

SPLIT-TYPE, HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS



March 2023 No. OCH801

TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL

[Model Name] <Branch box> PAC-MKA33BC

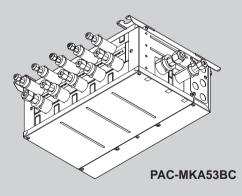
PAC-MKA53BC

[Service Ref.]

PAC-MKA33BC PAC-MKA53BC

Note:

• This service manual describes technical data of branch box. As for indoor units and outdoor unit, refer to its service manual.



BRANCH BOX

CONTENTS1. SAFETY PRECAUTION22. OVERVIEW OF UNIT53. SPECIFICATIONS84. OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS95. WIRING DIAGRAM106. NECESSARY CONDITIONS FOR SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION117. TROUBLESHOOTING158. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE24

PARTS CATALOG (OCB801)

1-1. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

Preparation before the repair service

• Prepare the proper tools.

1

- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the air conditioner, turn off the power-supply breaker.
- Discharge the condenser before the work involving the electric parts.

Use new refrigerant pipes.

Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc., which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Precautions during the repair service

- Do not perform the work involving the electric parts with wet hands.
- Do not pour water into the electric parts.
- Do not touch the refrigerant.
- Do not touch the hot or cold areas in the refrigerating cycle.
- When the repair or the inspection of the circuit needs to be done without turning off the power, exercise great caution not to touch the live parts.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A				
Gauge manifold	Flare tool			
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge			
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor			
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant charging scale			

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

Use the specified refrigerant only.

by failure to follow the instructions.

Never use any refrigerant other than that specified. Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of. Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products. We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused

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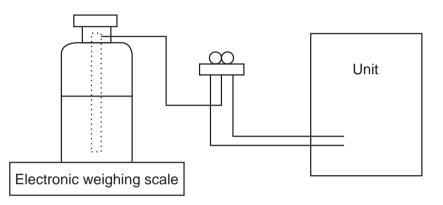
[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) If moisture or foreign matter might have entered the refrigerant piping during service, ensure to remove them.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- (1) Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- (2) Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



[3] Service tools

(1) Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
		· Only for R410A
1	Gauge manifold	 Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		 Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
	Charge hoos	· Only for R410A
2	Charge hose	 Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic weighing scale	
(4)	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	
		· Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)
	Refrigerant cylinder	· Cylinder with syphon
	Refrigerant recovery equipment	

(2) Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R410A is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R410A is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R410A is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

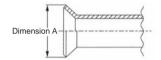
1 Thickness of pipes

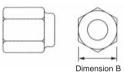
Because the working pressure of R410A is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7 mm or below.)

Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness Nominal Outside Thickness (mm) dimensions (in) R410A diameter (mm) R22 1/4 ø6.35 0.8 0.8 3/8 ø9.52 0.8 0.8 1/2 ø12.70 0.8 0.8 5/8 ø15.88 1.0 1.0 3/4 ø19.05 1.0

2 Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R410A is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R410A has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R410A also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R410A below. For 1/2" and 5/8" inch pipes, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.





Flare cutting dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimension	A (+0 -0.4)(mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	ø6.35	9.1	9.0
3/8	ø9.52	13.2	13.0
1/2	ø12.70	16.6	16.2
5/8	ø15.88	19.7	19.4
3/4	ø19.05	—	23.3

Flare nut dimensions

Nominal	Outside	Dimen	sion B (mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	ø6.35	17.0	17.0
3/8	ø9.52	22.0	22.0
1/2	ø12.70	26.0	24.0
5/8	ø15.88	29.0	27.0
3/4	ø19.05	_	36.0

③ Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

UUIS IUI RATUA (THE IUII	owing lable shows whe		can be used of not.)	
Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Applied oil	Apply to flared section	Ester oil and alkylbenzene oil (minimum amount)	×	Ester oil: O Alkylbenzene oil: minimum amount
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adop- ter for reverse flow check	△ (Usable if equipped with adopter for rever- se flow)	△ (Usable if equipped with adopter for rever- se flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Refrigerant charge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermis-		Tools for other refrigerants	0	0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	—

 \times : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)

riangle : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.

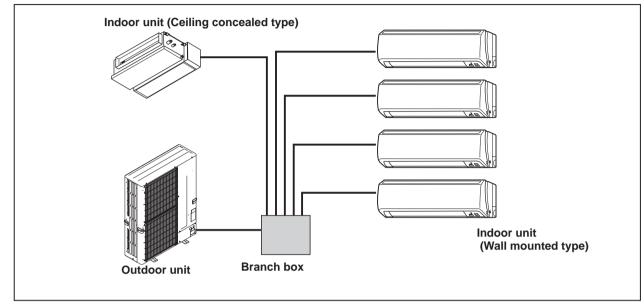
 \bigcirc : Tools for other refrigerants can be used.



2-1. SYSTEM OUTLINE

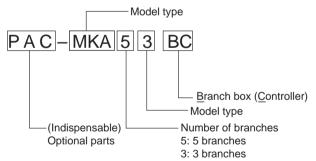
The additional connection of the branch box together with employment of the compact trunk-looking outdoor unit can successfully realize a long distance piping for big houses. Equipped with a microprocessor, the branch box can translate the transmission signal of indoor units to achieve the optimum control.

