)		120 sec.		
	Analog output				Interval (1 to 30 min.)		2 min.		
					Priority (Normal / High)		5 min.	Normal	
	Electric heater schedule *15				Daily schedule (Schedule 1/Schedule 2)		Schedule 1		
					Time schedule 1 (Always/Start-Stop/Never)		Always		
					Time schedule 2 (Always/Start-Stop/Never)		Always		
	Pump speed	DHW	Pump speed (1 to 5)		5				
		Heating / Cooling	Pump speed (1 to 5)		5				
	Heat source setting	Standard / Heater / Boiler / Hybrid *10			Standard				
	Heat pump settings	Heat pump flow rate range	Minimum (0 to 26.4 GPM [0 to 100 L/min])		1.4 GPM				
			Maximum (0 to 26.4 GPM [0 to 100 L/min])		26.4 GPM				
		Quiet mode	Heating	Day (Mon to Sun)		—			
				Quiet level (Normal/ Level1/ Level2/ Level3)		Normal			
			Cooling	Day (Mon to Sun)		—			
				Quiet level (Normal/ Level1/ Level2/ Level3)		Normal			
	Operation settings	Heating operation	Flow temperature range *11	Minimum temp. (68 to 113°F [20 to 45°C])		87°F (30°C)			
				Maximum temp. (95 to 158°F [35 to 70°C])		122°F (50°C)			
		Room temperature control *11	Heat pump thermo diff.	Mode (Auto/Quick/Normal/Slow)		Auto			
				Interval (10 to 60 min.) *12		10 min.			
		Freeze stat function *13		On/Off *8		On			
		Simultaneous operation (DHW/ Heating)		Ambient temp. (-22 to 50°F [-30 to 10°C]) *5		5°F (-15°C)			
		Cold weather function		On/Off *8		Off			
		Boiler settings		Ambient temp. (-22 to 14°F [-30 to -10°C]) *5		5°F (-15°C)			
				Hybrid settings		Outdoor ambient temp. (-22 to 50°F [-30 to 10°C]) *5		5°F (-15°C)	
		Intelligent settings		Priority mode (Ambient/Cost/CO ₂)		Ambient			
	Outdoor ambient temp. rise (+2 to +9°F [+1 to +5°C])			+5°F (+3°C)					
	Energy price *14			Electricity (0.001 to 999 */kWh)		0.5 */kWh			
				Boiler (0.001 to 999 */kWh)		0.5 */kWh			
	CO ₂ emission			Electricity (0.001 to 999 lb•CO ₂ /kWh (0.001 to 454 kg•CO ₂ /kWh))		1.10 lb•CO ₂ /kWh (0.5 kg•CO ₂ /kWh)			
				Boiler (0.001 to 999 lb•CO ₂ /kWh (0.001 to 454 kg•CO ₂ /kWh))		0.5 kg -CO ₂ /kWh			
	Heat source	Heat pump capacity (4.0 to 68.0 (1 to 19.9 kW))		38.2 kBtu/h					
		Boiler efficiency (25 to 150%)		80%					
		Booster heater 1 capacity (0 to 30 kW)		2 kW					
		Booster heater 2 capacity (0 to 30 kW)		4 kW					

(Continued to next page.)

Commissioning/Field settings record sheet (continued from the previous page)