2-1-1. System example



2-1-2. Method for identifying

Branch box



2-2. INSTALLATION Space required for Installation and servicing for branch box for PAC-MKA53/33BC

(1) Front View (Fig. 2-1)

- $\textcircled{\sc Branch}$ box
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}$ On the side of piping
- (2) Side View (Fig. 2-2, Fig. 2-3, Fig. 2-4)
- © For indoor installations
- D Ceiling board
- **E** Maintenance hole
- F Reactor box (Optional parts)

*1: A minimum 350 mm is required for 90° bends in refrigerant piping.

*2: (A) is "Min 200 mm".

In the case of less than 200 mm (for example (a) is 100 mm), the exchange work of branch box from a maintenance hole becomes difficult (Only exchange work of a PCB, linear expansion valve coils and sensors is possible). To install the optional reactor box, set (a) to Min 270 mm <recommendation>. (Fig. 2-4)

To install the optional reactor box, set (A) to Min 270 mm <re

*3: ⓑ is "□ 600 mm".

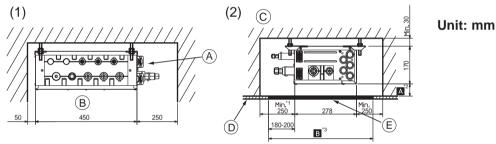
In the case of " \square 450 mm", prepare a maintenance hole at a PCB side (as it is shown in Fig. 2-3, Fig. 2-4), and "Min 300 mm" is needed as distance (A).

In the case of less than 300 mm (for example (1) is 100 mm), the exchange work of Branch box, linear expansion valve coils and sensors from a maintenance hole becomes difficult. Only exchange work of a PCB is possible.

(3) Top View (Fig. 2-5)

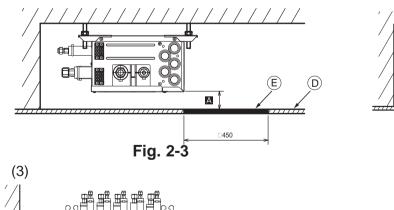
NOTE 1: The branch box is only for indoor use.

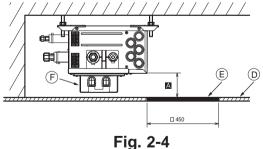
NOTE 2: Please attach the special optional cover to install branch box outdoors.











Min 250

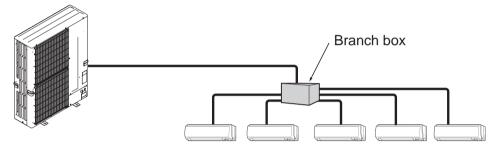
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Fig. 2-5

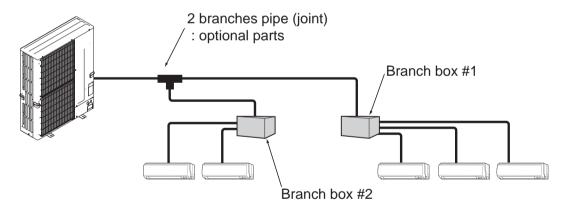
2-3. SIMPLIFIED PIPING SYSTEM

The piping connection size differs according to the type and capacity of outdoor/indoor units. Match the piping connection size of branch box with outdoor/indoor unit. If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size of outdoor/indoor unit, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side. (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

In the case of using 1-branch box Flare connection employed



■ In the case of using 2-branch boxes



Installation procedure (2 branches pipe (joint))

Refer to the installation manuals of MSDD-50AR-E and MSDD-50BR-E.

3 SPECIFICATIONS

Model nam	e			PAC-MKA53BC	PAC-MKA33BC	
Connectable number of indoor units				Maximum 5	Maximum 3	
Power supp	Power supply			Single phase, 208	/230 V, 60 Hz	
Input kW			kW	0.003	3	
Running cu	rrent		А	0.15		
External fin	ish			Galvanized	sheets	
Dimensions Width in (mm)			in (mm)	17-23/32 (450)		
		Depth	in (mm)	11-1/32 (280)		
	Height in (mm)			6-11/16 (170)		
Weight			lb (kg)	16 (7.4) 15 (6.7)		
Piping	Branch (indoor side)*	Liquid	in (mm)	1/4 (ø6.35) × 5 {A,B,C,D,E}	1/4 (ø6.35) × 3 {A,B,C}	
connection		Gas	in (mm)	3/8 (ø9.52) × 4 {A,B,C,D}, 1/2 (ø12.7) × 1 {E}	3/8 (ø9.52) × 3 {A,B,C}	
(Flare)	Main (outdoor side)	Liquid	in (mm)	3/8 (ø9.	52)	
		Gas	in (mm)	5/8 (ø15	.88)	

* The piping connection size differs according to the type and capacity of indoor units. Match the piping connection size for indoor and branch box. If the piping connection size of branch box does not match the piping connection size of indoor units, use optional different-diameter (deformed) joints to the branch box side. (Connect deformed joint directly to the branch box side.)

OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

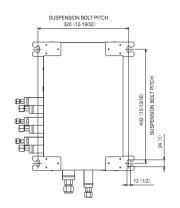
PAC-MKA33BC

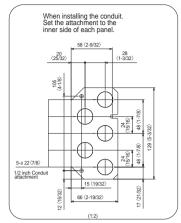
CUERENCION ROLT W2/8/M40

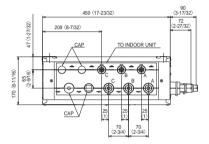
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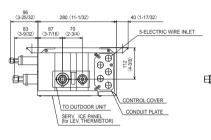
Unit: mm(inch)

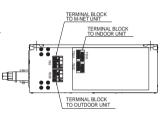
SOOI LINGION	DOLI. I	110/0(11	110)			
REFRIGERANT	PIPE	FLARE	D CON	INECTI	ON	Unit: inch
	A	В	С			TO OUTDOOR UNIT
LIQUID PIPE	1/4F	1/4F	1/4F			3/8F
GAS PIPE	3/8F	3/8F	3/8F			5/8F





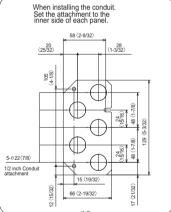


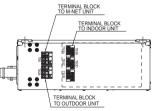




PAC-MKA53BC

		Set the attachment to the inner side of each panel.
SUSPENSION BOLT: W3/8(M10) REFRIGERANT PIPE FLARED CONNECTION Unit: inch A B C D E TO OUTDOOR UNIT LIQUID PIPE 1/4F 1/4F 1/4F 1/4F 1/4F 3/8F GAS PIPE 3/8F 3/8F 3/8F 3/8F 1/2F 5/8F	SUSPENSION BOLT PITCH 320 (12-19/32)	5-022(78) 1/2 inch Conduit attachment 1/2 inch Conduit (12) (12)
(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3-25/32) 280 (11-1/32) 40 (1-17/32) 5-ELECTRIC WIRE INLET 5-ELECTRIC WIRE INLET 5-ELECTRIC WIRE INLET 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TERMINAL BLOCK TO M-NET UNIT TO M-NET UNIT TO MOCOR UNIT





WIRING DIAGRAM

[LEGEND]

5

SYME	30L	NAME
B.C.		Branch box controller board
F1		Fuse <ul 250v="" 6.3a="" ac="">
F2~F4	4	Fuse <ul 10a="" 250v="" ac=""> *1
SW1		Switch for indoor unit connection *2
SW4		Switch for function selection
SW5		Switch for function selection
CNM LED1,2		Connector <connection for="" service=""></connection>
		Light emitting diode *3
TB3A	~E	Terminal block <to indoor="" unit-a~e=""> *4</to>
SW11		Address Setting 1s digit
SW12	2	Address Setting 10s digit
LEV-A~E		Linear expansion valve *4
TH-A~E		Thermistor <gas pipe=""> *4</gas>
TB2B		Terminal block <to power="" supply=""></to>
TB5		Terminal block <to transmission=""></to>

*1 F4 for PAC-MKA53BC only

*2 SW1 setting

	0	OFF	ON	
SW1-1		NOT CONNECT		
SW1-2		NOT CONNECT		
SW1-3	INDOOR UNIT-C	NOT CONNECT	CONNECT	
SW1-4		NOT CONNECT		
SW1-5	INDOOR UNIT-E	NOT CONNECT	CONNECT	53BC only
SW1-6	NO USE		/	-

After each indoor unit is connected to the outdoor unit, turn on the switch corresponding to each indoor unit. For example, when the indoor units are connected to INDOOR UNIT-A and C, turn SW1-1 and SW1-3 to on.

*3 LED on Branch box controller board for service

• start-u	• start-up					
Mark	Meaning	Function				
LED 1	Main power supply	Main power supply (208/230V)				
LED 2		Power on → Lamps are lit				
• norma	normal operating					
Mark	Meaning	Function				
LED 1	Main power supply	Lamp is lit				
LED 2	Total number of indoor units	Blink depend on the total number <example> The total number is 2 ① Blink 2 times. ② Turn off for 3 sec. ③ Repeat ① to②.</example>				

*4 D and E for PAC-MKA53BC only

<Combination of indoor units>

Enter the location of combined indoor units with model name in each blank below because it is necessary for service and maintenance.

<Note>

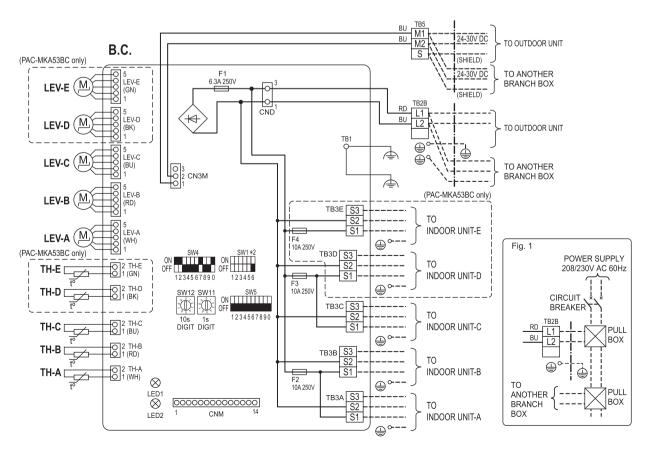
- When servicing for outdoor unit, always follow the wiring diagram of outdoor unit.
- 2. Caution for electrical work.
 Use copper supply wires.
 (Itiliaer dea file d'alimentation and
- (Utiliser des fils d'alimentation en cuivre.) 3. When work to supply power
- separately to Branch box and outdoor units are applied, refer to Fig. 1.
- 4. For the connection method, please refer to the Branch box Installation Manual.

<Symbols used in wiring diagram>

□ : Terminal block, ⊙⊙ : Connector □ : Dip switch (■(black square) indicates a switch position)

Address switch settings of SW11 and SW12 (Set them before turning on the power.) The address of the Branch box is set with the combination of the 10s and 1s digits. The addresses of the indoor units A to E are assigned by the address switches of each controller board (SW11 and SW12) and the dip switches (SW1-1 to 1-5). For setting methods, refer to both the Installation Manuals of the outdoor unit and the Branch box.

Indoor unit-A	Indoor unit-B	Indoor unit-C	Indoor unit-D	Indoor unit-E



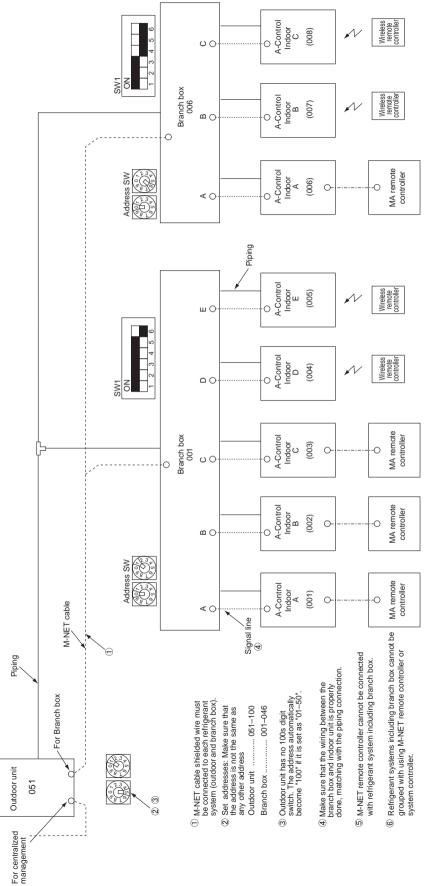
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6

NECESSARY CONDITIONS FOR SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION

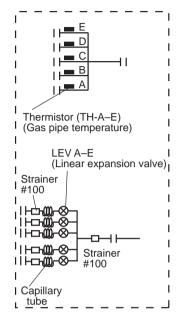
6-1. TRANSMISSION SYSTEM SETUP

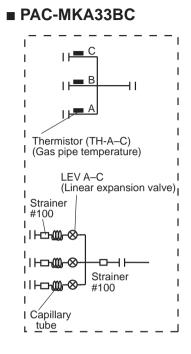


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6-2. REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

■ PAC-MKA53BC

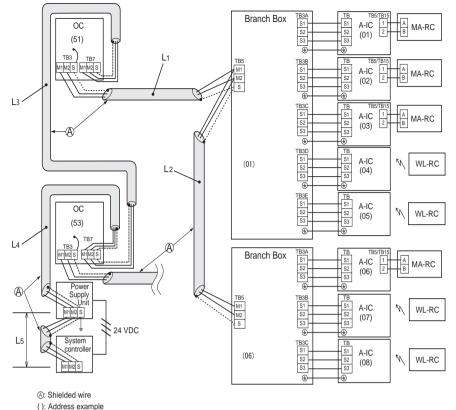




U	nit:	mn
~		

		Capillary tube behind LEV (in cooling mode)
	PAC-MKA53BC	(ø0.157 × ø0.117 × L(5-1/8)) × 5 (ø4 × ø3.0 × L130) × 5
Branch box	PAC-MKA33BC	(ø0.157 × ø0.117 × L(5-1/8)) × 3 (ø4 × ø3.0 × L130) × 3

6-3. TYPICAL CONTROL SYSTEM



OC: Outdoor unit A-IC: A-control indoor unit MA-RC: MA Remote controller WL-RC: Wireless Remote controller

IMPORTANT:

Make sure that the current leakage breaker is one compatible with higher harmonics. Always use a current leakage breaker that is compatible with higher harmonics as this unit is equipped with an inverter. The use of an inadequate breaker can cause the incorrect operation of inverter.

Longest length via outdoor units: L1 + L2 + L3 + L4 + L5 \leq 500 m (1640 ft) (1.25 mm² [AWG 16] or more) Longest transmission cable length L1 + L2, L3 + L4, L5 \leq 200 m (656 ft) (1.25 mm² [AWG 16] or more)

Note: M-NET remote controller cannot be connected with a refrigerant system which includes branch box.

(1) Difference between display and operation

- ① When operating the system using the system controller, details of those operations will not appear on the display of the wireless remote controller.
- ② The set temperature range is different in the wireless remote controller that comes with room air conditioner and the system controller. The room air conditioner has a wider range. If the target temperature is set to below 63°F [17°C] or less, or 86°F [30°C] or more by the wireless remote controller that comes with room air conditioner, the temperature displayed on the system controller may be converted to their maximum/minimum set temperature. For instance, when HEAT operation at 61°F [16°C] is set at the room air conditioner, the system controller may display 63°F [17°C].
- ③ When DRY mode is set with the wireless remote controller, the room air conditioner automatically set the optimum target temperature. The system controller will display the target temperature as a set temperature.
- ④ When DRY mode is set with the system controller, the room air conditioner performs DRY mode control operation according to the temperature set with the system controller.

(2) Timer operation

- ① Timer operation should be set using only 1 controller from the remote controller that comes with the room air conditioner, the system controller or the MA remote controller. If more than 1 controller is used to set the timer at the same time, the timer will not function properly.
- ② When the timer is set with the wireless remote controller; the system controller will not show the timer display.
- ③ The timer set with the system controller will not be cancelled with the wireless remote controller.

(3) Manual operation prohibition

① When the manual operation (ON/OFF, set temperature, or operation mode) is prohibited with the system controller, the command to perform the prohibited operation will not be accepted from the wireless remote controller that comes with the room air conditioner. The operation partially enabled by the system controller can be operated with the wireless remote controller. Regardless of whether the operation is disabled or enabled, 3 short beeps will sound when the signal is sent from the wireless remote controller.

(4) Trouble

 If the MA remote controller or the system controller shows the abnormal indication, clear it by stopping the operation with one of the following: the MA remote controller, the system controller, or the wireless remote controller.
 (Abnormal indication of the air conditioner could be recovered automatically, but that of the MA remote controller or the system controller cannot be recovered unless the operation is stopped.)

(5) Group setting

1 MA group or M-NET group setting cannot be set.

(6) Restricted functions

The following functions of system controller cannot be used.

- DIDO controller (Interlock with the air conditioner)
- Fan control of energy saving control or peak cut control function
- Air conditioning charge [TG-2000A]
- Set temperature range limiting function
- Operation mode changeover limit (season changing) [PAC-SF44SRA]
- Dual set point function
- Setback mode
- Hold function
- MAC-333IF-E

7

TROUBLESHOOTING

7-1. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS

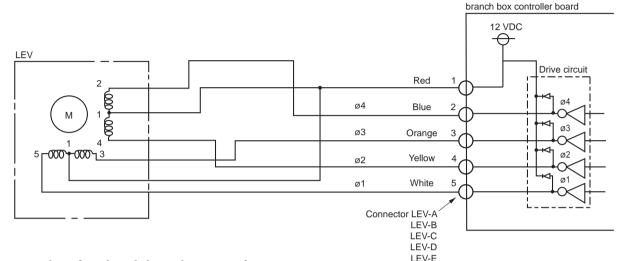
isconnect the connector then measure th At the ambient temperature 50 to 86°F [10 hermistor R0=15kΩ ± 3% ixed number of B=3480 ± 2% t=15exp { 3480 $(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273})$ } 50F° [10°C]9.7 kΩ 59F° [15°C]7.9 kΩ 68F° [20°C]6.4 kΩ 77F° [25°C]5.3 kΩ 86F° [30°C]4.4 kΩ) to 30°C]) 12 10 9 9 9 9 9 0 8	< T 2					pera	ture >	
	· •								
	_								
	(0 10 50	15	9	20 68 mperat	ture	25 77	3	 30°C 36°F
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Nor	mal						Abno	ormal	
		ow I	Re	d - Bli	Je				
						0	pen c	or shor	t
	Vinding temperature 68F° [20°C]) Nori Red - White Red - Orange	isconnect the connector then measure the resistance w Vinding temperature 68F° [20°C])	isconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a m Vinding temperature 68F° [20°C]) Normal Red - White Red - Orange Red - Yellow	isconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a multime Vinding temperature 68F° [20°C])	2 0 10 15 50 59 Tel isconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a multimeter. Vinding temperature 68F° [20°C]) Normal Red - White Red - Orange Red - Yellow Red - Blue	2 3 3	2 3 3	2 5 5 9 68 77 7 Temperature 3 7 <	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3

Linear expansion valve (LEV) in Branch box

(1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

- Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the branch box controller board.
- Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.

<Connection between the branch box controller board and the linear expansion valve>



<Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output (Phase)	Output								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	
ø2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
ø3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	
ø4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	

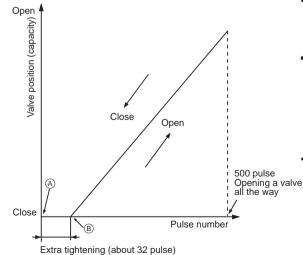
(2) Linear expansion valve operation

The output pulse shifts in the following order. Opening a valve: $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a valve: $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$

- When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phases become OFF.
- When the power is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to (a) point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)
- When the valve moves smoothly, there is no sound or vibration occurring from the linear expansion valve: however, when the pulse number moves from (a) to (a) or when the valve is locked, sound can be heard.

No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from () to () in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.

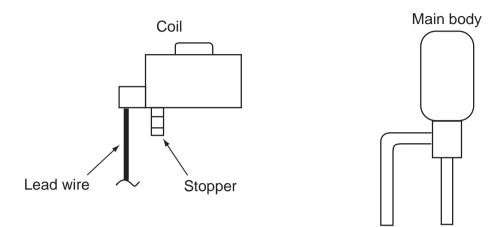
• Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.



(3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.



<How to detach the coil>

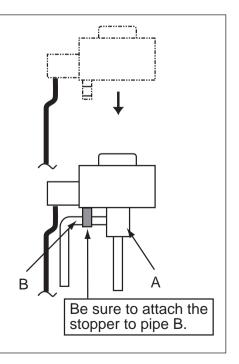
Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to stress.

<How to attach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to pipe B. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wound by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to pipe B, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.