Main remote controller screen			Parameters		Default setting	Field setting	Notes		
Menu	Service	Operation settings	Smart grid ready (Europe only)	DHW	On/Off	Off			
					Target temp. (+2 to +54°F [+1 to +30°C]) / -- (Non active)	--			
				Heating	On/Off	Off			
					Target temp.	Switch-on recommendation (68 to 158°F [20 to 70°C])	122°F (50°C)		
						Switch-on command (68 to 158°F [20 to 70°C])	131°F (55°C)		
				Cooling	On/Off	Off			
					Target temp.	Switch-on recommendation (41 to 77°F [5 to 25°C])	59°F (15°C)		
						Switch-on command (41 to 77°F [5 to 25°C])	50°F (10°C)		
				Pump cycles	Heating (On/Off)	On			
					Cooling (On/Off)	On			
			Interval (10 to 120 min.)		10 min.				
			Floor dry up	On/Off *8	Off				
				Target temperature	Start & End (68 to 158°F [20 to 70°C])	87°F (30°C)			
					Max temperature (68 to 158°F [20 to 70°C])	113°F (45°C)			
					Max temperature period (1 to 20 days)	5 days			
				Flow temperature increase	Temperature increase step (+2 to +54°F [+1 to +30°C])	+9°F (+5°C)			
					Increase interval (1 to 7 days)	2 days			
				Flow temperature decrease	Temperature decrease step (-54 to -2°F [-30 to -1°C])	-9°F (-5°C)			
					Decrease interval (1 to 7 days)	2 days			
				Summer mode	On/Off	Off			
					Ambient temperature	Heating on (39 to 67°F [4 to 19°C])	50°F (10°C)		
			Heating off (41 to 68°F [5 to 20°C])			59°F (15°C)			
			Judgment time		Heating on (1 to 48 h)	6 h			
					Heating off (1 to 48 h)	6 h			
			Forced heating On (-22 to 50°F [-30 to 10°C])	41°F (5°C)					
			Auto change over	On/Off	Off				
				Ambient temperature	Heat→Cool (50 to 104°F [10 to 40°C])	83°F (28°C)			
					Cool→Heat (41 to 68°F [5 to 20°C])	59°F (15°C)			
				Judgment time	Heat→Cool (1 to 48 h)	6 h			
			Cool→Heat (1 to 48 h)		6 h				
			Water flow control	On/Off	Off				
				Water temperature difference *16	Heating (+6 to +40°F [+3 to +20°C])	+10°F (+5°C)			
					Cooling (+6 to +20°F [+3 to +10°C])	+10°F (+5°C)			
			Vacation mode	Zone 1 heating room temp.	50 to 86°F (10 to 30°C)	59°F (15°C)			
				Zone 2 heating room temp. *1	50 to 86°F (10 to 30°C)	59°F (15°C)			
				Zone 1 heating flow temp.	68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	95°F (35°C)			
				Zone 2 heating flow temp. *2	68 to 158°F (20 to 70°C)	77°F (25°C)			
				Zone 1 cooling flow temp.	41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	77°F (25°C)			
				Zone 2 cooling flow temp.	41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	77°F (25°C)			
			Zone prohibited	Heating (Zone 1)	Permitted/Prohibited	Permitted			
				Heating (Zone 2)	Permitted/Prohibited	Permitted			
				Cooling (Zone 1)	Permitted/Prohibited	Permitted			
Cooling (Zone 2)	Permitted/Prohibited	Permitted							

(Continued to next page.)



Commissioning/Field settings record sheet (continued from the previous page)

Main remote controller screen				Parameters	Default setting	Field setting	Notes		
Menu	Service	Energy monitor settings	Electric heater capacity	Booster heater 1	0 to 30 kW	2 kW			
				Booster heater 2	0 to 30 kW	4 kW			
				Immersion heater	0 to 30 kW	0 kW			
				Analog output	0 to 30 kW	0 kW			
			Delivered energy adjustment				-50 to +50%	0%	
			Water pump input	Pump 1	0 to 200 W or ***(factory fitted pump)		***		
				Pump 2	0 to 200 W		0 W		
				Pump 3	0 to 200 W		0 W		
				Pump 4	0 to 200 W		72 W		
			Electric energy meter				0.1/1/10/100/1000 pulse/kWh	1000 pulse/kWh	
		Heat meter				0.1/1/10/100/1000 pulse/kWh	1000 pulse/kWh		
		External input settings	Demand control (IN4)			Heat source OFF/Boiler operation	Boiler operation		
			Outdoor thermostat (IN5)			Heater operation/Boiler operation	Boiler operation		
			Cooling limit temp. (IN15)	Zone selection		Zone 1/Zone 2/Zone 1&2	Zone 1		
				Zone 1 lowest temperature		41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	65°F (18°C)		
	Zone 2 lowest temperature			41 to 77°F (5 to 25°C)	65°F (18°C)				
	Thermo on output				Zone 1/Zone 2/Zone 1&2	Zone 1&2			

- *1 The settings related to Zone 2 can be switched only when 2-zone temperature control or 2-zone valve ON/OFF control is active.
- *2 The settings related to Zone 2 can be switched only when 2-zone temperature control is enabled (when DIP SW 2-6 and SW 2-7 are ON).
- *3 Only available if DHW tank is present in system.
- *4 For the model without both booster, it may not reach the set temperature depending on the outside ambient temperature.
- *5 The lower limit is 5°F (-15°C) depending on the connected outdoor unit.
- *6 The lower limit is 9°F (-13°C) depending on the connected outdoor unit.
- *7 The lower limit is 7°F (-14°C) depending on the connected outdoor unit.
- *8 On: the function is active; Off: the function is inactive.
- *9 Do not change the setting since it is set according to the specification of flow sensor attached to the indoor unit.
- *10 When DIP SW1-1 is set to OFF "WITHOUT Boiler" or SW2-6 is set to OFF "WITHOUT Mixing tank", neither Boiler nor Hybrid can be selected.
- *11 Valid only when operating in Heating room temperature.
- *12 When DIP SW5-2 is set to OFF, the function is active.
- *13 If asterisk (**) is chosen freeze stat function is deactivated. (i.e. primary water freeze risk)
- *14 *** of **/kWh" represents currency unit (e.g. €, £, or the like)
- *15 Valid only during heating mode
- *16 To enable this function in the outdoor unit of WUZ-SHWM, switch the [Mode 7] in [Function settings] to "2".
 ([Menu] → [Service] → [Function settings], [Ref. add: 0], [Unit: 1] → [Mode 7], 1-High temperature control (default) / 2-Water temperature difference control)

13-3. Annual Maintenance Log Book

Contractor name		Engineer name	
Site name		Site number	
Hydrobox maintenance record sheet			
Warranty number		Model number	
		Serial number	
No.	Mechanical	Frequency	Notes
1	Isolate and drain hydrobox, remove mesh from internal strainer clean and replace.		
2	Open the pressure relief valve, check for unrestricted discharge to the tundish and that the valve reseats correctly. Check there are no blockages in the tundish and associated pipe work.		
3	Drop the primary/heating system pressure to zero check and if necessary top up the expansion relief vessel 14.5 psi (1 bar). Air valve of expansion vessel is TR-412.		
4	Check and if necessary top up the concentration of anti-freeze/inhibitor (if used in the system).		
5	Top up the primary/heating system using an appropriate filling loop and re-pressurise to 14.5 psi (1 bar).		
6	Heat system and check pressure does not rise above 43.5 psi (3 bar) and no water is released from the safety valves.		
7	Release any air from the system.		
Refrigerant models only		Frequency	Notes
1	Refer to outdoor unit manual.		
Electrical		Frequency	Notes
1	Check condition of cables.		
2	Check rating and fuse fitted on the electricity supply.		
Controller		Frequency	Notes
1	Check field settings against factory recommendations.		
2	Check battery power of wireless thermostat and replace if necessary.		
Outdoor heat pump unit maintenance record sheet			
Model number		Serial number	
	Mechanical	Frequency	Notes
1	Inspect grill, heat exchanger fins and air inlet for trapped debris/damage.		
2	Check condensate drain provision.		
3	Check integrity of water pipe work and insulation.		
4	Check all electrical connections.		
5	Check and record the operation voltage.		

All the above checks should be carried out once a year.

Note:

Within the first couple of months of installation, remove and clean the hydrobox's strainer mesh plus any that are fitted external to the hydrobox. This is especially important when installing on an existing system.

In addition to annual servicing it is necessary to replace or inspect some parts after a certain period of system operation. Please see tables below for detailed instructions. Replacement and inspection of parts should always be done by a competent person with relevant training and qualifications.

Parts which require regular replacement

Parts	Replace every	Possible failures
Pressure relief valve (PRV)	6 years	Water leakage
Manometer		

Parts which require regular inspection

Parts	Check every	Possible failures
Pressure relief valve 43.5 psi (3bar)	1 year (turning the knob manually)	It could seize and risk burst of expansion vessel
Water circulation pump (Primary circuit)	20,000 hrs (3 years)	Water circulation pump failure
Magnetic filter	3 years	Flow rate decrease due to clogging

Parts which must NOT be re-used when servicing

- * O-ring
- * Gasket

Note:

- Always replace the gasket for pump with a new one at each regular maintenance (every 20,000 hours of use or every 3 years).

Parts which must NOT be reused when servicing

- * O-ring
- * Gasket

Note:

- Always replace the gasket for pump with a new one at each regular maintenance (every 20,000 hours of use or every 3 years).
- Make sure to carry out annual check (turn the cap) on 3 bar PRV. This is not required for 5 bar PRV.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3, MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN