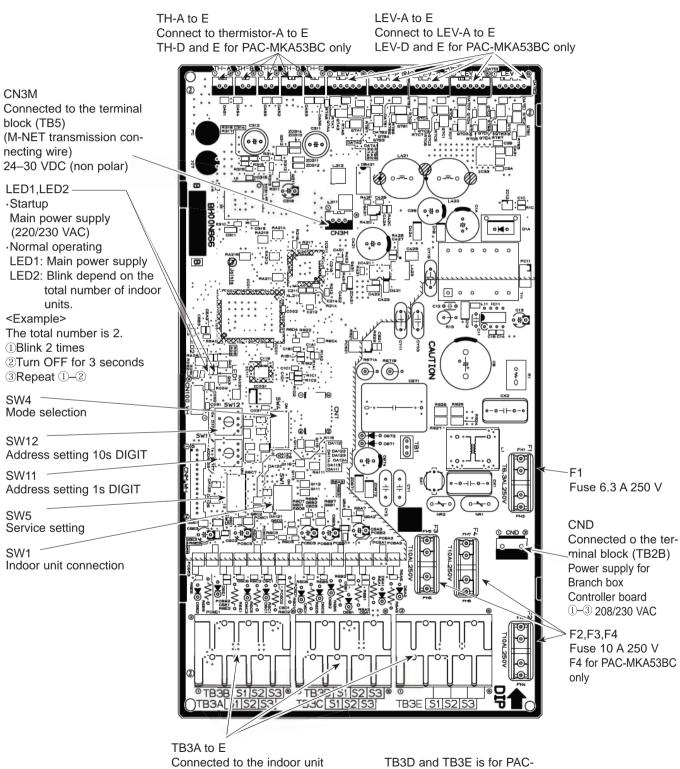


Troubleshooting

Problem	Checkpoint	Corrective measure
Locked expansion valve	If the linear expansion valve becomes locked and the motor is still operating, the motor will emit a clicking noise and will not function. This clicking noise indicates an abnormality.	Replace the linear expansion valve.
Short circuit or broken circuit in expansion valve motor coil	Use an all-purpose electrical meter to measure the resistance between the different coils (red-white, red-orange, red-yellow, red-blue). Normal resistance is within a range of 46 Ω ± 4 Ω /phase (at.20°C).	Replace the linear expansion valve.
Valve does not close completely.	In order to check the linear expansion valve, operate 1 indoor unit in the fan mode and another in the cooling mode. Then, use the outdoor multi controller board to operate the monitor and check the pipe temperature of the indoor unit. The linear expansion valve should be fully closed when the fan is operating. The temperature measured by the temperature sensor will drop if there is any leakage. If the measured temperature is significantly lower than that on the remote controller, this indicates that the valve is not closed. It is not necessary to replace the linear expansion valve if the leak of refrigerant is small and does not cause a malfunction.	Replace the linear expansion valve if there is a major leak of refrigerant.
Incorrect connection or connection failure	 Check improperly connected connector terminals and the wire colors. Remove the connector on the controller board side and check electrical conductance. 	Continuity check of wrong part

7-2. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

Branch box controller board (B.C.)



Connected to the indoor unit S1-S2 (Power supply 208/230 VAC) S3-S2 (Transmission 0–24 VDC) TB3D and TB3E is for PAC-MKA53BC only

7-	3.	INTERNA The b	L SWITCH lack square (I F (■) ii	JN ndi	ICT cate	ION ⁻ s a sw	TA /itcl	BLE h po	E siti	on.
A - 1 - 1	Additional Information	I	After each indoor unit is connected to the outdoor unit, turn ON the switch corresponding to each indoor unit. For example, when the indoor units are connected to INDOOR UNIT-A and C, turn SW1-1 and SW1-3 to ON.			Ι		1	1	Ι	I
	Kemarks	<pre>Initial settings> swn1 swn2 swn1 eego eego eego eego for the state of the set o</pre>	<pre><pre><pre>settings></pre></pre> <pre>ON </pre> <pre>OF </pre> <pre>1 2 3 4 5 6</pre></pre>	Initial settings>	NO	OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0		1		I	<pre>clinitial settings> on of 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0</pre>
Each Switch Setting	When to Set	Before turming the power ON	Before turning the power ON	I	Set at factory only		before turning the power ON	1	Before turning the power ON	I	Can be activated at any time
Operation in Each Sw	OFF	0) at "0", and	ON Connected Connected Connected Connected Connected		208 V	Continued operation	Active	I	Detection		4. BRANCH DPERATION UNCTION".
Opera	NO	W12 (for over 1	OFF Not connected Not connected Not connected Not connected Not connected (0	I	230 V	Stop operation	Inactive	I	No detection		Refer to "7-4. BRANCH BOX UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION".
	Function	How to set addresses Example: if address is "3", remain SW12 (for over 10) at " match SW11 (for 1 to 9) with "3".	SW1 1 Indoor unit A Not 3 Indoor unit B Not 3 SW1 4+1 Indoor unit B Not 5+1 Indoor unit E Not 6 Not used	I	Power-supply voltage setting	Change operation if M-NET communication error occurs.	Automatic restoration when the power comes back ON.*2	1	Detection of branch box pipe thermistors		Change INDOOR UNIT No. for monitoring
č	otep	Rotary switch	- 5 -	-	2	з	4	5–8	თ	0	
1-4:0	SWICH	SW11 1s digit address setting SW12 10s digit address setting	SW1 Indoor unit connection				SW4 Mode selection				SW5 Service setting

*1 Only for 5-branches model: NOT USED for 3-branches model. *2 Note that the automatic restoration starts after the unit has stopped once.

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7-4. BRANCH BOX UNIT OPERATION MONITOR FUNCTION

[When optional part 'A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)' is connected to branch box controller board (CNM)] Digital indicator LED1 displays 2 digit number or code to inform operation condition and the meaning of check code by controlling DIP SW2 on 'A-Control Service Tool'.

<Table1> SW5 setting The black square (•) indicates a switch position.

SW5 setting	Detail
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-B
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-D
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Indoor-E

<Table2> Functions

Operation indicator:

- SW2 Use to set the displayed item
- SW5 Use to set the displayed unit

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
	Common	Status of branch box	During startup	
			$0.5 \text{ s} \qquad 0.5 \text{ s}$ $\square - \rightarrow - \square$ During error detection Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the unit which the check code was detected.	
			Example: If the check code 2520 is detected in the address3, 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2.0 s0.3 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow 20 \rightarrow \square$	_
			During no power supply	ſ
			F8	
			Other	
			Displays the number of units in operation.	
			0 to 5	
	Individual unit	Status of branch box	During startup	
			$0.5 \text{ s} \qquad 0.5 \text{ s}$	
			During error detection	
			Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the selected unit.	
			During no power supply	
			F8	_
			Other	
			Displays an operation mode of the selected unit.	
			0: Stop C: Cool/ Dry H: Heat d: Defrost	

*1 Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON	Common	Not used	—	_
	Individual unit	Actual opening pulse of LEV (Direct-operated conversion value) 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, it displays a hundredth, tens, and unit digit by turns.) Example: When 150 pulse, 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2.0 s1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \square$	Pulse
ON	Common	Not used		_
123456	Individual unit	Error history	Displays a check code, and M-NET address of the unit which the check code was detected. Example: If the check code 2520 is detected in the address3, 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2.0 s0.3 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow 20 \rightarrow \square$	Code display
ON	Common	The number of unit(s) operating in Thermo-ON	0 to 5	Number
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Operating status of unit	 83: Abnormal 00: Stop 06: Forced stop 0C: Defrost 29: Hot adjust mode 05: Standby mode 2A: Auxiliary heater is ON. 0A: Thermo-ON 01: In operation 	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Common	The number of indoor unit(s) connected to this branch box.	0 to 5	Number
	Individual unit	M-NET address	00 to FF Displays an M-NET address of the selected unit.	Code display
ON	Common	Not used	—	—
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Capacity setting in Qj	03 to 50	Code display
ON	Common	Not used	—	—
	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <pipe <br="" temperature="">liquid> (TH2)</pipe>	-38 to 190 [-39 to 88] (When the temperature is 0°F or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -5°F, 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s - □ → □ 5 → □ □ t	°F

*1 Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

The black square (**■**) indicates a switch position.

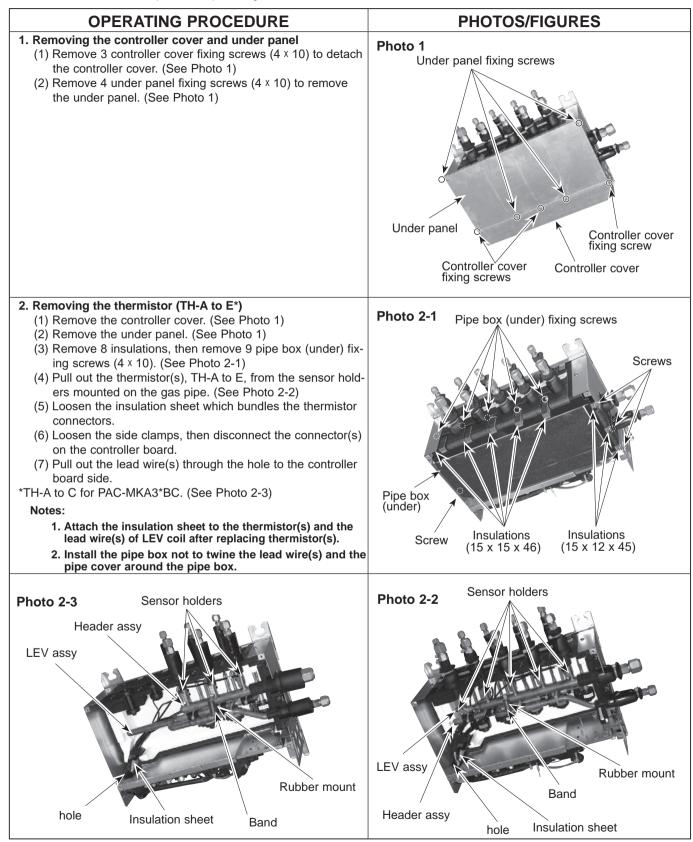
SW2 setting	SW5 setting*1	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON	Common	Not used	_	_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <pipe <br="" temperature="">2-phase> (TH5)</pipe>	-38 to 190 [-39 to 88] (When the temperature is 0°F or less, "" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -5°F, 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s $-\Box \rightarrow \Box 5 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	°F
ON	Common	Not used	_	_
123456	Individual unit	Branch box pipe thermistor (TH-A, B, C, D, E)	-43 to 196 [-42 to 91] (When the temperature is 0°F or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -5°F, 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s - \Box \rightarrow \Box 5 \rightarrow \Box \Box	°F
ON	Common	Not used	_	_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Indoor thermistor <room temperature=""> (TH1)</room>	43 to 102 [8 to 39]	°F
ON	Common	Not used		—
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	Set temperature of indoor unit	61 to 88 [10 to 31]	°F
ON	Common	S/W version	Displays a S/W version number.	
123456	Individual unit		Example: If it is a ver. 12.34, 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2.0 s12 \rightarrow 34 \rightarrow \square$	Code dis- play
ON	Common	Not used		_
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit	LEV opening pulse (gear operated value)	0 to 2000	Pulse
ON	Common	S/W ROM check sum	0000 to FFFF	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Individual unit		Example: If it is 0BC9h, 0.5 s 0.5 s 2.0 s $0b \rightarrow C9 \rightarrow \square$	Code dis- play

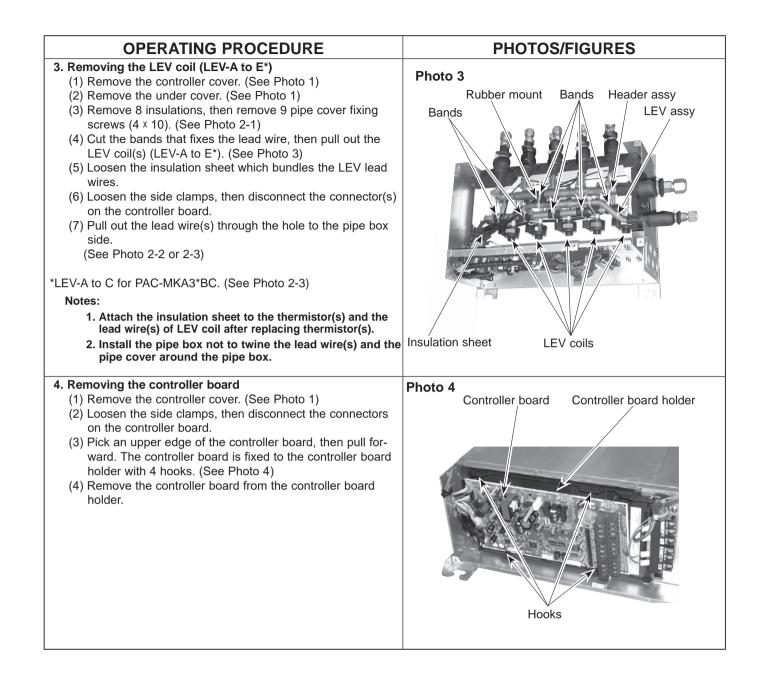
 *1 Refer to the <Table 1> for the appropriate setting for the function.

->: Indicates the visible parts in the photos/figures.

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PHOTO: PAC-MKA53BC





OPERATING PROCEDURE

5. Removing the LEV assy

- (1) Remove the controller cover. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the under panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 8 the insulations, then remove 9 pipe box (under) fixing screws (4 × 10). (See Photo 2-1)
- (4) Loosen the side clamps, then disconnect the LEV and thermistor connectors on the controller board.
- (5) Remove the earth lead wires from the LEV assy.
- (6) Pull out the lead wires through the hole to the pipe box side.

<Removing the header assy>

- (7) Cut the band which fixes the header assy and LEV assy together, then remove the rubber mount. (See Photo 3)
- (8) Remove the header assy. (See Photo 3)

<Disassembling the pipe box>

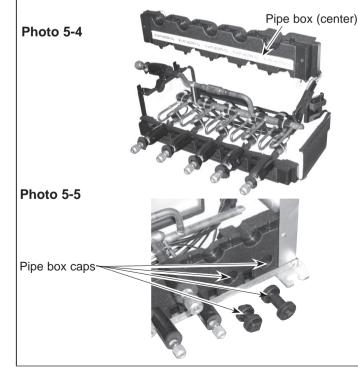
- (9) Remove 2 side panel fixing screws (4 × 10). (See Photo 5-1)
- (10) Pull out the pipe box (top) and separate it from the side panel. (See Photo 5-2)
- (11) Turn the pipe box (top) upside down. (See Photo 5-3).
- (12) Remove 5 insulations, then remove 5 pipe box (top) fixing screws (4 × 10).
- (13) Turn the pipe box (top) upside down again, facing the pipe side up.
- (14) Separate the pipe box (center) from the pipe box (top). (See Photo 5-4.)
- (15) Remove the LEV assy.

<Pipe box cap only for PAC-MKA3*BC>

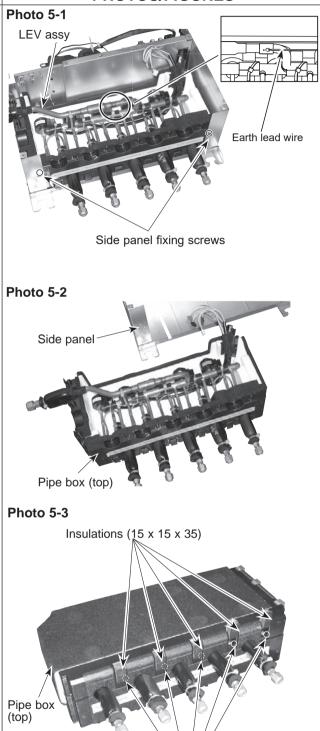
The pipe box caps are placed in 2 unused pipe holes between the pipe box top, center and under. (See Photo 5-5)

Notes:

- 1. Attach the insulation sheet to the thermistor(s) and the lead wire(s) of LEV coil after replacing thermistor(s).
- 2. Install the pipe box not to twine the lead wire(s) and the pipe cover around the pipe box.



PHOTOS/FIGURES



Pipe box (top) fixing screws

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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